TABLE 30. GREEN BANK PROJECT TYPES 36 BY FY CLOSED 37

					4	afor L	CIS DY	a ole	adk I						
ProjectType	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	016 2017 2018 2019 2020 202	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
SE.	288	1,109	2,336	6,244	6,869	3,979	4,740	5,952	6,359		1,492	458	464	807	45,846
13		4	103	135	125	387	1,350	5,062	1,236		1,514	1,947	1,616	988	15,770
RE/EE		+	7	76	233	501	530	959	716		302	9	10	m	3,914
None					1	4	12	4	1	4	1	7	9	4	44
Other					٠	CI	11	12	2	m		S	-	m	40
CR													10	21	31
RE/CR													9	16	22
EE/CR													2	m	5
Total	288	1,114	2,446	2,446 6,455	7,229	7,229 4,873 6,643	6,643	11,686 8,314 6,932 3,309 2,423 2,115 1,845	8,314	6,932	3,309	2,423	2,115	1,845	65,672

TABLE 31. GREEN BANK TOTAL INVESTMENT BY PROJECT TYPE

							Total Investo	Total Investment by Project Type	act Type						
ProjectType	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
RE	\$9,901,511	\$9,901,511 \$109,370,474	\$92,225,846	\$270,333,397	\$265,904,106	\$147,784,574	\$147,784,574 \$166,214,833 \$207,240,401	\$207,240,401	\$232,266,072	2 \$183,404,040	\$63,825,096	\$90,813,520	\$344,351,423	\$192,523,859	\$192,523,859 \$2,376,159,152
E		\$1,059,491	\$8,446,559	\$41,200,641		\$10,900,661	\$25,666,304	\$57,485,946	\$26,898,118	\$51,540,185	\$41,565,646	\$45,606,739	\$41,057,339	\$24,144,518	\$396,477,704
RE/EE		\$711,251	\$6,259,682	\$9,236,981	\$14,698,402	\$21,482,038	\$23,844,015	\$23,842,781	\$26,522,391	\$29,977,431	\$11,256,365	\$486,021	\$66,427,211	\$15,063,665	\$249,808,234
Other					\$18,500,000	\$198,224	\$5,911,232	\$30,928,692	\$206,707	\$3,511,919		\$12,007,220	\$50,275	\$17,317,091	\$88,631,360
RE/CR													\$390,001	\$822,413	\$1,212,414
CR					1	1							\$277,359	\$506,227	\$783,586
None					53.277	\$78,234	\$165,945	\$42,225	\$10.020	\$47.014	\$13,008	\$56,114	\$54,995	\$152,140	\$622,972
EE/CR					-	ø	0						\$63,659	\$37,557	\$101,216
Total	\$9,901,511	\$111,141,216	\$106,932,087	\$320,777,019	\$320,011,343	\$180,443,731	\$221,802,329	\$319,540,045	\$285,903,308	\$268,480,588	\$116,660,115	\$148,969,614	\$452,672,262	\$250,567,470	59,901,511 5111,141,216 5106,932,087 5320,771,019 5320,011,343 5180,443,731 5221,802,329 5319,540,045 \$285,903,308 \$268,480,588 \$116,660,115 5148,969,614 \$452,672,262 \$250,567,470 \$3,113,796,638

³⁶ Project types are Energy Efficiency (EE), Renewable Energy (RE), Climate Resiliency (CR) or a combination of these.
³⁷ Note that projects that are part of the Residential Solar Investment Program have an EE component not reflected in this table.

TABLE 32. GREEN BANK MW BY PROJECT TYPE

2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2020 2021 2021 2022 2023 2024 22.8 60.4 63.6 51.2 59.3 68.5 57.8 18.2 46.7 138.5 0.6 1.8 2.2 3.9 5.2 5.1 5.4 6.5 3.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>×</th> <th>by Pr</th> <th>o)ect</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>							×	by Pr	o)ect							
1.9 23.4 22.8 60.4 63.6 46.1 51.2 59.3 68.5 57.8 18.2 46.7 138.5 6.7 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.3 6.4 6.1 51.2 59.3 68.5 57.8 18.2 46.7 138.5 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.3 6.4 6.3 6.4 6.3 73.8 6.5 6.4 6.7 138.5 6.1 6.4 6.3 73.8 6.5 6.4 6.3 73.9 64.3 73.9 64.3 73.9 64.3 73.9 73.7 66.7 139.1	ProjectType	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2.04	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
0.1 0.6 1.8 2.2 3.9 5.2 5.1 5.4 6.5 3.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	RE	1.9				63.6				68.5	57.8		20	138.5		
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	RE/EE					2.2				5.4	6.5			0.5		
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	RE/CR													0.1		
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	None					0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	E		0.0			0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	CR													0.0		
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	EE/CR													0.0		
1.9 23.5 23.4 62.2 65.8 50.0 56.4 64.3 73.9 64.3 21.2 46.7 139.1	Other					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		
	Total	1.9				65.8	50.0	56.4	64.3	73.9	64.3	21.2	46.7	139.1		

TABLE 33. GREEN BANK LIFETIME SAVINGS OR GENERATION BY TECHNOLOGY

					xpected L	ifetime Sa	vings or	Generation	d (MWh) h	Expected Lifetime Savings or Generation (MWh) by Project Type	lype				
ProjectType		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
RE	55,238	1,471,866	1	1,778,862	1,905,365	1,424,005	1,487,800	1,837,585	2,374,132	1,658,221	,658,221 516,049	380,080	1,728,846	1.084,559	1.084,559 18,620,567
EE		4,862			118,598	88,767	175,563	1,527,884	269.317	223,588	289,118	395.057	281,266	202,431	5,236,298
RE/EE		2,875		53.182	85,347	159,836	203,879	215.466	232.188	280,049	189.557	463	15,328	247	1,456,055
RE/CR						-	P	P					2.040	4.758	
None					0	169	896	0	0	0	0	0	138	773	2,576
EE/CR													334	0	334
CR							9						0	0	0
Other					0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
Total	55,238	1,479,603	1,002,021	3,425,467	2,109,311	1,673,305	1,868,210	3,580,935	2,875,637	2,161,858	994,724	775,600	2,027,951	1,292,768	55,238 1,479,603 1,002,021 3,425,467 2,109,311 1,673,305 1,868,210 3,580,935 2,875,637 2,161,858 994,724 775,600 2,027,951 1,292,768 25,322,627

TABLE 34. GREEN BANK SUMMARY BY PROJECT TYPE

								Expected	Expected Lifetime Savings or Generation (MWh) by Project Type	or Generation Type
by Proj	# Projects by Project Type	Total Inve	Total Investment by Project Type	ject Type	MW by Project Type	Projec	t Type	ProjectType	Expected Lifetime	% of Total
# Projects	% of Total	ProjectType	Total Investment % of Total	% of Total	ProjectType	MW.	% of Total		Generation (MWh)	
45,846	69.81%	RE	\$2,376,159,152	76.31%	RE	9.769	95.28%	RE	18,620,567	73.53%
15,770	24.01%	H	\$396,477,704	12,73%	RE/EE	34.2	4.68%	EE	5,236,298	20.68%
3,914	5.96%	RE/EE	\$249,808,234	8.02%	RE/CR	0.3	0.04%	RE/EE	1,456,055	5.75%
44	0.07%	Other	\$88,631,360	2.85%	None	0.0	%0000	RE/CR	862'9	0.03%
40	9590.0	RE/CR	\$1,212,414	0.04%	EE	0.0	0.00%	None	2,576	
31	0.05%	CR	\$783,586	0.03%	CR	0.0	0.00%	EE/CR	334	%0000
22	0.03%	None	\$622,972	0.02%	EE/CR	0.0	0.00%	CR	0	%00'0
5	0.01%	EE/CR	\$101,216	%00.0	Other	0.0	%0000	Other	0	%0000
65,672	100.00%	Total	\$3,113,796,638	100.00%	Total	732.2	100.00%	Total	25,322,627	100.001

The Green Bank Model

Assets - Current and Non-Current

Connecticut Green Bank's successful shift from a grants and subsidies model to a financing model is evidenced by a net positive change in assets since its inception. The growth of the Green Bank's financing programs has led to a steady increase in non-current assets over time as loans and leases are closed. Non-current assets are held for the long term and help the Green Bank generate revenue. Since 2016, the Green Bank's balance sheet has grown by a factor of 2.3x.

Table 35. Current and Non-Current Assets

					Year Ende	Year Ended June 30,				
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Current Assets			Connected as	130						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 52,246,100 \$	\$ 26,065,152	\$ 41,785,218	\$ 52,277,220	\$ 42,861,047	\$ 8,156,093	\$ 18,947,214	\$ 19,830,102	\$ 37,148,283	\$ 48,072,061
Accounts.	1,325,440	1.816.604	4 252 423	4.210.087	3 892 590	3.250.767	1,774,989	1.017.356	403.727	1.430.622
Program loans	24.076.441	16.919.794	7,236,385	9.547.825	9.038.575	4.396.615	3.756.932	2,138,512	1.910.048	1.378.242
Utility remittance	1,912,845	1.983.528	1.852,328	2.041,786	2.044,619	2.214,775	1,893,965	2,377,065	2,507,659	2,670,634
Solar lease notes	406,594	753,842	1,019,733	1,016,267	990,505	967,530	942,056	908,541	869,831	845,479
SBEA promissory notes	1,731,214	1,559,260	1,455,172	1,129,900	1,185,782	1,549,492	1,709,491		1	1
Leases receivable	1,072,532	1,050,019	1,022,443	987,476	1,058,634	Ī	I	1	I	I
Interest	2,694,080	2,102,879	1,627,117	1,162,737	1,171,584	İ	I	I	I	1
Other	1,534,448	1,543,377	1,709,203	2,085,934	111,123	2,298,036	3,004,781	1,642,417	771,083	430,002
Prepaid expenses and other assets	1,960,780	2,319,853	1,686,574	1,554,577	2,264,815	1,925,122	1,846,104	1,847,848	10,012,025	4,245,806
Contractor loans		ı	T		1	1	I	1	1	2,272,906
Prepaid warranty management	255,791	258,586	260,389	261,131	259,148	259,148	259,148	259,148		
Total Current Assets	89,216,265	56,372,894	63,906,985	76,274,940	64,878,422	25,017,578	34,134,680	30,020,989	53,622,656	61,345,752
A to come of the contract of t										
Noncurrent Assets			p							
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	126,280,142	27,782,421	22,364,467	21,645,395	21,900,295	14,909,508	16,667,797	24,368,185	22,063,406	9,749,983
Investments	880,202	1,113,685	852,427	912,217	1,231,792	3,031,135	3,288,657	3,328,531	3,328,531	4,492,282
Interest Rate Swap	51,012	212,188	345,708	93,107	I	I	I	171,478	I	I
Receivables		ď								
Program loans	104,392,412	124,199,151	102,369,924	82,287,432	82,898,451	81,285,206	64,800,014	43,525,021	40,296,113	31,889,275
Solar lease notes	143,388	428,120	1,078,444	1,987,394	2,969,206	3,979,704	5,361,206	6,358,184	7,242,822	8,162,635
Renewable energy credits	1	31,042	174,306	229,019	348,716	407,360	468,736	547,556	654,767	812,770
SBEA promissory notes	3,332,136	3,030,664	2,317,443	1,275,487	690,752	968,608	1,799,007	J	J	I
Leases receivable	12,397,669	13,719,779	15,282,350	16,281,320	17,049,036	I	I	I	I	I
Other	2,889,708	6,220,294	7,400,518	4,122,609	3,163,239	I	Ī	I	I	Ī
Prepaid warranty management, less current portion	2,388,688	2,673,454	2,951,923	3,221,310	3,466,587	3,725,735	3,984,883	4,234,756	ľ	I
Capital assets, net of depreciation and amortization	65,455,471	69,517,799	72,589,044	76,164,896	79,694,398	79,971,996	80,523,040	73,417,221	61,510,207	58,114,914
Asset retirement obligation, net							1		2,535,104	2,261,472
Total noncurrent assets	318,210,828	248,928,597	227,726,554	208,220,186	213,412,472	188,279,252	176,893,340	155,950,932	137,630,950	115,483,331
Total Assets	\$ 407,427,093	\$ 305,301,491	\$ 291,633,539	\$ 284,495,126	\$ 278,290,894	\$ 213,296,830	\$ 211,028,020	\$ 185,971,921	\$ 191,253,606	\$ 176,829,083

Ratio of Public Funds Invested

As highlighted below in Figure 1 and Figure 2, the Connecticut Green Bank has moved toward this model by increasing the overall ratio of financing to subsidies. In addition, it should be noted that funds used for subsidies through the RSIP (including incentives, administrative costs, and financing costs) are recovered through the sale of SHRECs to the electric distribution companies (i.e., Avangrid and Eversource Energy) through 15-year Master Purchase Agreements ("MPA"). Because the RSIP used a declining incentive block structure, subsidies dropped over time, while private capital stepped in at a faster pace to fill the gap. This is the same declining incentive block structure that is being implemented in the Energy Storage Solutions incentives program, except rather than an MPA with the utilities, costs are recovered through the ratemaking process with approval of the Connecticut Public Utilities Regulatory Authority. This approach to reducing incentives over time has developed to not only increase private investment, but also total investment in clean energy over \$3.1 billion in total from 2012 through 2025, accelerating the impact of the Green Bank's investments.



FIGURE 1. GREEN BANK CAPITAL DEPLOYMENT BY TYPE AND FY CLOSED

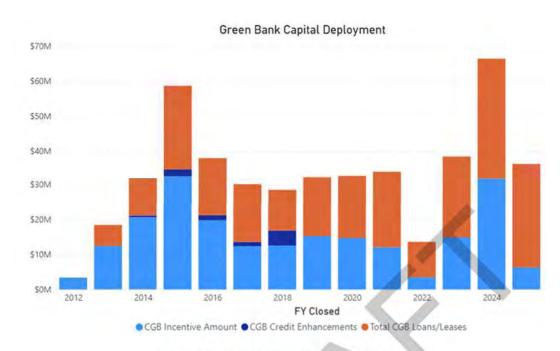


FIGURE 2. CUMULATIVE GREEN BANK FUNDS INVESTED BY TYPE BY FY CLOSED



TABLE 36. GREEN BANK RATIO OF CAPITAL INVESTED AS SUBSIDIES, CREDIT ENHANCEMENTS, AND LOANS AND LEASES BY FY CLOSED³⁸

FY Closed	CGB Incentive Amount	% Incentives	Total CGB Credit Enhancements	% Credit Enhancements	Total CGB Loans/Leases	% Loans/Leases	Total CGB Investment
2012	\$3,401,642	100%	SÓ	0%	50	0%	\$3,401,642
2013	\$12,443,185	67%	\$6,609	0%	\$6,010,302	33%	\$18,460,095
2014	\$20,638,080	65%	\$516,448	2%	\$10,692,059	34%	\$31,846,587
2015	\$32,821,080	56%	\$1,961,111	3%	\$23,905,257	41%	\$58,687,448
2016	\$19,822,804	52%	\$1,518,620	4%	\$16,643,354	44%	\$37,984,778
2017	\$12,375,525	41%	\$1,252,513	4%	\$16,462,316	55%	\$30,090,353
2018	\$12,602,189	44%	\$4,306,882	15%	\$11,581,058	41%	\$28,490,129
2019	\$15,265,848	47%	\$30,779	0%	\$17,217,467	53%	\$32,514,094
2020	\$14,750,179	45%	50	0%	\$18,136,479	55%	\$32,886,658
2021	\$12,084,232	35%	\$0	096	\$22,003,007	65%	\$34,087,239
2022	\$3,517,091	26%	50	0%	\$10,137,198	74%	\$13,654,288
2023	\$14,930,072	39%	50	0%	\$23,531,683	61%	\$38,461,755
2024	\$31,748,870	48%	\$0	0%	\$34,722,401	52%	\$66,471,271
2025	\$6.301.904	17%	50	0%	\$30.041,897	83%	\$36.343.801
Total	\$212,702,698	46%	\$9,592,962	2%	\$241,084,478	52%	\$463,380,138

Table 36 shows, that since its inception in 2012, the Green Bank has invested nearly half of its resources in incentives (i.e., over \$212 million), in comparison to more than half of its investment in financing (i.e., over \$241 million in loans and leases and nearly \$10 million in credit enhancements).

Creation of Private Investment Opportunities

In FY 2025, the Green Bank led or participated in several bespoke financings that attracted private capital thus furthering the deployment of clean energy in Connecticut.

Loans to Third Party Owners of Solar Skyview Transactions (DHD Candlewood LLC.) 2025 Term Loan And Construction Facility SV Bantam LLC

The Green Bank built upon our existing partnership with Skyview and closed 2 new loan facilities. The first, a term loan for \$1.6 million to finance the solar developer's project at Ridgefield High School where a 1 MW solar carport benefitting four separate buildings was installed. The second transaction is a \$2 million construction loan that will support the construction of solar projects throughout the state.

Inclusive Prosperity Capital Term Loan Facility 2024

The Green Bank closed a new \$5 million loan to Inclusive Prosperity Capital to support the long-term ownership of solar and storage in Connecticut. The facility has already advanced funds to support 8 projects in the state.

³⁸ This table excludes the loan loss reserves for the Smart-E loan due to its rolling nature. The loan loss reserves in this table are calculated at the close of the loan and are not updated to reflect paid down principal.

Down East

The Green Bank closed on a loan facility with Down East, a private Family Office. The \$6 million loan from the Green Bank is expected to leverage \$8.5 million in private sector investment and will support the development of solar PV projects in Connecticut.

Scale Fuel Cell and Thermal Loop

The Green Bank closed on multiple transactions to support the development of a fuel cell and district heating loop in Bridgeport by Scale MicroGrids. Green Bank executed a \$2.5 million commitment to a \$39 million Tax Equity Bridge Loan facility and executed a \$6.5 million commitment to a \$72.9 million Construction Loan facility. The Construction Loan is expected to convert to a \$83.3 million Term Loan upon completion.

Scale Solar and Storage Portfolio

The Green Bank closed on multiple transactions with Scale MicroGrids to support their solar and Battery Storage development in the state. The Green Bank executed a \$4.9 million commitment as part of a \$127.4 million Construction Loan facility and executed a \$5.1 million commitment to a \$132.6 million bridge loan facility. The Construction Loan is expected to convert to a \$118.5 million Term Loan upon completion.

Smart-E Linked Deposit

In what was a small but significant transaction, the Green Bank started our pilot of linked deposits to support the organization's Smart-E Lenders. Under this arrangement, the Green Bank places cash on deposit with Smart-E lenders at a reduced rate so that the lender can lend those funds in the Smart-E program. The Green Bank made our initial placement of \$3.2 million to support Mutual Security Credit Union.

Societal Benefits and the Evaluation Framework

The Green Bank evaluates activities to better understand how its investments and deployment of clean energy results in benefits to society, including economy, environment, energy, and equity (also known as the E⁴). Working with internal and external subject matter experts, the Connecticut Green Bank has established an evaluation framework to guide the assessment, monitoring and reporting of the program impacts and processes, including, but not limited to economy, environmental, energy, and equity benefits arising from clean energy investment. The evaluation framework can be found here³⁹.

Societal Benefits: Economy – Jobs

The Connecticut Green Bank stimulates economic activity in the state through its strategic and programrelated lending and investing. One method for measuring this economic activity is by job creation. The

³⁹ CGB Evaluation Framework: https://ctgreenbank.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/02/CTGreenBank-Evaluation-Framework-July-2016.pdf

Green Bank, in conjunction with Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development commissioned a study by Navigant Consulting in 2010 to quantify jobs created through Green Bank activities. This study was updated in 2016, 2018 and in 2021 and is the basis for how the Green Bank measures its impact on job creation. This study and calculator were reviewed by Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development which found them to be a reasonable estimation and an appropriate tool for assessing this impact. For more information on this study and the methodology, click here⁴⁰. An overview of our Jobs methodology can be found here⁴¹. Essentially, investments into clean energy can be translated into manufacturing, engineering, installation, and project management jobs in the clean energy sector.

TABLE 37. GREEN BANK JOB YEARS SUPPORTED BY FY CLOSED 42

FY Closed	Direct	Indirect/Induced	Total
2012	58	93	151
2013	571	1,147	1,719
2014	573	915	1,489
2015	1,837	2,882	4.719
2016	1,923	3,065	4,988
2017	697	926	1,623
2018	857	1.116	1,973
2019	1,386	1,813	3,199
2020	1,112	1.466	2,578
2021	1.097	1,427	2,524
2022	515	669	1,184
2023	338	410	748
2024	982	1,192	2.173
2025	667	802	1.470
Total	12,614	17,925	30,539

Table 37 shows, that since its inception in 2012, as a result of the investment of over \$3 billion in Connecticut's green economy, that the Green Bank has helped create 30,539 jobs – including 12,614 direct jobs and 17,925 indirect and induced jobs.

Societal Benefits: Economy - Tax Revenue

The aforementioned economic stimulation by the Connecticut Green Bank also generates tax revenue through personal and corporate income taxes as well as sales and use taxes. Tax revenues go into the state's General Fund, where they are used for a wide variety of public benefit activities such as education, transportation, and public safety. In 2018, the Green Bank engaged Navigant Consulting to conduct a study on the levels of this revenue generation. This study was updated in 2021 and the result is the Navigant Tax Calculator. The Green Bank has adopted this calculator to estimate the impact of its projects on state tax revenues. This study and calculator were reviewed by the Connecticut Department of Revenue Services which found them to be both a reasonable estimation and an appropriate tool for

⁴⁰ Clean Energy Jobs in Connecticut: https://www.ctgreenbank.com/wp-content/uploads/2023/08/Clean-Energy-Jobs-in-CT Final 20220121.pdf

⁴¹ CGB Economic Development Factsheet: https://www.ctgreenbank.com/wp-content/uploads/2018/03/CGB_DECD_Jobs-Study_Fact-Sheet.pdf

⁴² See Appendix for Job Year Factors.

assessing this impact. For more information on the Navigant study and the methodology, click here 13. An overview of our Tax methodology can be found here 14.

TABLE 38. GREEN BANK TAX REVENUES GENERATED BY FY CLOSED⁴⁵

FY Closed	Individual	Corporate Tax	Sales Tax	Property Tax	Total Tax
	Income Tax				
2012	\$193,703	5249,449	50	\$0	\$443,152
2013	\$2,287,664	\$1,389,568	\$3,719.287	\$0	\$7,396,518
2014	\$1,885,663	\$2,102,346	\$424,303	50	\$4,412,312
2015	\$6,539,484	\$6,464,348	\$3,711.064	\$780,731	\$17,495,628
2016	\$6,069,591	\$6,431,308	\$1,437,175	\$1,262	\$13,939,337
2017	\$3,547,896	\$3,709,680	\$660,436	\$114.136	\$8,032,148
2018	\$4,510,237	\$4,526,933	\$983,620	\$0	\$10.020.790
2019	\$7.258,367	\$7,203,774	\$4,614,278	\$258,586	\$19,335,005
2020	\$6,058,456	\$6,167,890	\$2,702,217	50	\$14,928,562
2021	\$5,820,689	\$5,743,652	\$2,763,919	\$0	\$14,328,260
2022	\$2,730,443	\$2,553,299	\$2,128,958	\$47,785	\$7,460,485
2023	\$2,146,821	\$3,104,230	\$3,413,243	\$0	\$8,664,294
2024	\$6,966,270	\$7,739,307	\$4,233,345	\$0	\$18,938,922
2025	\$4,633,185	\$3,258,841	\$4,650,059	\$0	\$12,542,085
Total	\$60,648,468	\$60,644,624	\$35,441,905	\$1,202,500	\$157,937,498

Table 38 shows, that since its inception in 2012, as a result of the investment of over \$3 billion in Connecticut's green economy, that the Green Bank has helped generate nearly \$158 million in tax revenues, including over \$60 million from individual income taxes, over \$60 million from corporate taxes, over \$35 million from sales taxes, and over \$1 million from property taxes.

Societal Benefits: Environment – Emissions and Equivalencies

The Green Bank assesses the environmental impact of its projects in terms of local environmental protection benefits. These benefits are primarily in the form of cleaner air in the state and are measured in terms of tons of Carbon Dioxide (CO2) and pounds of Nitrous Oxide (NOx), Sulfur Dioxide (SOx) and particulate matter (PM 2.5) not emitted. The Green Bank has developed its measurement methodology in conjunction with outside experts from the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP) and at the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). These agencies have found the methodology to be a reasonable estimation and an appropriate tool for assessing this impact. For more information on this methodology, click here-46. For more information on the EPA's Avoided Emissions and generation Tool (AVERT), click here-47. Note that the lifetime values are based on the aggregation of projects' impact for one year multiplied by the useful life of the technology for each project.

⁴³ Tax Report: https://www.ctgreenbank.com/wp-content/uploads/2023/08/Tax-on-Clean-Energy-in-CT 20211224.pdf

⁴⁴ Tax Methodology: https://www.ctgreenbank.com/wp-content/uploads/2018/09/CGB-Eval-Tax-Methodology-7-24-18.pdf

⁴⁵ See Appendix for Average Emission Rates taken from https://www.epa.gov/avert/avoided-emission-rates-generated-avert

⁴⁶ CGB Environmental Impact Factsheet: https://www.ctgreenbank.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/05/CGB-Environmental-Impact-051617.pdf

⁴⁷ Environmental Protection Agency AVERT User Manual: https://www.ctgreenbank.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/05/AVERT fact sheet user manual 03-01-17.pdf

Studies have shown that air pollutants increase cases of lung and heart disease and other health problems, and so the reduction of emissions and particulate matter has significant impacts on public health. See EPA's article here⁴⁸. Refer to Table 42 for more information about public health.

TABLE 39. GREEN BANK AVOIDED EMISSIONS BY FY CLOSED 49.50

FY Closed	Annual CO2 (tons)	Lifetime CO2 (tons)	Green Bank Investment (5) / Lifetime CO2 (Tons)	Annual NOX (pounds)	Lifetime NOX (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime NOX (pounds)	Annual SO2 (pounds)	Lifetime SO2 (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime SO2 (pounds)	Annual PM2,5 (pounds)	Lifetime PM2.5 (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime PM2.5 (pounds)
2012	1,308	32,700	\$104.03	1.698	42,462	\$80.11	2.094	52,356	\$64.97	110	2,762	\$1,231.62
2013	13.824	219,831	\$83.97	70,938	824.029	\$22,40	55,256	693.395	\$26.62	473	11,587	\$1,593.16
2014	16,646	375,881	\$84.73	21,181	481,108	\$66,19	23,751	539,180	\$59.06	1,398	32,278	\$986.65
2015	117,400	1,926,834	\$30.46	83,440	1.589,587	\$36.92	79,342	1,529,420	\$38.37	8.766	147,996	\$396.55
2016	48,870	1,150,245	\$33.02	50,929	1,198,146	\$31.70	40,966	949,802	\$39.99	4,178	99.063	\$383.44
2017	37,731	911,146	\$33.02	25,461	615,061	\$48.92	19,577	474,465	\$63,42	2,812	67,933	\$442.94
2018	44.883	1.080,538	\$26.37	23,884	576,013	\$49.46	17,959	432,257	\$65,91	3,089	74,362	\$383.13
2019	114,837	1.970,721	\$16.50	51,615	888,679	\$36.59	39,693	640,361	\$50.77	7,435	121,708	\$267.15
2020	59,199	1,272,366	\$25.85	54,574	800,410	\$41.09	34,548	447,139	\$73.55	3,207	70,057	\$469,43
2021	51,710	1,188,151	\$28.69	20,406	465,021	\$73.30	12,287	269,392	\$126.53	3,337	76,170	\$447.52
2022	27,373	540.882	\$25.24	12.530	249,456	\$54.74	9,871	190.977	\$71.50	1.819	35,273	\$387.10
2023	24.697	422,559	\$91.02	11,184	192,577	\$199.72	9,556	162,326	\$236,94	1,914	33,948	\$1,132.97
2024	28.809	442.503	\$150.22	84.083	911.933	\$72.89	61,829	676,933	\$98.19	1,497	28.072	\$2,367.85
2025	21,201	347,380	\$104.62	48,346	545,911	\$66.57	35.810	409,354	\$88.78	1,264	24,265	\$1,497.77
Total	608,487	11,881,737	\$39.00	560,270	9,380,391	\$49.40	442,540	7,467,358	\$62.05	41,300	825,474	\$561.35

Table 39 shows, that since its inception in 2012, as a result of the deployment of over 730 megawatts of clean energy in Connecticut, that the Green Bank has helped avoid nearly 12 million tons of carbon dioxide emissions, over 9 million pounds of nitrous oxide emissions, and over 7 million pounds of sulfur dioxide emissions over the life of the projects.

To help put this environmental impact into everyday terms, the Green Bank calculates the environmental "equivalencies" of reduced emissions, as shown in Table 40. The Green Bank calculates environmental equivalencies using factors from the EPA's environmental equivalency calculator, which was also reviewed and deemed to be a reasonable estimation of impact by the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environment. The calculator translates abstract reductions into everyday equivalencies. For example, avoided carbon dioxide emissions can translate to avoided emissions from vehicles, or the number of tree seedlings needed to sequester an equivalent amount of carbon. For more information on this methodology, click here⁵¹. The EPA environmental equivalency calculator can be found here⁵².

⁴⁸ https://www.epa.gov/air-research/research-health-effects-air-pollution

⁴⁹ See Appendix for Average Emission Rates.

⁵⁰ These estimates of emissions avoided do not include the impacts of battery electric storage systems supported by the Green Bank as we are still working on a methodology for those systems. We assume that the overall air-quality impact of the organization's work is underestimated here.

⁵¹ http://www.epa.gov/energy/greenhouse-gases-equivalencies-calculator-calculations-and-references

⁵² EPA Greenhouse Gas Equivalencies Calculator: https://www.epa.gov/energy/greenhouse-gas-equivalencies-calculator

TABLE 40. GREEN BANK GREENHOUSE GAS EQUIVALENCIES (BASED ON REDUCTIONS OF CO2 TONS) BY FY CLOSED

	Gr	eenhouse gas	emissions from	n:			CO2 emission	s from:			Ca	rbon seques	tered by	
Passenger	vehicles driven f	or one year Mil	es driven by an	average passenger vehicle	Ga	llans of gasoline	consumed Hor	nes' energy use	for one year	Tree se	edlings grown f	or 10 years A	cres of U.S. for	rests in one year
FV Closed	Annual Vehicles Driven	Lifetime Vehicles Driven	Annual Miles Driven	Lifetime Miles Driven	FY Closed	Annual Gallons Gasoline	Lifetime Gallons Gasoline	Annual Homes Energy Use	Lifetime Homes Energy Use	FY Closed	Annual Tree Seedlings	Lifetime Tree Seedlings	Annual Acres Forests	Utetime Acres Forests
2012	264	6,601	3,041,922	76,048,041	2012	133,522	3,336.036	150	3,739	2012	19,621	490.516	1,415	35.376
2013	2,791	44,379	32,148,726	511,341,042	2013	1,411,130	22,440,315	1,581	25,135	2013	207,362	3,297,544	14,955	237,820
2014	3.360	75,881	38,712,176	874.153.170	2014	1,699,225	38 369,909	1,903	42,977	2014	249,696	5,638355	12,008	406.641
2015	23,700	388,982	273,026,639	4,481,069,371	2015	11,984,178	196,691,185	13,423	220,307	2015	1,761,043	28,903,240	127,007	2,084,515
2016	9.866	292:207	113.653.044	2 675 023 685	2016	4 989 565	117,416,968	5.580	137.514	2016	733.071	17.254.107	52,869	1,244,374
2017	7,517	183,938	87,747,992	2 118 972 013	2017	3,851,593	93,009,744	4,314	104,177	2017	565,981	13,667,532	40,819	985,709
2018	9,061	218,135	104,380,471	2,512,912,238	2018	4,581,656	110,307,260	5,132	123.544	2018	673,262	16,209,476	48,556	1,168,963
2019	23,183	397,841	267,066,452	4,583,133,504	2019	11,722,563	201,171,168	13,130	225,324	2019	1,722,599	29,561,562	124,235	2,131,993
2020	11.951	256.860	137 673 070	2.959.029.763	2020	6 042 995	129,883,075	5.769	145,477	2020	888,002	19,085,968	54,043	1,376,489
2021	10,439	239,859	120,256,865	2,763,178,937	2021	5,276,531	121,286,437	5,912	135,848	2021	775,666	17,822,716	55,941	1,285,382
2022	5,526	109,191	63,659,466	1,257,882,335	2022	2794,256	55,213,242	3,130	61.842	2032	410,608	8,113,437	29,613	585,145
2023	4,986	85,305	57,434,854	982.709.245	2023	2.521,034	43,134,648	2.824	48.314	2023	370,459	6.338.550	26.718	457,139
2024	5,816	89,331	66,998,112	1,029,090,275	2024	2,940,802	45,170,688	3.294	50,594	2024	432.143	6,637,711	31,166	478,715
2025	4260	70.128	49 304 230	807.870.061	2025	2.164.150	35 460 491	2.424	39.718	2025	318,016	5210.824	22.935	375 807
Total	122,839	2,398,638	1,415,104,018	27.632,313,680	Total	62,114,300	1,212,887,389	69,572	1,358,510	Total	9.127,529	178.230,537	658.282	12,854,067

Table 40 shows, that since its inception in 2012, as a result of the deployment of clean energy in Connecticut, over the life of the projects, the Green Bank has helped avoid carbon dioxide emissions and other air pollution that is equivalent to nearly 2.4 million vehicles driven over 27 billion miles, or over 1.2 billion gallons of gasoline or nearly 13 million acres of forests.

Social Cost of Carbon

Using the methodology adopted by the USEPA under the Obama Administration in 2014, the Green Bank has estimated the total avoided economic costs of the carbon emissions avoided as a result of its activities. This was done by projecting when the estimated emissions savings are likely to occur and then applying the prices identified by the White House Council on Environmental Quality at the various discount rates adjusted to 2025 dollars⁵³.

Table 41 shows the annual projected emissions avoided and the related social cost of those emissions at various discount rates. Using the 3% discount rate, in alignment with the initial study, the overall value of the Green Banks projects in terms of emissions avoided is \$574,794,723.

TABLE 41. AVOIDED CO2 Emissions Projection and the Social Costs of Carbon

	Estimated CO2	Economic	Value of Avoided Em	issions at Different D	scount Rates
Year	annual emissions avoided	5% Average	3% Average	2.5% Average	High Impact (95th Pct at 3%)
2011	5,140	\$59,363	\$172,691	\$275,227	\$485,694
2012	9,919	\$114,562	\$343,685	\$551,980	\$968,568
2013	29,506	\$340,800	\$1,053,382	\$1,673,018	\$3,005,236
2014	132,879	\$1,534,749	\$4,883,291	\$7,673,743	\$14,091,783
2015	185,469	\$2,142,163	\$7,010,714	\$10,905,555	\$20,447,916
2016	225,236	\$2,601,472	\$8,986,905	\$13,480,357	\$25,541,730
2017	269,724	\$3,115,309	\$11,045,187	\$16,709,385	\$31,719,511

⁵³ https://obamawhitehouse.archives.gov/sites/default/files/omb/inforeg/scc tsd final clean 8 26 16.pdf

	Estimated CO2	Economic	Value of Avoided Emi	ssions at Different D	iscount Rates
Year	annual emissions avoided	5% Average	3% Average	2.5% Average	High Impact (95th Pct at 3%)
2018	378,151	\$4,764,699	\$15,882,329	\$23,823,493	\$46,058,754
2019	444,090	\$5,595,532	\$19,118,068	\$28,443,955	\$55,955,321
2020	489,722	\$6,170,497	\$21,596,740	\$31,880,902	\$63,247,596
2021	537,719	\$6,775,261	\$23,713,414	\$35,570,120	\$71,140,241
2022	548,076	\$7,481,236	\$24,745,628	\$36,830,702	\$74,236,883
2023	572,942	\$7,820,660	\$26,469,925	\$39,103,298	\$79,409,775
2024	598,158	\$8,164,854	\$28,262,955	\$41,452,334	\$84,788,865
2025	532,388	\$7,826,109	\$25,714,357	\$38,012,527	\$77,143,070
2026	526,014	\$7,732,400	\$25,958,773	\$38,109,687	\$77,876,318
2027	522,926	\$8,236,092	\$26,355,493	\$38,435,094	\$78,517,406
2028	506,992	\$7,985,121	\$26,084,728	\$37,796,239	\$77,721,843
2029	439,850	\$6,927,645	\$22,630,307	\$33,252,696	\$68,814,606
2030	424,318	\$7,128,544	\$22,276,701	\$32,523,984	\$67,721,172
2031	416,759	\$7,001,548	\$22,317,435	\$32,382,160	\$67,827,498
2032	404,095	\$7,213,099	\$22,063,596	\$31,822,495	\$67,039,389
2033	379,640	\$6,776,579	\$21,126,981	\$30,295,294	\$64,178,188
2034	364,014	\$6,879,860	\$20,639,581	\$29,430,513	\$62,683,171
2035	350,669	\$6,627,646	\$20,251,141	\$28,719,799	\$61,858,029
2036	342,416	\$6,831,198	\$20,134,058	\$28,403,403	\$61,480,784
2037	334,577	\$6,674,806	\$20,024,418	\$28,455,753	\$61,127,172
2038	309,483	\$6,499,153	\$18,847,543	\$26,646,527	\$57,517,503
2039	263,268	\$5,528,633	\$16,309,466	\$22,943,825	\$49,757,694
2040	226,588	\$4,996,272	\$14,275,064	\$19,985,090	\$43,538,946
2041	189,214	\$4,172,176	\$12,119,178	\$16,887,379	\$36,953,559
2042	147,929	\$3,417,153	\$9,474,833	\$13,357,962	\$29,356,451
2043	100,847	\$2,329,574	\$6,565,164	\$9,212,407	\$20,330,830
2044	60,595	\$1,463,374	\$4,008,373	\$5,598,997	\$12,343,244
2045	25,099	\$606,144	\$1,686,662	\$2,345,514	\$5,191,755
2046	21,758	\$548,298	\$1,484,973	\$2,056,116	\$4,569,146
2047	12,518	\$315,458	\$867,508	\$1,209,254	\$2,668,246
2048	4,172	\$109,506	\$293,476	\$407,363	\$902,330
	11,332,860	\$180,507,544	\$574,794,723	\$836,664,148	\$1,728,216,223

Societal Benefits: Environment – Public Health

The avoided emissions described above result in cleaner air which correlates to public health benefits. Air pollution influences the prevalence and severity of asthma, bronchitis, coronary and respiratory disease, and even death.

With the adoption of the AVERT tool for assessing environmental impacts, the Green Bank is able to leverage this information to gauge public health benefits of its activities. The Green Bank assesses public health benefits and illnesses, and deaths avoided using data from the AVERT tool. After the Connecticut

Department of Public Health and Connecticut Department of Energy & Environmental Protection reviewed the EPA's Co-Benefit Risk Assessment Tool (COBRA) in 2017 and found it to be a reasonable estimation and an appropriate tool for assessing this impact, the Green Bank's Board of Directors approved its use. The COBRA tool calculates and reports low and high estimates of avoided incidents, locations, and associated costs of the health outcomes described above. Public health impacts are quantified and presented as total estimated public health savings of the policies in dollars. For more information on this methodology, click here-54. An overview of COBRA can be found here-55. The factors used to measure impact from COBRA can be found in the appendix and are published by the EPA here-56.

TABLE 42. GREEN BANK PROJECTS ECONOMIC VALUE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACT (BASED ON REDUCTIONS OF EMISSIONS) BY FY CLOSED⁵⁷

FY Closed	Annual Public Health (Low)	Annual Public Health (High)	Lifetime Public Health (Low)	Lifetime Public Health (High)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime Public Health Savings (Low)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime Public Health Savings (High)
2012	\$42,865	\$96,778	\$1,071,624	\$2,419,440	\$3.17	\$1.41
2013	\$1,020,215	\$2,305,604	\$12,857,090	\$29,050,225	\$1.44	\$0.64
2014	\$536,867	\$1,212,349	\$12,356,017	\$27,899,712	\$2.58	51.14
2015	\$1,879,099	\$4,245,232	\$39,327,740	\$88,823,721	\$1.49	\$0.66
2016	\$1,595,010	\$3,601,619	\$38,006,303	\$85,815,469	\$1,00	50.44
2017	\$1,051,413	\$2,374,850	\$25,544,824	\$57,697,081	\$1.18	\$0.52
2018	\$1,249,869	\$2,823,266	\$30,192,717	\$68,198,775	\$0.94	\$0.42
2019	\$982,427	\$2,225,424	\$18,938,114	\$42,902,932	\$1.72	\$0.76
2020	\$841,752	\$1,907,468	\$13,513,472	\$30,661,532	\$2.43	\$1.07
2021	\$376,086	\$854,808	\$8,745,883	\$19,883,948	\$3.90	\$1.71
2022	\$199,526	\$452,747	\$4,094,774	59,295,464	\$333	\$1.47
2023	\$163,131	\$370,067	\$2,866,792	\$6,508,036	\$13.42	\$5.91
2024	\$1,869,871	\$4,227,730	\$19,786,520	544,749,440	\$3.36	\$1.49
2025	\$652,050	\$1,474,874	\$7,470,142	\$16,907,482	\$4.87	\$2.15
Total	\$12,460,182	\$28,172,816	\$234,772,012	\$530,813,257	\$1.97	\$0.87

Table 42 shows, that since its inception in 2012, as a result of the deployment of over 730 megawatts of clean energy in Connecticut, that the Green Bank has helped save between \$230 million to \$530 million in healthcare costs.

⁵⁴ https://www.ctgreenbank.com/wp-content/uploads/2018/03/CGB-Eval-PUBLICHEALTH-1-25-18-new.pdf

⁵⁵ https://www.epa.gov/statelocalenergy/co-benefits-risk-assessment-cobra-health-impacts-screening-and-mapping-tool

⁵⁶ https://www.epa.gov/statelocalenergy/estimating-health-benefits-kilowatt-hour-energy-efficiency-and-renewable-energy

⁵⁷ The updated version of the AVERT and COBRA models produce air-quality improvements including those from NH3 and VOCs. The Green Bank is not reporting on those at present which is reducing the stated public health impact at present.

Societal Benefits: Energy - Savings from Solar PV Financing

production data and assigns a hypothetical expense to that production, as if it had been purchased from a local utility. This is compared to the has clear insight into the energy production of systems and the cost. For the PPA, PosiGen, Solar Loan and Solar Lease 2, calculations use a In collaboration with consultation with the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection and Public Utilities Regulatory Authority, the Green contractual lease, loan, or PPA prices. For more information on this methodology, click here 38 This analysis is only for products where the Green Bank Bank devised a methodology to estimate financial savings for customers that have installed solar. The methodology takes the actual solar PV customer's actual monthly solar expense. The difference between their hypothetical utility expense and their solar expense cost is the savings

TABLE 43, ANNUAL SAVINGS BY FISCAL YEAR

								,						
Product	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total	
301ar Loan \$2,147	\$2,147	\$60,832	\$49,201	\$35,053	\$68,736	\$114,828	\$113,779	\$114,547 \$127,070 \$234,654	\$127,070	\$234,654	\$203,201	\$250,196 \$1,374,244	\$1,374,244	
λPA	0\$	\$4,627	\$61,846	\$61,846 \$112,902	\$368,680	\$687,006	\$716,966	\$646,844	\$735,822	\$3,553,973	\$735,822 \$3,553,973 \$1,814,378 \$1,110,885 \$9,813,927	\$1,110,885	\$9,813,927	
Solar Lease		\$1,137 \$68,478 \$383,874 \$394,858	\$383,874	\$394,858	\$504,853	\$724,523	\$724,523 \$790,460	\$778,154	\$714,216	\$1,374,305	\$778,154 \$714,216 \$1,374,305 \$1,184,972 \$1,813,106 \$8,732,935	\$1,813,106	\$8,732,935	
osiGen	\$1,137	\$1,137 \$68,478 \$383,874 \$394,858	\$383,874	\$394,858	\$504,853	\$724,523	\$724,523 \$790,460 \$778,154 \$714,216 \$1,374,305 \$1,184,972 \$1,813,106 \$8,732,935	\$778,154	\$714,216	\$1,374,305	\$1,184,972	\$1,813,106	\$8,732,935	
ota	\$4,421	\$202,415	\$878,795	\$937,671	\$4,421 \$202,415 \$878,795 \$937,671 \$1,447,122	\$2,250,880	\$2,250,880 \$2,411,665 \$2,317,699 \$2,291,324 \$6,537,237 \$4,387,523 \$4,987,293 \$28,654,041	\$2,317,699	\$2,291,324	\$6,537,237	\$4,387,523	\$4,987,293	\$28,654,041	

Societal Benefits: Equity - Investment in Vulnerable Communities

will inure to vulnerable communities through its incentive and financing programs. The Green Bank was able to achieve this target in FY2025. To means, to determine how vulnerable communities benefit from the Green Bank's programs and products. An overview of our Equity methodology can be found here 59. The Comprehensive Plan of the Green Bank has established a goal that by 2025 no less than 40 percent of investment and benefits help the Green Bank measure progress, investments and benefits (e.g., # project units, deployment) in vulnerable communities are tracked, with a environmental justices communities, communities eligible for Community Reinvestment Act).. Investment can be assigned by census tract, or other The Green Bank stimulates economic activity in the state through its programs, including in vulnerable communities (e.g. LMI communities, focus on those communities eligible for Community Reinvestment Act⁶⁰ – see Table 44, as well as environmental justice communities⁶¹ – see Table 45.

³⁸ https://www.ctgreenbank.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/07/CGB-Eval-Solar-Methodology-combined-6-8-2021-final.pdf

⁵⁹ https://www.ctgreenbank.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/07/Equity Investment in Vulnerable Communities.pdf 60 As defined by the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council https://www.ffiec.gov/censusproducts.htm

⁶¹ As defined for year 2021 by CGS 22a-20a https://portal.ct.gov/DEEP/Environmental-Justice/Environmental-Justice

TABLE 44. GREEN BANK COMMERCIAL AND RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY IN METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA (MSA) AREA MEDIAN INCOME (AMI) BANDS ABOVE OR BELOW 80% BY FY CLOSED - CRA ELIGIBLE COMMUNITIES⁶² BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%			100%								100%	
	MM	1.9	23.5	23.4	62.2	65.8	50.0	56.4	64.3	73.9	64.3	21.2	46.7	139.1	39.5	433.2
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	10000
Total	Total Investment	\$9,901,511	\$111,141,216	\$106,932,087	\$320,771,019	\$320,011,343	\$180,443,731	\$221,802,329	\$319,540,045	\$285,903,308	\$268,480,588	\$116,660,115	\$148,969,614	\$452,672,262	\$250,567,470	62 443 700 630
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	4000
	# Project Units	288	1,114	2,565	6,857	8,965	6,389	8,443	14,287	9,746	7,795	3,840	2,627	2,132	2,600	77 640
	% of Total	%96	35%	75%	88%	80%	68%	74%	72%	9619	77%	78%	718	91%	45%	750%
	WW	1.9	8.2	17.6	54.5	53.0	33.9	41.5	46.2	49.7	49.3	16.5	33.0	125.9	16.7	E47 8
	% of Total	%96	34%	%62	78%	74%	64%	20%	67%	%/9	72%	78%	73%	933%	35%	7407
Not CRA	Total Investment	\$9,513,651	\$38,218,469	\$84,486,235	\$250,329,802	\$236,678,843	\$115,152,470	\$154,857,977	\$214,497,765	\$191,863,194	\$193,419,208	\$90,971,336	\$108,938,070	\$421,618,895	\$86.452,681	42 106 009 EDE
	% of Total	94%	93%	87%	83%	9659	51%	9699	%99	61%	20%	77%	79%	91%	9669	7689
	# Project Units	271	1,037	2,223	5,670	5,829	3,253	4.696	9,374	5,992	5,438	2,953	2,073	1,943	1.793	52 545
	% of Total	4%	9659	25%	12%	20%	32%	26%	28%	33%	23%	22%	29%	86	28%	250%
	WW	0.1	15.2	10	2'6	12.8	16.1	14.9	18,2	242	15.0	4.7	13.7	13.2	22.8	184.4
	% of Total	4%	9699	21%	22%	26%	36%	30%	33%	333%	28%	22%	27%	2%	9659	2000
CRA	Total Investment	\$387,860	\$72,922,747	\$22,445,853	\$70,441,217	\$83,332,500	\$65,291,261	\$66,944,352	\$105,042,280	\$94,040,114	\$75,061,380	\$25,688,779	\$40,031,544	\$31,053,367	\$164,114,789	\$016 708 042
	% of Total	%9	1%	13%	17%	35%	49%	44%	34%	36%	30%	23%	21%	966	31%	3002
	# Project Units	17	11	345	1,187	3.136	3,136	3,747	4,913	3,754	2,357	887	554	189	807	25 102
Vintage CRA Qualified	FY Closed	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total

TABLE 45. GREEN BANK COMMERCIAL AND RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY IN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE COMMUNITIES⁶³ BY FY CLOSED

⁶² This table has been adjusted to include all the Low-Income Solar Lease (ESA) and Affordable multi-family housing projects as 80% or Below AMI regardless of which census tract the project falls

FY Closed # Project % of Table Investment % of Table Investme	Vintage El Community			EJ Community						Not EJ Community	*					Total			
44 15% 576.039,340 68% 15,7 67% 967 87% 585,712.2 86% 1,7 86% 28 100% 5901;511 100% 14,1 13% 576.039,340 68% 15,7 67% 967 87% 583.7101,87 13% 1,111 100% 11,111,111,111,111,111,111,111,111,111	Y Closed	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total
447 13% \$ 576,039,340 68% 15.7 67% 967 87% \$ 535,101,876 32% 7.8 33% 1,114 100% \$ 111,114,1216 100% 447 18% \$ 223,544,361 2.2% 4.4 19% \$ 209 823,387,727 78% 97,6 676 686 77% 686 68.5 100% \$ 320,771,019 100% 2,890 32% \$ 110,228,329 34% 19,4 29% 6,075 68% \$ 229,61,283 6,88 100% \$ 320,771,019 100% 2,897 32% \$ 110,228,329 34% 19,4 29% 6,075 68% \$ 220,61,83 68 47.5 76% 6,887 100% \$ 320,711,019 100% 2,977 4,754 49% \$ 510,288,24,361 58% \$ 510,404,941 58% \$ 221 6% \$ 14,289 518 \$ 14,489 518 \$ 14,400,404 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 <td>2012</td> <td>44</td> <td>15%</td> <td>\$1,344,289</td> <td>14%</td> <td>0.3</td> <td>14%</td> <td>244</td> <td>85%</td> <td>\$8,557,222</td> <td>86%</td> <td>1.7</td> <td>86%</td> <td>288</td> <td></td> <td>\$9,901,511</td> <td>100%</td> <td>1.9</td> <td>100%</td>	2012	44	15%	\$1,344,289	14%	0.3	14%	244	85%	\$8,557,222	86%	1.7	86%	288		\$9,901,511	100%	1.9	100%
467 18% 523544361 22% 44 19% 2.098 82% 583387.727 78% 19.0 81% 2.565 100% 5106.932.087 100% 18.0 1.80	2013	147	13%	\$76,039,340	%89	15.7	67%	196	87%	\$35,101,876	32%	7.8	33%	1,114		\$111,141,216	100%	23.5	100%
1,802 26% \$101,158,388 32% 14.6 24% 5,055 74% \$219,612,631 68% 47.5 76% 6,687 100% 5320,771,019 100% 2,990 32% \$110,228,392 34% 19.4 29% 6,075 68% 5,097,782,951 66% 46.4 71% 8,965 100% 5320,771,019 100% 2,977 47% \$100,228,392 34% 19.4 29% 6,075 68% 5,097,782,951 66% 46.4 71% 8,965 100% 5320,771,131 100% 4,154 49% \$100,23,24,300 4,15 4,15 4,15 4,15 4,15 4,15 4,15 4,15	1014	467		\$23,544,361	22%	4.4	19%	2098	82%	\$83,387,727	78%	19.0	81%	2,565		\$106,932,087	100%	23.4	100%
2.890 32% \$110,228,392 34% 69% 6.075 68% \$209,782,951 66% 46.4 71% 8,965 100% \$320,011,343 100% 2,977 47% \$764,438,790 42% 20.4 41% 3.412 53% \$104,004,941 58% 59.6 59% 6,389 100% \$180,443,731 100% 4,154 49% \$8,647,010 40% 23,2 41% 42.89 513,155,319 60% 33.2 58% 6,389 100% 521,100,323,91 100% 5,044 43% \$88,647,010 40% 23,2 44 64% 42.2 66% 14,287 100% 521,490,457 100% 4,154 42% 22,1 34% 52,24 558 \$204,615,741 64% 42.2 66% 14,287 100% 521,900,45 100% 4,105 42% 58,22 588 5224 51,24 58% 51,443,731 77% 77% 7	510	1,802		\$101,158,388	32%	14.6	24%	5,055	74%	\$219,612,631	9689	47.5	76%	6,857	100%	\$320,771,019	100%	62.2	100%
2,977 47% \$76,438,790 42% 20,4 41% 3,412 53% \$104,004,941 58% 6,389 6,389 100% \$180,443,731 100% 4,154 49% \$88,647,010 40% 23,2 41% 4,289 51% \$133,155,319 60% 33,2 59% 8,443 100% \$221,802,322 100% 4,154 42% 58,644,010 40% 22,1 34% 9,243 65% \$204,615,741 64% 42.2 66% 14,287 100% \$221,802,322 100% 4,108 42% \$81,438,24,305 36% 22,1 34% 52,43 65% \$204,615,741 64% 42.2 66% 14,287 100% \$221,802,329 100% 4,108 42% \$81,438,437,241 44 42% 5,226 57% \$104,437,31 40% \$21,483,938 100% \$21,480,445 100% \$21,480,443,71 100% \$21,480,443,71 100% \$21,480,443,71 100% <td< td=""><td>9103</td><td>2,890</td><td></td><td>\$110,228,392</td><td>34%</td><td>19.4</td><td>59%</td><td>6,075</td><td>9689</td><td>\$209,782,951</td><td>9699</td><td>46.4</td><td>71%</td><td>8,965</td><td>100%</td><td>\$320,011,343</td><td>100%</td><td>65.8</td><td>100%</td></td<>	9103	2,890		\$110,228,392	34%	19.4	59%	6,075	9689	\$209,782,951	9699	46.4	71%	8,965	100%	\$320,011,343	100%	65.8	100%
4/154 498 \$88.647.010 40% 23.2 41% 4289 51% \$13.155.319 60% 33.2 59% 8,443 100% \$221,802,322 100% 5,044 35% \$114,924,305 36% 22.1 34% 52.43 65% \$204,615,741 64% 42.2 66% 14,287 100% \$321,540,045 100% 4,108 42% \$81.566,046 29% 20.8 28% \$204,337,261 77% 77% 100% \$228,590,338 100% 2,575 33% \$81.21,334,309 30% 15.1 23% 5,220 67% \$187,446,779 70% 49.2 77% 7795 100% \$216,60115 100% 1,075 28% \$22,369,143 32% 17.1 37% \$1916 73% \$190,000 75% 3,840 100% \$116,60115 100% 1,075 28% \$10,100 \$1,100 \$1,100 \$1,100 \$1,100 \$1,100 \$1,100	2017	2,977	47%	\$76,438,790	42%	20,4	41%	3,412	53%	\$104,004,941	58%	59.6	59%	6,389	100%	\$180,443,731	100%	50.0	100%
5.044 35% 514,924,305 36% 22,1 34% 9,243 65% \$204,615,741 64% 4.2 66% 14,287 100% \$319,540,045 100% 4.108 42,8 581.566,046 29% 20.6 28% 5.204,337,261 77% 53.2 77% 7,795 100% 5285,903.308 100% 2,575 33% 581,033,809 30% 15.1 23% 5.22 67% 587,290,972 75% 77% 7,795 100% 5288,480,588 100% 1,075 28% 529,369,143 25% 5.2 25% 2765 72% 49.2 77% 77% 7795 100% 514,895,614 100% 1,075 28% 529,369,143 25% 2.76 72% 599,089,416 77% 75% 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76	8103	4,154		\$88,647,010	40%	23.2	41%	4.289	51%	\$133,155,319	%09	33.2	28%	8,443	100%	\$221,802,329	100%	56.4	100%
4.108 42% \$81.566.046 29% 20,8 28% 5.638 58% \$204,337,261 71% 53,2 72% 9,746 100% \$285,903.308 100% 2,575 33% \$81.033.809 30% 15.1 23% 5.220 67% \$187,446,779 70% 49.2 77% 7,795 100% \$268,480,588 100% 1,075 28% \$29,369,143 25% 5.2 25% 2.765 72% \$87,290,972 75% 16.0 75% 38.40 100% \$116,660,115 100% 711 27% \$49,880,198 33% 17.1 37% 1,916 73% \$99,089,416 67% 29.6 68% 2,132 100% \$148,965,614 100% 726,790 35% \$1,169,801,116 38% 235.0 32% 50,885 65% \$1,943,995,521 62% 497.2 68% 77,648 100% \$3.113,796,638 100% 726,790 35% \$1,169,801,116 38% 235.0 32% 50,885 65% \$1,943,995,521 62% 497.2 68% 77,648 100% \$3.113,796,638 100% \$3.113,796,638 100% \$3.113,796,638 100%	610	5,044		\$114,924,305	36%	22.1	34%	9,243	9659	\$204,615,741	64%	42.2	9699	14,287	100%	\$319,540,045	100%	64.3	100%
2,575 33% \$81,033,809 30% 15.1 23% 5,220 67% \$187,446,779 70% 49.2 77% 7,795 100% \$268,480,588 100% 1,075 28% 529,369,143 25% 2.765 72% \$87,290,972 75% 16.0 75% 3.840 100% \$116,660,115 100% 711 27% 549,880,198 33% 17.1 37% 1,916 73% \$279,320,808 62% 94,6 68% 2,132 100% \$148,965,614 100% 321 15% \$173,351,454 38% 44.4 32% 1,811 85% \$279,320,808 62% 94,6 68% 2,132 100% \$452,672,622 100% 475 18% \$162,275,592 65% 12.3 31% 2,125 82% \$88,291,87 35% 2,60 100% \$250,567,470 100% 475 18% \$1,169,801,116 38% 235,0 35% 2,132	020	4,108		\$81.566,046	29%	20.8	28%	5,638	58%	\$204,337,261	71%	53.2	72%	9,746		\$285,903,308	100%	73.9	100%
1,075 28% 529,369,143 25% 5.2 25% 2.765 72% \$87,290,972 75% 16.0 75% 3,840 100% \$116,660,115 100% 711 27% 549,880,198 33% 17.1 37% 1,916 73% 599,089,416 67% 29.6 63% 2,627 100% \$148,969,614 100% 721 15% 5173,351,454 38% 44.4 32% 1,811 85% 5279,320,808 62% 68% 2,132 100% \$452,672,262 100% 726,790 35% \$1,169,801,116 38% 235.0 32% 50,858 65% \$1,943,995,521 62% 497.2 68% 77,648 100% \$3,113,796,638 100% 726,790 35% \$1,169,801,116 38% 235.0 32% 50,858 65% \$1,943,995,521 62% 497.2 68% 77,648 100% \$3,113,796,638 100% \$3,113,796,638 100%	12021	2,575		\$81,033,809	30%	1.5.1	23%	5.220	84.9	\$187,446,779	2007	49.2	777%	7,795		\$268,480,588	100%	64.3	100%
711 27% \$49,880,198 33% 17.1 37% 1,916 73% \$99,089,416 67% 29.6 63% 2,627 100% \$148,969,614 100% 32.1 15% \$173,351,454 38% 44.4 32% 1,811 85% \$279,320,808 62% 94.6 68% 2,132 100% \$452,672,262 100% 475 18% \$162,275,592 65% 12.3 31% 2,125 82% \$88,291,878 35% 27.2 69% 2,600 100% \$250,567,470 100% 26,790 35% \$1,169,801,116 38% 235.0 32% 50,858 65% \$1,943,995,521 62% 497.2 68% 77,648 100% \$3,113,796,638 100%	2022	1,075		\$29,369,143	25%	5.2	25%	2,765	72%	\$87,290,972	75%	16.0	2886	3,840		\$116,660,115	100%	21.2	100%
321 15% \$173,351,454 38% 44.4 32% 1,811 85% \$279,320,808 62% 94.6 68% 2,132 100% \$452,672,622 100% 475 18% \$162,275,592 65% 12.3 31% 2,125 82% \$88,291,878 35% 27.2 69% 2,600 100% \$250,567,470 100% 26,790 35% \$1,169,801,116 38% 235.0 32% 50,858 65% \$1,943,995,521 62% 497.2 68% 77,648 100% \$3,113,796,638 100%	023	711	27%	\$49,880,198	33%	17.1	37%	1,916	73%	\$99,089,416	67%	29.6	63%	2,627	100%	\$148,969,614	100%	46.7	100%
475 18% \$162,275,592 65% 12.3 31% 2,125 82% \$88,291,878 35% 27.2 69% 2,600 100% \$250,567,470 100% 26,790 35% \$1,169,801,116 38% 235.0 32% 50,858 65% \$1,943,995,527 62% 497.2 68% 77,648 100% \$3,113,796,638 100%	2024	321	15%	\$173,351,454	38%	44.4	32%	1,811	85%	\$279,320,808	62%	94.6	9689	2,132	100%	\$452,672,262	100%	139.1	100%
26,790 35% \$1,169,801,116 38% 235.0 32% 50,858 65% \$1,943,995,521 62% 497.2 68% 77,648 100% \$3,113,796,638 100%	57025	475		\$162,275,592	65%	12.3	3196	2,125	82%	\$88,291,878	35%	27.2	9669	2,600	100%	\$250,567,470	100%	39.5	100%
	otal	26,790				235.0	32%	50,858	%59	\$1,943,995,521	62%	497.2	68%	77,648	100%		100%	732.2	100%

TABLE 46. GREEN BANK COMMERCIAL AND RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY IN LOW INCOME AND DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED⁶⁴ 65BY FY CLOSED

⁶⁵ As defined by https://climateprogramportal.org/resource/climate-and-economic-justice-screening-tool-cejst/ 64 As defined by https://screening-tools.com/epa-ejscreen

		Yes						No						Total			
# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MM	% of Total
36	13%	\$1,109,218	1196	0.2	12%	252	88%	\$8,792,293	89%	1.7	88%	288	100%	\$9,901,511	100%	1.9	100%
178	16%	\$76,040,993	%89	15.9	%89	936	84%	\$35,100,223	32%	7.5	32%	1,114	100%	\$111,141,216	100%	23.5	100%
465	18%	\$29,760,826	78%	7.6	33%	2,100	82%	\$77,171,261	12%	15.8	67%	2,565	100%	\$106,932,087	100%	23.4	100%
1,587	23%	\$91,476,412	29%	12.3	50%	5.270	777%	\$229,294,607	71%	49,9	80%	6,857	100%	\$320,771,019	100%	62.2	100%
2,672	30%	\$89,723,936	28%	16.7	25%	6,293	20%	\$230,287,407	72%	49.1	75%	8,965	100%	\$320,011,343	100%	8.59	100%
2,957	46%	\$78,211,944	43%	20.6	41%	3,432	54%	\$102,231,788	82%	29.4	28%	6,389	100%	\$180,443,731	100%	50.0	100%
3,685	44%	\$69,770,394	31%	16.5	59%	4,758	26%	\$152,031,935	%69	39.9	71%	8,443	100%	\$221,802,329	100%	56.4	100%
4,302	30%	\$109,055,091	34%	21.9	34%	9,985	20%	\$210,484,954	%99	42.5	9699	14,287	100%	\$319,540,045	100%	64.3	100%
3,437	35%	\$91,261,890	32%	21.4	29%	6,309	%59	\$194,641,418	%89	52.5	71%	9,746	100%	\$285,903,308	100%	73.9	100%
2,451	31%	\$74,206,448	28%	16.3	25%	5,344	%69	\$194,274,140	72%	48.0	75%	7,795	100%	\$268,480,588	100%	64.3	100%
852	22%	\$28,339,945	24%	5.4	25%	2,988	78%	\$88,320,170	76%	15.8	75%	3,840	100%	\$116,660,115	100%	21.2	100%
551	21%	\$61,271,334	41%	26.0	26%	2,076	%62	\$87,698,281	%65	20.7	44%	2,627	100%	\$148,969,614	100%	46.7	100%
351	16%	\$242,716,935	54%	53.1	38%	1,781	84%	\$209,955,326	46%	85.9	62%	2,132	100%	\$452,672,262	100%	139.1	100%
069	27%	\$170,189,836	%89	18.7	47%	1,910	73%	\$80,377,634	32%	20.8	23%	2,600	100%	\$250,567,470	100%	39.5	100%
24,214	31%	\$1,213,135,201	36%	252.6	35%	53.434	%69	\$1 900 661 436	61%	479.6	%59	77 648	100%	\$3 113 796 638	100%	732 2	100%

Community Impacts

Community and Market Descriptions

Communities across Connecticut demonstrate leadership by supporting deployment of clean energy and aligning with the State of Connecticut's ambitious goal of 100% zero carbon electric supply by 2040 and related energy objectives. The Connecticut Green Bank distributes reports to communities on an annual basis to provide information about their performance in comparison to others in the state. There are many leaders of clean energy deployment across Connecticut, and we have assembled the "Top 5" in energy, economy, and environment for FY 2025 as well as FY 2012 through FY 2025. It should be noted that in a 2016 United Nations report, an estimated \$90 trillion must be invested globally through 2030 to make progress toward all these Sustainable Development Goals in order to confront climate change. This equates to an average annual investment per capita of approximately \$79067.

TABLE 47. THE "TOP 5" ON ENERGY, ECONOMY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE - FY 2025 CLOSED ACTIVITY

Municipality	Watts / Population	FY Closed	Municipality Investm	ent / Population F	Closed	Municipality	Lifetime CO2 (Tons)	FY Closed
South Windsor	76.6	2025	Bridgeport	\$869	2025	Bridgeport	54,678	2025
Manchester	76.2	2025	New Canaan	\$436	2025	Branford	32,612	2025
Branford	73.5	2025	Hampton	\$246	2025	Ridgefield	16,881	2025
Bridgeport	66.3	2025	Branford	\$186	2025	Cheshire	12,394	2025
Union	64.4	2025	New Britain	\$170	2025	Hamden	11,568	2025

TABLE 48. THE "TOP 5" ON ENERGY, ECONOMY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE - FY 2012 - 2025 CLOSED ACTIVITY

Municipality	Watts / Population
Colebrook	3,658,1
Derby	1,492.3
Suffield	1,295.6
Lisbon	1,150.8
Windsor	731.5

Municipality Investi	ment / Population
Colebrook	\$16,428
Derby	\$8,534
Darien	\$3,317
Lisbon	\$3,238
Bridgeport	\$2,212

Municipality	Lifetime CO2 (Tons)
Bridgeport	1,308,769
Hartford	233,822
Waterbury	225,403
Hamden	223,091
Manchester	213,391

⁶⁶ https://www.un.org/pga/71/wp-content/uploads/sites/40/2017/02/Financing-Sustainable-Development-in-a-time-of-turmoil.pdf

^{67 \$90,000,000,000,000/7.6}B people/15 years until 2030 = \$790

Vulnerable Communities

In the fall 2020 Special Session, the Connecticut General Assembly passed Public Act 20-5 to address emergency response by the state's electric utilities during recent storms. Within the resiliency aspects of the bill, a definition for "vulnerable communities" was included:

populations with increased risk and limited means to adapt to the effects of climate change, or as further defined by the Department of Energy and Vulnerable communities" means populations that may be disproportionately impacted by the effects of climate change, including, but not limited to, ow and moderate income communities, environmental justice communities pursuant to section 22a-20a, communities eligible for community reinvestment pursuant to section 36a-30 and the Community Reinvestment Act of 1977, 12 USC 2901 et seq., as amended from time to time, Environmental Protection in consultation with community representatives".

which means (A) a United States census block group, as determined in accordance with the most recent United States census, for which thirty percent poverty level; [,] or (B) a distressed municipality, as defined in subsection (b) of section 32-9p;". Click here 69 for more information on Distressed CT DEEP's Environmental Justice Program⁶⁸ as described here defines Environmental Justice Communities as "Environmental Justice Community" or more of the population consists of low income persons who are not institutionalized and have an income below two hundred per cent of the federal Communities and defined census block groups

⁸⁸ https://portal.ct.gov/DEEP/Environmental-Justice/Environmental-Justice

TABLE 49. GREEN BANK COMMERCIAL AND RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY IN VULNERABLE COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

% of # Project % of Total Investment % of MW % of # Project % of Total Investment 10 Julis 10 Julis </th <th>Vulnerable</th> <th>Vulnerable</th> <th>Vulnerable</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Not Vulnerable</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Total</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Vulnerable	Vulnerable	Vulnerable							Not Vulnerable						Total			
220 76% \$7,821,061 79% 1.5 78% 288 100% \$9901,511 875 79% \$31,581,624 28% 7.0 30% 1,114 100% \$11,114,1216 4,143 60% \$192,191,635 60% 41.9 67% 6,857 100% \$106,932,087 3,995 45% \$156,483,316 49% 37.6 57% 6,857 100% \$106,443,731 2,144 34% \$156,483,316 49% 37.6 44% 6,857 100% \$320,711,019 3,072 36% \$195,786,813 45% 25.8 46% 8,443 100% \$221,802,329 7,605 53% \$137,822,496 48% 34.8 47% 9,746 100% \$221,802,329 7,605 53% \$140,398,170 52% 36.6 60% 7,795 100% \$268,480,588 2,059 54% \$140,398,170 52% 36.6 60% 7,795 100% <t< th=""><th># Project Units</th><th></th><th>% of Total</th><th>Total Investment</th><th>% of Total</th><th>WW</th><th>% of Total</th><th># Project Units</th><th>% of Total</th><th>Total Investment</th><th>% of Total</th><th>WW</th><th>% of Total</th><th># Project Units</th><th>% of Total</th><th>Total Investment</th><th>% of Total</th><th>WW</th><th>% of Total</th></t<>	# Project Units		% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total
\$40,915.79 \$40,8 \$40,859.89 </td <td></td> <td>68</td> <td>24%</td> <td>\$2,080,450</td> <td>21%</td> <td>0.4</td> <td>22%</td> <td>220</td> <td>26%</td> <td>\$7,821,061</td> <td>79%</td> <td>1.5</td> <td>78%</td> <td>288</td> <td>100%</td> <td>\$9,901,511</td> <td>100%</td> <td>1.9</td> <td>100%</td>		68	24%	\$2,080,450	21%	0.4	22%	220	26%	\$7,821,061	79%	1.5	78%	288	100%	\$9,901,511	100%	1.9	100%
33% \$40,916,791 38% 1.01 43% 1.730 67% \$66,015,297 62% 13.3 57% 2,565 100% \$106,932,087 40% \$128,579,384 40% 20.3 33% 4,143 60% \$192,191,635 60% 41.9 67% 6,857 100% \$320,771,019 55% \$128,579,384 40% 20.3 33% 4,143 60% \$156,483,316 49% 37.6 67% 6,857 100% \$320,771,019 66% \$106,120,746 59% 28.1 3,995 42% \$143,222,88 41.8 6,857 100% \$320,011,343 64% \$122,014,517 55% 20.1 3,66 \$143 45% \$143,222,88 41.8 516,443,731 40% \$180,443,731 64% \$160,102,003 3,86 5,97 518,613,88 40% 514,28 40% 30,42 40% 30,44 40% 316,443,731 66% \$14,88 \$14,88 <t< td=""><td></td><td>239</td><td>21%</td><td>165'655'62\$</td><td>72%</td><td>16.4</td><td>3607</td><td>875</td><td>2664</td><td>\$31,581,624</td><td>28%</td><td>7.0</td><td>30%</td><td>411.114</td><td>100%</td><td>\$111,141,216</td><td>100%</td><td>23.5</td><td>100%</td></t<>		239	21%	165'655'62\$	72%	16.4	3607	875	2664	\$31,581,624	28%	7.0	30%	411.114	100%	\$111,141,216	100%	23.5	100%
40% \$128,579,384 40% \$20,3 \$39,919,1835 60% \$192,191,635 60% \$19,67% 6,857 100% \$320,771,019 55% \$163,528,027 51% 28.2 43% 3,995 45% \$156,483,316 49% 37.6 67% 6,887 100% \$320,711,019 66% \$106,120,746 59% 28.1 56% 2.144 34% \$156,483,316 49% 37.6 47% 6,887 100% \$320,011,343 64% \$122,014,574 55% 3.0 2.144 34% \$174,222,985 41% 6,78 6,887 100% \$320,011,343 47% \$122,014,574 55% 3.0 599,786,813 45% 25,8 46% 34% 34% 35,8 44% 5175,651,301 49% 34% 47% 14,287 100% \$318,443,331 56% \$14,280 3,3 4,282 4,4% \$137,822,496 48% 34,8 47% 14,287 100%		835	33%	\$40,916,791	38%	10.1	43%	1,730	67%	\$66,015,297	62%	13.3	57%	2,565	100%	\$106,932,087	300L	23.4	100%
55% \$163,528,027 51% 28.2 43% 31,564,833,316 49% 37.6 67% 8,965 100% 8320,011,343 66% \$106,120,746 59% 28.1 56% 2144 34% \$74,322,985 41% 2.0 44% 6,38 100% \$180,443,731 64% \$122,015,517 55% 30.6 54% 3,072 36% \$99,786,813 45% 45% 6,4% 6,4% 14,287 100% \$180,443,731 64% \$122,015,517 55% 30.6 54% \$137,621,301 49% 37.6 47% 14,287 100% \$221,802,329 56% \$140,808,018 45% \$137,621,301 48% 34.6 44% 34.8 44% 34.8		2,714	40%	\$128,579,384	40%	20.3	33%	4,143	%09	\$192,191,635	9609	41.9	8.79	6,857	100%	\$320,771,019	100%	62.2	100%
66% \$106,120,746 59% 28.1 56% \$148 \$74,322,985 41% 22.0 44% 6,389 100% \$180,443,731 64% \$122,015,517 55% 3.0 54% \$10,2 45% 6,38 100% \$180,433,731 47% \$152,888,744 51% 3.4 53% \$155,651,301 49% 30.2 47% 14,287 100% \$218,6045 56% \$146,080,812 53% \$137,622,496 48% 34,8 47% 9,746 100% \$228,903,308 50% \$148,080,817 53% \$137,622,496 48% 34,8 47% 9,746 100% \$228,509,308 50% \$148,080,817 53% \$137,622,496 48% 34,8 47% 9,746 100% \$288,909,404 50% \$128,080,10 53% 25,6 48% \$12,3 48% \$24,8 \$288,909,508 46% \$28,02,933,33 54% 22,8 \$26,6 \$23,9 <		4.970	55%	\$163,528,027	51%	28.2	43%	3,995	45%	\$156,483,316	49%	37.6	57%	8,965	100%	\$320,011,343	100%	65.8	100%
64% \$122,015,517 55% 3.06 54% 3.072 3.68 \$99,786.813 45% 25.8 46% 8.443 100% \$221,802,329 47% \$163,888.744 51% 3.42 53% 7,605 53% \$155,651.301 49% 30.2 47% 14,287 100% \$3195,40,045 56% \$146,080,812 52% 3.48 47% 513,622,496 48% 34.8 47% 9,746 100% \$3195,40,045 50% \$128,082,419 48% 2.57 40% 3.867 50% \$140,398,170 52% 36,6 60% 7,795 100% \$268,480,588 46% \$52,032,321 42% 2.059 54% \$123,622,496 48% 42,8 42% \$140,398,170 52% 38,6 60% 7,795 100% \$268,480,588 46% \$62,932,379 42% 1,737 66% \$86,046,235 58% 23,9 51% 100% \$148,969,614 24%		4,245		\$106,120,746	28%	28.1	26%	2,144	34%	\$74,322,985	41%	220	44%	6,389	100%	\$180,443,731	100%	50.0	100%
47% \$163,888,744 51% 34,2 53% \$155,651,301 49% 30.2 47% 14,287 100% \$319,540,045 56% \$146,080,812 52% 39,1 53% 4,282 44% \$137,822,496 48% 34.8 47% 100% \$285,903,308 50% \$128,082,410 48% 25.7 40% 3,867 50% \$140,398,170 52% 36,6 60% 7,795 100% \$286,480,588 46% \$128,082,100 46% 22,7 40% 5,65 54% 563,588,15 54% 12,3 58% 23,9 51% 26,27 100% \$148,969,614 24% \$1,23 \$6% \$1,23 \$8% 42,3 \$1,3 \$1,00% \$148,969,614 24% \$1,23 \$6% \$1,33 \$6% \$2,3 \$1,3 \$100% \$148,969,614 24% \$1,23 \$1,34 \$2,4 \$2,4 \$2,4 \$2,4 \$2,4 \$2,4 \$2,4		5,371		\$122,015,517	25%	30.6	54%	3,072	36%	\$99,786,813	45%	25.8	46%	8,443	100%	\$221,802,329	100%	56.4	100%
56% \$148,080,812 52% 39.1 53% 4.282 44% \$137,822,496 48% 34.8 47% 97.46 100% \$285,903,308 50% \$128,082,419 48% 25.7 40% 3.867 50% \$140,398,170 52% 36,6 60% 7,795 100% \$268,480,588 46% \$128,092,100 46% 8.9 42% 2,059 54% \$65,568,015 54% 12.3 58% 3,840 100% \$116,660,115 34% \$562,923,379 42% 22.8 49% 1,737 66% \$86,046,235 58% 23.9 \$1% 2,627 100% \$148,969,614 24% \$1,23 \$6% \$21,38 51% \$2,67 100% \$148,969,614 24% \$1,23 \$6% \$21,38 \$1,39 \$1,39 \$1,39 \$1,39 \$23,00 \$100% \$245,672,262 46% \$184,556,260 74% 24 52% 1,394 54%		6,682	47%	\$163,888,744	51%	34.2	53%	7,605	53%	\$155,651,301	49%	30.2	479	14,287	100%	\$319,540,045	100%	64.3	100%
50% \$128,082,419 48% 25.7 40% 3,867 50% \$140,398,170 52% 38,6 60% 7,795 100% \$268,480,588 46% \$53,092,100 46% 8.9 42% 2,059 54% \$63,568,015 54% 12,3 58% 3,340 100% \$116,660,115 34% \$562,923,379 42% 22.8 49% 1,737 66% \$86,046,235 58% 23,9 51% 2,627 100% \$148,969,614 24% \$243,827,239 54% 77,0 55% 1,612 76% \$208,845,023 46% 62,1 45% 2,132 100% \$452,672,262 46% \$184,556,260 74% 24,7 62% 1,394 54% \$66011,210 26% 14,8 38% 2,600 100% \$250,567,470 50% \$1,627,251,456 52% 36,3 36,4 36,54,86,545,181 48% 36,9 50% 77,648 100% \$31,13,796,638 </td <td></td> <td>5,464</td> <td>56%</td> <td>\$148,080,812</td> <td>52%</td> <td>39.1</td> <td>53%</td> <td>4,282</td> <td>44%</td> <td>\$137,822,496</td> <td>48%</td> <td>34.8</td> <td>477%</td> <td>9,746</td> <td>100%</td> <td>\$285,903,308</td> <td>100%</td> <td>73.9</td> <td>100%</td>		5,464	56%	\$148,080,812	52%	39.1	53%	4,282	44%	\$137,822,496	48%	34.8	477%	9,746	100%	\$285,903,308	100%	73.9	100%
46% 553.992,100 46% 8.9 42% 2.059 54% 563.568,015 54% 12.3 58% 3.840 100% \$116,660,115 34% 562,923.379 42% 22.8 49% 1,737 66% 586,046,235 58% 23.9 51% 2,627 100% \$148,969,614 24% 5243,827,239 54% 77.0 55% 1,594 54% 566,011,210 26% 14.8 38% 2,600 100% \$250,567,470 50% \$1,627,251,456 52% 36.3 50% 38,735 50% \$1,486,545,181 48% 365.9 50% 77,648 100% \$3,113,796,638		3,928	20%	\$128,082,419	48%	25.7	40%	3,867	20%	\$140,398,170	\$2%	38.6	9609	7,795	100%	\$268,480,588	100%	64.3	100%
34% \$62,923.379 42% 22.8 49% 1,737 66% \$86,046,235 58% 23.9 51% 2,627 100% \$148,969,614 24% \$243,827,239 54% 77.0 55% 1,512 76% \$208,845,023 46% 62.1 45% 2,132 100% \$452,672,262 46% \$184,556,260 74% 24,7 62% 1,394 54% \$66,011,210 26% 14.8 38% 2,600 100% \$250,567,470 50% \$1,627,251,456 52% 366.3 50% 38,735 50% \$1,486,545,181 48% 365.9 50% 77,648 100% \$3,113,796,638		1,781	46%	\$53,092,100	46%	6.8	42%	2,059	54%	\$63,568,015	54%	12.3	58%	3,840	100%	\$116,660,115	100%	21.2	100%
24% \$243,827,239 54% 77.0 55% 1.612 76% \$208,845,023 46% 62.1 45% 2.132 100% \$452,672,262 46% \$184,556,260 74% 24,7 62% 1.394 54% \$66.011,210 26% 14.8 38% 2,600 100% \$250,567,470 50% \$1,627,251,456 52% 36.3 50% \$1,486,545,181 48% 365.9 50% 77,648 100% \$3,113,796,638		890	34%	\$62,923,379	42%	22.8	49%	1,737	%99	\$86.046,235	58%	23.9	51%	2,627	100%	\$148,969,614	100%	46.7	100%
46% \$184,556,260 74% 24.7 62% 1,394 54% \$66,011,210 26% 14.8 38% 2,600 100% \$250,567,470 50% \$1,627,251,456 52% 366.3 50% 38,735 50% \$1,486,545,181 48% 365,9 50% 77,648 100% \$3,113,796,638		520	24%	\$243,827,239		77.0	55%	1,612	76%	\$208,845,023	46%	62.1	45%	2,132	100%	\$452,672,262	100%	139.1	100%
50% \$1,627,251,456 52% 366.3 50% 38,735 50% \$1,486,545,181 48% 365.9 50% 77,648 100% \$3,113,796,638		1,206	46%	\$184,556,260		24.7	62%	1,394	54%	\$66,011,210	26%	14.8	38%	2,600	100%	\$250,567,470	100%	39.5	100%
		38,913		53		366.3	80%	38,735	%05	\$1,486,545,181	48%	365.9	80%	77,648	100%	\$3,113,796,638	100%	732.2	100%

Table 49 shows, that since its inception in 2012, the Green Bank has supported \$1.6 billion of investment (i.e., 52% of total investment), nearly 39,000 projects (i.e., 50% of total projects), and over 360 megawatts of clean energy (i.e., 50% of installed capacity) in vulnerable communities.

Income Bands

Median Income (AMI) of a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). Table 52 groups the Green Bank's residential and commercial projects by the (AMI) of In addition to tracking funding and clean energy deployment in distressed municipalities, the Green Bank works to ensure that low to moderate income (LMI) census tracts across the entire state benefit from its programs. The Green Bank defines low to moderate income as 100% or less of the Area their census tract from the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-Year Estimate data. Table 53 groups the Green Bank's residential and commercial projects by the average state median income (SMI) of their census tract from the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-Year Estimate data.

TABLE 50. OVERVIEW OF CONNECTICUT POPULATION AND HOUSEHOLDS BY METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA (MSA) AREA MEDIAN INCOME (AMI) BANDS

AMI LMI Qualified # Tracts	# Tracts	Population	% of Total	Households	% of Total	Owner Occupied 1 - 4 Housing Units	% of Total	Occupied 5+ Housing Units	% of Total	ACS Year
B LMI	408	1,622,388		649,255	46%	285,653	1	١		
-60	140	502,166	14%	189,920	14%	48,658	5%5	68,028	28%	2021
08-09	115			191,345	14%	87,471		ú		
80-100	153			267,990	19%	149,524	A	d		
B Not LMI	476	1,985,389		748,069	24%	600,037	r	P		
100-120	140	563,476		230,688	17%	163,208	3			
120+	321	1,396,446		516,086	37%	435,890				
Unknown	15	25,467		1,295	%0	939				
Total	884	3,607,777	-	1,397,324	100%	885,690	ø			

TABLE 51. OVERVIEW OF CONNECTICUT POPULATION AND HOUSEHOLDS BY METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA (MSA) STATE MEDIAN INCOME (SMI) BANDS

SMI LMI Qualified # Tracts	# Tracts	Population	% of Total	Honseholds	% of Total	Owner Occupied 1 - 4 Housing Units	% of Total	Occupied 5+ Housing Units	% of Total	ACS Year
SMI	395	1,557,270	43%	624,270	45%	278,330	31%	167,486	%89	2021
80-100	139	573,192	16%	238,551	17%	138,084	16%	52,397	21%	2021
08-09	116	493,099	14%	198,196	14%	90,904	10%	48,865	50%	2021
09-	140	490,979	14%	187,523	13%	49,342	969	66,224	27%	2021
Not SMI	489	2,050,507	21%	773,054	828	607,360	%69	77,864	32%	2021
Unknown	15	25,467	19%	1,295	960	939	960	171	%0	2021
120+	306	1,328,250	37%	488,036	35%	408,279	46%	35,529	14%	2021
100-120	168	062'969	19%	283,723	20%	198,142	25%	42,164	17%	2021
Total	884	3,607,777	100%	1,397,324	100%	885,690	100%	245,350	100%	2021

TABLE 52. GREEN BANK COMMERCIAL AND RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY IN METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA (MSA) AREA MEDIAN INCOME (AMI) BANDS

AMI LMI Qualified	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total	# Project Units / 1,000	# Project Units / 1,000	Investment / Population	Investment / Households	Watts / Population	Watts / Households	ACS Year
							Population	Households					
3	7,940	10%	\$124,352,797	4%	0.0	%0							
	7,940	10%	S	4%	0'0	960							
IWI E	27,988	36%	\$1,275,884,190	41%	277.2	38%	17.3	43.1	\$786		170.8	426.9	
09-	8,398	1196		15%	67.4	966	16.7	44.2	\$946		134.2	354.8	
08-09	8.265	1196		12%	7.16	13%	17.4	43.2	\$763		192.9	479.4	
80-100	11,325	15%		14%	118.1	16%	17.6	42,3	8679	1	183.2	440.6	
Not LMI	41,720	54%	S	25%	455.0	62%	21.0	55.8	\$863	9	229.2	608.2	
100-120	15,213	20%	\$611,326,645	20%	165.9	23%	27.0	6'59	\$1,085		294.5	719.3	
120+	26,477	34%	S	35%	269.2	37%	19.0	51.3	5774	\$2,094	192.8	521.6	2021
Unknown	30	960	\$21,571,017	1%	19.9	3%	1.2	23.2	\$847		781.0	15358.2	
Total	77,648	100%	53	100%	732.2	100%	21.5	55.6	\$863	٩	202 0	5240	

TABLE 53. GREEN BANK COMMERCIAL AND RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY IN METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA (MISA) STATE MEDIAN INCOME (SMI) BANDS

SMI LMI Qualified # Project Units	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	Š.	% of Total	# Project Units / 1,000 Population	# Project Units / 1,000 Households	Investment / Population	Investment / Households	Watts / Population	Watts / Households	ACS Year
SMI	29,338	38%	\$1,316,204,507	42%	289.2	39%	9	47.0	\$845		185.7		
80-100	12,682	16%	54	15%	127.9	17%	22.1	53.2	\$818	\$1,967	223.2	536.2	2021
08-09	10,030	13%	\$2	%6	79.9	1196	ø	50.6	\$561		162.1		
-60	6,626	%6		18%	81.3	11%	9	35.3	\$1,161		165.6		
Not SMI	40,370	25%	\$1,6	24%	443.0	%19	À	52.2	\$816		216.1		
Unknown	30	960		1%	19,9	3%	1.2	23.2	\$847		781.0	-	
120+	24,857	32%		33%	252.0	34%	P	50.9	\$773		189.8		
100-120	15,483	20%	S	20%	1771.1	23%		54.6	968\$		245.5		
	7,940	10%	S	4%	0.0	%0							
	7,940	10%	5	44%	0.0	960	-						
Total	77,648	100%		100%	732.2	100%	21.5	55.6	\$863	\$2,228	202.9	524.0	2021

It has done so through several products and initiatives, among them the LMI solar incentive, its partnership with PosiGen, ongoing education to the market about the good credit quality of low to moderate income homeowners, market research made available to industry participants for targeting candidate projects (customer segmentation, demographic and geographic data), and affordable multifamily housing energy financing products. With In recent years the Green Bank has focused on increasing its penetration in the LMI market to deliver inclusive prosperity through the green economy. the end of the RSIP in FY 2022, there was less activity in the LMI market.

TABLE 54. GREEN BANK COMMERCIAL AND RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY IN LIMI QUALIFIED (100% OR BELOW AMI) INCOME BANDS BY FY CLOSED

Vintage AMI LMI Qualified			LMI						Not IMI			8			Total			
FY Closed	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WWW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total
2012	43	15%	\$1,212,007	12%	0.3	13%	245	85%	\$8,689,504	888%	1,7	87%	288	100%	\$9,901,511	100%	1.9	100%
2013	173	16%	\$76,721,585	%69	16.0	9689	941	84%	\$34,419,631	31%	7,5	32%	1,114	100%	\$111,141,216	100%	23.5	100%
2014	648	55%	\$34,804,406	33%	80	3796	1,917	75%	\$72,127,682	67%	14.6	63%	2,565	100%	\$106,932,087	100%	23.4	100%
2015	1,828	27%	\$98,384,971	31%	14.0	22%	5,029	73%	\$222,386.048	9669	48.2	78%	6,857	100%	\$320,771,019	100%	62.2	100%
2016	3,077	34%	\$112,664,474	35%	20.3	31%	5,888	%99	\$207,346,869	9659	45.5	9669	8,965	100%	\$320,011,343	100%	65.8	100%
2017	3,483	85%	\$80,466,295	45%	19.8	40%	2,906	45%	\$99,977,437	55%	30.2	%09	6,389	100%	\$180,443,731	100%	50.0	100%
2018	4,364	52%	\$90,025,828	41%	21.4	38%	4,079	48%	\$131,776,501	965	34,9	9629	8,443	100%	\$221,802,329	100%	56.4	100%
2019	4,867	34%	\$125,885,168	3688	25.2	3668	9,420	9699	\$193.654,878	61%	39.1	61%	14,287	100%	\$319,540,045	100%	64.3	100%
2020	4,136	42%	\$102,612,879	36%	24.6	33%	5,610	58%	\$183,290,429	64%	49.3	9619	9,746	100%	\$285,903,308	100%	73.9	100%
2021	2,574	33%	\$84,561,853	31%	18.7	29%	5,221	%19	\$183,918,736	9669	45.6	7196	7,795	100%	\$268,480,588	100%	64.3	100%
2022	1,130	58%	\$39,921,188	34%	6.0	28%	2,710	71%	\$76,738,927	9699	15.2	72%	3,840	100%	\$116,660,115	100%	21.2	100%
2023	584	22%	\$50,633,889	34%	19.0	4196	2,043	78%	\$98,335,725	9699	7.75	28%	2,627	100%	\$148,969,614	100%	46.7	100%
2024	398	19%	\$200,852,512	44%	8.09	44%	1,734	81%	\$251,819,749	26%	78.2	26%	2,132	100%	\$452,672,262	100%	139.1	100%
2025	683	56%	\$177,137,137	71%	22.5	825	1,917	74%	\$73,430,333	29%	17.0	43%	2,600	100%	\$250,567,470	100%	39.5	100%
Total	27,988	36%	\$1,275,884,190	41%	277.2	38%	49,660	64%	\$1,837,912,448	26%	455.0	62%	77,648	100%	\$3,113,796,638	100%	732.2	100%

TABLE 55. GREEN BANK COMMERCIAL AND RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY IN LMI QUALIFIED (100% OR BELOW SMI) INCOME BANDS BY FY CLOSED

		SMI						Not SMI						Total			
# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MM	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total
53	18%	\$1,616,971	16%	0.3	17%	235	82%	\$8,284,540	84%	1.6	83%	288	100%	\$9,901,511	100%	1.9	100%
172	15%	\$78,988,386	71%	16.5	200%	942	85%	\$32,152,830	3662	6.9	3008	1,114	100%	\$111,141,216	100%	23.5	100%
6693	51%	\$29,751,399	9687	0.9	56%	1,872	73%	\$77,180,688	72%	17.4	74%	2,565	100%	\$106,932,087	100%	23.4	100%
1,928	28%	\$100,877,454	31%	14.6	24%	4,929	72%	\$219,893,564	%69	47.6	%92	6,857	100%	\$320,771,019	100%	62.2	100%
3,423	38%	\$125,231,705	39%	21.4	32%	5,542	62%	\$194,779,638	9619	44.4	%89	8,965	100%	\$320,011,343	100%	65.8	100%
3,488	55%	\$79,650,368	44%	19.6	39%	2,901	45%	\$100,793,363	9695	30.4	6196	6,389	100%	\$180,443,731	100%	50.0	100%
4,435	53%	\$89,266,355	40%	21.0	37%	4,008	47%	\$132,535,974	%09	35.3	63%	8,443	100%	\$221,802,329	100%	56.4	100%
5,403	38%	\$131,740,263	41%	27.0	45%	8,884	62%	\$187,799,782	29%	37.3	58%	14,287	100%	\$319,540,045	100%	64.3	100%
4,266	4496	\$123,683,139	43%	32.9	44%	5,480	26%	\$162,220,169	21%	41.0	56%	9,746	100%	\$285,903,308	100%	73.9	100%
2,599	33%	\$84,778,156	32%	18.6	59%	5,196	%19	\$183,702,433	68%	45.7	71%	7,795	100%	\$268,480,588	100%	64.3	100%
1,178	31%	\$40,098,871	34%	6.5	31%	2,662	%69	\$76,561,244	%99	14.7	9669	3,840	100%	\$116,660,115	100%	21.2	100%
595	23%	\$49,160,775	33%	18.6	40%	2,032	77%	68'808'66\$	%19	28.1	%09	2,627	100%	\$148,969,614	100%	46.7	100%
416	20%	\$204,126,532	45%	63.6	46%	1,716	80%	\$248,545,730	25%	75.5	24%	2,132	100%	\$452,672,262	100%	139.1	100%
689	27%	\$177,234,133	71%	22.5	21%	1,911	74%	\$73,333,337	59%	17.1	43%	2,600	100%	\$250,567,470	100%	39.5	100%
29,338	38%	\$1,316,204,507	45%	289.2	39%	48,310	62%	\$1,797,592,130	28%	443.0	61%	77,648	100%	\$3,113,796,638	100%	732.2	100%

CRA Eligibility

communities. These lending institutions are rated by regulators according to the volume of their lending for projects in these communities. Projects The Community Reinvestment Act was enacted by Congress in 1977 to encourage financial institutions to lend in low to moderate income are compliant with CRA requirements if they are below 80% of a Metropolitan Statistical Area's (MSA) Adjusted Median Income (AMI) level⁷⁰.

TABLE 56. GREEN BANK COMMERCIAL AND RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY IN CRA QUALIFIED 71 (80% OR BELOW AMI) INCOME BANDS BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	MW	1.9	23.5	23.4	62.2	65.8	50.0	56.4	64.3	73.9	64.3	21.2	46.7	139.1	39.5	732.2
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment	\$9,901,511	\$111,141,216	\$106,932,087	\$320,771,019	\$320,011,343	\$180,443,731	\$221,802,329	\$319,540,045	\$285,903,308	\$268,480,588	\$116,660,115	\$148,969,614	\$452,672,262	\$250,567,470	\$3,113,796,638
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
١	# Project Units	288	1,114	2,565	6,857	8,965	6,389	8,443	14,287	9,746	7,795	3,840	2,627	2,132	2,600	77,648
	% of Total	9696	35%	75%	88%	80%	%89	74%	72%	8649	77%	78%	71%	91%	42%	75%
	MW	1.9	8.2	17.6	54.5	53.0	33.9	41.5	46.2	49.7	49.3	16.5	33.0	125.9	16.7	547.8
	% of Total	%96	34%	79%	78%	74%	64%	20%	67%	67%	72%	78%	73%	93%	35%	71%
Not CRA	Total Investment	\$9,513,651	\$38,218,469	\$84,486,235	\$250,329,802	\$236,678,843	\$115,152,470	\$154,857,977	\$214,497,765	\$191,863,194	\$193,419,208	\$90,971,336	\$108,938,070	\$421,618,895	\$86,452,681	\$2,196,998,596
	% of Total	94%	93%	87%	83%	9659	51%	9699	9699	61%	20%	77%	79%	816	%69	%89
	# Project Units	271	1,037	2,223	5,670	5,829	3,253	4,696	9,374	5,992	5,438	2,953	2,073	1,943	1,793	52,545
	% of Total	4%	965%	25%	12%	20%	32%	56%	28%	33%	23%	22%	3682	86	58%	25%
	MW	0.1	15.2	5,8	2,6	12.8	16.1	14.9	18.2	24.2	15.0	4.7	13.7	13.2	22.8	184.4
	% of Total	4%	%99	21%	22%	26%	36%	30%	33%	33%	28%	22%	27%	7%	9659	29%
CRA	% of Total Investment Total	\$387,860	\$72,922,747	\$22,445,853	\$70,441,217	\$83,332,500	\$65,291,261	\$66,944,352	\$105,042,280	594,040,114	\$75,061,380	\$25,688,779	\$40,031,544	\$31,053,367	\$164,114,789	\$916,798,042
	% of Total	969	7%	13%	17%	35%	49%	44%	34%	3998	30%	23%	21%	%6	31%	32%
	# Project Units	17	77	342	1,187	3,136	3,136	3,747	4,913	3,754	2,357	887	554	189	807	25,103
Vintage CRA Qualified	FY Closed	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total

⁷⁰ As defined by the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council https://www.ffiec.gov/censusproducts.htm

⁷¹ This table has been adjusted to include all the Low-Income Solar Lease (ESA) and Affordable multi-family housing projects as 80% or Below AMI regardless of which census tract the project falls into as these programs are designed to serve the LMI market.

Distressed Communities

Connecticut's "distressed communities 72" are particularly affected by the state's high energy prices. On average, Connecticut's neediest households owe \$1,678 more in annual energy bills than they can afford⁷³. The Green Bank's financing products and marketing efforts seek to bring lower and more predictable energy costs to homes and businesses in these communities and therefore align with energy savings goals outlined in the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection 2022-2024 Conservation and Loan Management Plan.

For more information on 202374 DECD Distressed Municipality criterions, click here75

TABLE 57. DISTRESSED MUNICIPALITIES, POPULATION, AND HOUSEHOLDS IN CONNECTICUT76

Distressed Indicator	ssed Indicator # Municipalities # Tracts Population	# Tracts	Population	% of Total	Households	% of Total	Owner Occupied 1 - 4 Housing Units	% of Total	Occupied 5+ Housing Units	% of Total	ACS Year	Distressed Designation Year
	-	4	0	%0	0	960	0	%0	0			2023
Distressed	25	261	981,545	27%	380,675	27%	182,382	21%	92,870			2023
Not Distressed	144	619	2,626,232	73%	1,016,649	73%	703,308	79%	152,480	62%	2021	2023
Total	170	884	3,607,777	100%	1,397,324	100%	885,690	100%	245,350			2023

TABLE 58. GREEN BANK COMMERCIAL AND RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY IN DISTRESSED COMMUNITIES

Distressed Indicator # Project Units	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units # Project Units / 1,000 1,000 Population Households	# Project Units / 1,000 Households	Investment / Population	Investment / Households	Watts / Population	Watts / Households	ACS Year
Distressed	23,112	30%	\$1.076,248,659		215.3	29%	23.5	60.7					2021
Not Distressed	54,536	70%	6 \$2,037,547,978	959	516.9	71%	20.8	53.6	\$776	\$2,004	196.8	508.4	2021
Total	77,648	100%	\$3,113,796,638		732.2	100%	21.5	55.6					2021

⁷² Distressed Municipalities are defined by the Connecticut Department of Economic and community Development by a combination of per capita income, poverty rates, unemployment rates, growth, age of buildings, education.

Affordability-Report-2020.pdf \$21,678 is the average energy affordability gap for Households earning less than 100% of the Federal Poverty Level. For households earning less than 200% FPI 3 Mapping Household Energy & Transportation Affordability in Connecticut: https://www.ctgreenbank.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/11/Mapping-Household-Energy-and-Transportationthe average energy affordability gap is \$858.

⁷⁴ As designated by DECD in 2023.

⁷⁵ Department of Economic and Community Development (DECD): https://portal.ct.gov/DECD/Content/About DECD/Research-and-Publications/02 Review Publications/Distressed-Municipalities

⁷⁶ There are 4 census tracts that map to a municipality name of "County Subdivision Not Defined" which does not align to the actual 169 municipality names within the State of Connecticut, therefore the total number of municipalities is overstated by 1 to preserve the actual number of valid census tracts (884) within the State.

TABLE 59. GREEN BANK COMMERCIAL AND RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY IN DISTRESSED COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

sed # Project % of Total Investment % of # Project % of MVM % of # Project % of MVM % of # Project % of Project % of Intal Intal </th <th>Vintage Distressed</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Distressed</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Not Distressed</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Total</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Vintage Distressed			Distressed						Not Distressed						Total			
12% \$997,129 10% 0.2 10% 253 88% \$8.904,382 90% 1.7 90% 288 100% 11% \$75,138,076 66% 995 89% \$36,003,137 32% 7.9 34% 1,114 100% 15% \$1,13 10% 15,5 66% 995 89% \$36,003,137 32% 7.9 34% 1,114 100% 15% \$21,443,256 20% 3.9 17% \$226,788,832 80% 19.5 83% 2,565 100% 23% \$294,02,446 31% 16,9 26% 6,452 72% \$226,798,47 71% 49.1 79% 6,857 100% 28% \$50,840,500 34% 15,9 32% 4,074 64% \$119,603,231 66% 34,1 68% 6,387 100% 28% \$50,840,500 34% 15,3 37% 4,677 55% \$213,406,917 75% 44,5 69%	FY Closed	# Project Units		Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total
119 11% 575,138,078 68% 15,5 66% 995 89% \$36,003,137 32% 79 34% 1,114 100% 1,114 100% 1,128	210	35	12%	\$997,129	10%	0.2	10%	253	88%	\$8,904,382	%06	1.7	%06	288	100%	115,106,83	100%	1.9	100%
389 15% \$21443.256 20% 3.9 17% 2,176 85% \$85,488.832 80% 195 83% 2,565 100% 1,593 23% \$53,972,541 29% 13.1 21% \$2.26,798,477 71% 49.1 79% 685 100% 2,513 28% \$99,402,446 31% 16,9 26% 6,452 72% \$220,060.897 69% 48.9 74% 8,965 100% 2,513 28% \$60,840,500 34% 15,9 32% 4,074 64% \$119,603,231 66% 34.1 68% 6,389 100% 3,766 45% \$50,840,500 34% 15,9 32% 4,074 64% \$114,644 64% 34,1 68% 6,389 100% 4,604 32% \$10,033,231 66% \$14,1 15% 31% 4,677 55% \$114,267 100% 44,5 69% 14,287 100% 4,604 3	513	119		\$75,138,078	%89	15,5	%99	566	868	\$36,003,137	32%	7.9	34%	1,114	100%	\$111,141,216	100%	23.5	100%
1,593 23% \$93,972,541 29% 13.1 21% \$226,798,477 71% 49.1 79% 6.857 100% 2,513 28% \$99,402,446 31% 16,9 26% 6,452 72% \$220,608,97 69% 48.9 74% 8,965 100% 2,315 36% \$60,840,500 34% 15,9 32% 4,074 64% \$119,603,231 66% 34.1 68% 63.89 100% 3,766 45% \$10,6043,128 33% 19,8 31% 4,677 55% \$142,614,443 64% 35,7 63% 64% 11,289 100% 4,604 32% \$10,6043,128 33% 19,8 31% 4,677 55% \$14,261 100% 100% 4,604 32% \$10,0043,128 33% 19,8 31% 5,58 \$14,7 55% \$21,179,360 75% 51,7 100% 3,309 25% \$25,180,348 12,8 <td< td=""><td>214</td><td>389</td><td></td><td>\$21,443,256</td><td>20%</td><td>3.9</td><td>17%</td><td>2,176</td><td>85%</td><td>\$85,488,832</td><td>80%</td><td>19.5</td><td>83%</td><td>2,565</td><td>100%</td><td>\$106,932,087</td><td>100%</td><td>23.4</td><td>100%</td></td<>	214	389		\$21,443,256	20%	3.9	17%	2,176	85%	\$85,488,832	80%	19.5	83%	2,565	100%	\$106,932,087	100%	23.4	100%
2,513 28% \$99,402,446 31% 16,9 26% 6,452 72% \$220,608,897 69% 48,9 74% 8,965 100% 2,315 36% \$60,840,500 34% 15,9 32% 4,074 64% \$119,603,231 66% 34,1 68% 6,389 100% 3,766 45% \$79,187,886 36% 20,7 37% 4,677 55% \$142,614,443 64% 35,7 63% 8,443 100% 4,604 32% \$106,043,128 33% 19,8 31% 9,683 68% \$213,496,917 67% 44,5 69% 14,287 100% 4,604 32% \$10,043,128 33% 19,8 31% 5,88 \$213,129,940 75% 55,7 70% 7,99 50,7 70% 7,17 80% 51,179,360 79% 51,7 80% 7,19 70% 51,179,360 70% 51,7 70% 52,91 70% 70% 70%	516	1,593		\$93,972,541	9662	13.1	21%	5,264	77%	\$226,798,477	71%	49.1	%62	6,857	100%	\$320,771,019	100%	62.2	100%
2,315 36% \$60,840,500 34% 15.9 32% 4,074 64% \$119,603,231 66% 34.1 68% 6,389 100% 3,766 45% \$79,187,886 36% 20.7 37% 4,677 55% \$142,614,443 64% 35.7 63% 8,443 100% 4,604 32% \$106,043,128 33% 19,8 31% 9,683 68% \$213,129,940 75% 63% 14,287 100% 3,389 35% 12,8 12,8 5,81 55% \$213,129,940 75% 55.7 75% 100% 1,983 25% \$1,26 20% 5,81 75% \$213,129,940 75% 51,7 80% 100% 1,983 25% \$1,26 20% 5,81 75% \$213,179,360 75% 51,7 80% \$21,179,360 75% 51,7 80% \$21,179,360 75% 51,7 80% \$21,100% 38,44 100% 38,44	916	2,513		\$99,402,446	31%	16,9	26%	6,452	72%	\$220,608,897	%69	48.9	74%	8,965	100%	\$320,011,343	100%	65.8	100%
3,766 45% \$79,187,886 36% 20.7 37% 4,677 55% \$142,614,443 64% 35.7 63% 8,443 100% 4,604 32% \$106,043,128 33% 19.8 31% 9,683 68% \$213,496,917 67% 44,5 69% 14,287 100% 3,389 35% \$106,043,128 23% 19.8 13.8 6,88 \$213,129,940 75% 55.5 75% 9,746 100% 1,983 25% \$55,301,236 25% 12.6 20% \$512,179,360 75% 51.7 80% 7,795 100% 942 24% \$55,301,236 22% 4,4 21% 2,916 76% \$914,779,767 78% 75% 7795 100% 686 \$66 \$49,341,706 33% 17.1 37% 1,941 74% \$996,627,906 67% 29.6 63% \$2,27 100% 321 15% \$15,84 2,21	710	2,315		\$60,840,500	34%	15.9	32%	4,074	64%	\$119,603,231	%99	34.1	%89	6,389	100%	\$180,443,731	100%	50.0	100%
4,604 32% \$10,604,3128 33% 19,8 31% 9,683 68% \$213,496,917 67% 44,5 69% 14,287 100% 3,389 35% \$10,004,3128 25% 18,4 25% 6,357 65% \$213,129,90 75% 55.5 75% 9,746 100% 1,983 25% \$56,301,228 27% 12,6 20% 5,812 75% \$212,179,360 75% 51.7 80% 7,795 100% 924 24% \$25,180,348 22% 4,4 21% 2.916 76% \$91,479,760 77% 3,840 100% 686 \$49,341,706 33% 17,1 37% 1,941 74% \$99,627,908 67% 29,6 63% 2,627 100% 475 18% \$16,24 24 32% 1,811 85% \$279,320,808 62% 94,6 68% \$100% 475 18% \$16,24 32% 1,811	318	3,766		\$79,187,886	36%	20.7	37%	4,677	82%	\$142,614,443	64%	35.7	63%	8,443	100%	\$221,802,329	100%	56.4	100%
3.389 35% \$72,773,368 25% 18,4 25% 6,357 65% \$213,129,940 75% 55.5 75% 9,746 100% 1,983 25% \$56,301,228 21% 12.6 20% 5,812 75% \$212,179,360 79% 51.7 80% 7,795 100% 924 24% \$25,180,348 22% 4,4 21% 2,916 76% \$91,479,767 78% 16.8 79% 3,840 100% 686 26% \$49,341,706 33% 17.1 37% 1,941 74% \$99,627,908 67% 29.6 63% 2,627 100% 321 15% \$173,351,454 38% 44,4 32% 1,811 85% \$282,932,0808 62% 94.6 68% 2,600 100% 475 18% \$16,227,932 82% 12,125 82% \$88,291,878 35% 2,600 100% 475 18% \$16,624,6259 35%	910	4.604		\$106,043,128	33%	19.8	31%	9,683	%89	\$213,496,917	96.29	44.5	%69	14,287	100%	\$319,540,045	100%	64.3	100%
1,983 25% \$56,301,228 21% 12.6 20% \$.812 75% \$21,179,360 79% \$1.7 80% 7,795 100% 924 24% \$25,180,348 22% 4.4 21% 2.916 76% \$91,479,767 78% 16.8 79% 3,840 100% 686 26% \$49,341,706 33% 17.1 37% 1,941 74% \$99,627,908 67% 29.6 63% 2,627 100% 321 15% \$173,351,454 38% 44,4 32% 1,811 85% \$29,627,908 62% 94.6 68% 2,132 100% 475 18% \$162,275,592 65% 12,3 31% 2,125 82% \$88.291,878 35% 27.2 69% 2,600 100% 23,112 30% \$1,076,248,659 35% 215.3 29% 54,536 70% \$2,037,547,978 65% 516.9 71% 77,648 100%	020	3,389		\$72,773,368	25%	18.4	25%	6,357	%59	\$213,129,940	75%	55.5	75%	9,746	100%	\$285,903,308	100%	73.9	100%
924 24% \$25,180,348 22% 4.4 21% 2.916 76% \$91,479,767 78% 16.8 79% 3,840 100% 688 26% \$49,341,706 33% 17.1 37% 1,941 74% \$99,627,908 67% 29.6 63% 2,627 100% 32.1 15% \$173,351,454 38% 44.4 32% 1.811 85% \$279,320,80\$ 62% 94.6 68% 2,132 100% 475 18% \$162,275,592 65% 12.3 31% 2,125 82% \$88,291,878 35% 27.2 69% 2,600 100% 23,112 30% \$1,076,248,659 35% 215.3 29% 54,536 70% \$2,037,547,978 65% 516.9 71% 77,648 100% \$3	120	1,983		\$56,301,228	21%	12.6	20%	5,812	75%	\$212,179,360	79%	51.7	80%	7,795	100%	\$268,480,588	100%	64.3	100%
686 26% \$49,341,706 33% 17.1 37% 1,941 74% \$99,627,908 67% 29.6 63% 2,627 100% 321 15% \$173,351,454 38% 44.4 32% 1,811 85% \$279,320,809 62% 94.6 68% 2,132 100% 475 18% \$162,275,592 65% 12.3 31% 2,125 82% \$88,291,878 35% 27.2 69% 2,600 100% 23,112 30% \$1,076,248,659 35% 215.3 29% \$4,536 70% \$2,037,547,978 65% 516.9 71% 77,648 100%	322	924		\$25,180,348	22%	4.4	21%	2,916	%92	\$91,479,767	78%	16.8	79%	3,840	100%	\$116,660,115	100%	21.2	100%
321 15% \$173,351,454 38% 44,4 32% 1,811 85% \$279,320,808 62% 94.6 68% 2,132 100% 475 18% \$162,275,592 65% 12.3 31% 2,125 82% \$68,291,878 35% 27.2 69% 2,600 100% 23,112 30% \$1,076,248,659 35% 215,3 29% 54,536 70% \$2,037,547,978 65% 516.9 71% 77,648 100%	323	989		\$49,341,706	33%	1771	37%	1,941	74%	\$99,627,908	%19	29.6	63%	2,627	100%	\$148,969,614	100%	46.7	100%
475 18% \$162,275,592 65% 12.3 31% 2,125 82% \$88,291,878 35% 27.2 69% 2,600 100% 23,112 30% \$1,076,248,659 35% 215.3 29% 54,536 70% \$2,037,547,978 65% 516.9 71% 77,648 100%	024	321		\$173,351,454	38%	44.4	32%	1,811	85%	\$279,320,808	62%	94.6	9689	2,132	100%	\$452,672,262	100%	139.1	100%
23,112 30% \$1,076,248,659 35% 215.3 29% 54,536 70% \$2,037,547,978 65% 516.9 71% 77,648 100%	325	475			9659	12.3	31%	2,125	82%	\$88,291,878	35%	27.2	%69	2,600	100%	\$250,567,470	100%	39.5	100%
	otal	23,112		\$1,076,248,659		215.3	29%	54,536	%02	\$2,037,547,978		516.9	71%	77,648	100%	\$3,113,796,638	100%	732.2	100%

Environmental Justice Communities

For a breakdown of activity in Environmental Justice Communities – see Table 60.

TABLE 60. GREEN BANK COMMERCIAL AND RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY IN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

Vintage El			EJ Community						Not EJ Community	ź,					Total			
FY Closed	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW.	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total
2012	44	15%	\$1,344,289	14%	0.3	14%	244	85%	\$8,557,222	86%	1.7	86%	288	100%	\$9,901,511	100%	1.9	100%
2013	147	13%	\$76,039,340	9689	15.7	9629	296	87%	\$35,101,876	32%	7.8	33%	1,114	100%	\$111,141,216	100%	23.5	100%
2014	467	18%	\$23,544,361	22%	4.4	19%	2.098	82%	\$83,387,727	78%	19.0	81%	2,565	100%	\$106,932,087	100%	23.4	100%
2015	1,802	26%	\$101.158,388	32%	14.6	24%	5,055	74%	\$219,612,631	9689	47.5	2692	6,857	100%	\$320,777,019	100%	62.2	100%
2016	2,890	32%	\$110,228,392	34%	19.4	29%	6,075	9689	\$209,782,951	%99	46.4	7196	8,965	100%	\$320,011,343	100%	65.8	100%
2017	2,977	47%	\$76,438,790	45%	20.4	41%	3,412	53%	\$104,004,941	28%	59,62	9665	6,389	100%	\$180,443,731	100%	50.0	100%
2018	4,154	49%	\$88,647,010	40%	23.2	41%	4.289	51%	\$133,155,319	9609	33.2	9665	8,443	100%	\$221,802,329	100%	56.4	100%
2019	5,044	35%	\$114,924,305	36%	22.1	34%	9.243	9659	\$204,615,741	64%	42.2	%99	14,287	100%	\$319,540,045	100%	64.3	100%
2020	4,108	42%	\$81,566,046	29%	20.8	28%	5,638	58%	\$204,337,261	71%	53.2	72%	9,746	100%	\$285,903,308	100%	73.9	100%
2021	2,575	33%	\$81,033,809	30%	15.1	23%	5,220	9619	\$187,446,779	70%	49.2	77%	7,795	100%	\$268,480,588	100%	64.3	100%
2022	1,075	28%	\$29,369,143	25%	5.5	25%	2,765	72%	\$87,290,972	75%	16.0	22%	3,840	100%	\$116,660,115	100%	21.2	100%
2023	711	27%	\$49,880,198	333%	1771	37%	1,916	73%	\$99,089,416	67%	59.6	63%	2,627	100%	\$148,969,614	100%	46.7	100%
2024	321	15%	\$173,351,454	38%	44.4	32%	1,811	85%	\$279,320,808	62%	94.6	9689	2,132	100%	\$452,672,262	100%	139.1	100%
2025	475	18%	\$162,275,592	9659	12.3	31%	2,125	82%	\$88,291,878	35%	27.2	9669	2,600	100%	\$250,567,470	100%	39.5	100%
Total	26,790	35%	\$1,169,801,116	38%	235.0	32%	50,858	%59	\$1,943,995,521	62%	497.2	%89	77,648	100%	\$3,113,796,638	100%	732.2	100%

Environmental Justice Poverty Areas

poverty level or where the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection has designated the block to be an Environmental Justice These are United States census block groups, as determined in accordance with the most recent United States census, for which thirty per cent or more of the population consists of low-income persons who are not institutionalized and have an income below two hundred per cent of the federal (EJ) Community. These block groups are specifically part of the State of Connecticut's definition of Vulnerable Communities.

TABLE 61. GREEN BANK COMMERCIAL AND RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY IN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE POVERTY AREAS BY FY CLOSED

Vintage El			Yes						°		1	K			Total			
FY Closed	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MM	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total
2012	6	3%	\$347,160	4%	0.1	3%	279	846	\$9,554,351	9696	1.9	92.6	288	100%	\$9,901,511	100%	1.9	100%
2013	32	3%8	\$978,226	1%	0.2	196	1,082	826	\$110,152,989	%66	23.3	%66	1,114	100%	\$111,141,216	100%	23.5	100%
2014	86	3%	\$2,368,216	2%	0.5	2%	2,479	97%	\$104,563,871	9886	22.9	%86	2,565	100%	\$106,932,087	100%	23.4	100%
2015	233	3%8	\$7,953,389	2%	1.7	3%	6,624	9646	\$312,817,629	9886	60.4	9626	6,857	100%	\$320,771,019	100%	62.2	100%
2016	412	2%	\$11,743,909	4%	2.7	4%	8,553	95%	\$308,257,434	%96	63.1	%96	8,965	100%	\$320,011,343	100%	65.8	100%
2017	9/9	11%	\$15,874,354	%6	4.6	966	5,713	868	\$164,569,377	91%	45.4	91%	6,389	100%	\$180,443,731	100%	20.0	100%
2018	399	5%	\$13,082,447	9%9	4.1	262	8,044	98%	\$208,719,882	94%	52.2	93%	8,443	100%	\$221,802,329	100%	56.4	100%
2019	463	3%8	\$9,407,239	3%	2,5	4%	13,824	826	\$310,132,806	97%	61.9	9696	14,287	100%	\$319,540,045	100%	64.3	100%
2020	731	80	\$9,067,913	39%	2.4	3%	9,015	95%	\$276.835.395	926	71.5	82.6	9,746	100%	\$285,903,308	100%	73.9	100%
2021	594	8%	\$24,770,248	966	2.5	496	7,201	95%	\$243,710,340	91%	61.8	%96	7,795	100%	\$268,480,588	100%	64.3	100%
2022	157	4%	\$4,297,406	4%	0.8	4%	3,683	%96	\$112,362,709	9696	20.4	%96	3,840	100%	\$116,660,115	100%	21.2	100%
2023	35	1%	\$5,518,112	4%	0.0	%0	2,592	%66	\$143,451,502	%96	46.7	1000%	2,627	100%	\$148,969,614	100%	46.7	100%
2024							2,132	1000%	\$452,672,262	100%	139.1	100%	2,132	100%	\$452,672,262	100%	139.1	100%
2025						1	2,600	10096	\$250,567,470	100%	39.5	100%	2,600	100%	\$250,567,470	100%	39.5	100%
Total	3,827	2%	\$105,408,621		3% 22.1	3%	73,821	%56	\$3,008,388,017	%16	710.0	%16	77,648	100%	\$3,113,796,638	100%	732.2	100%

Ethnicity

make sure that programs are reaching not just those in in distressed municipalities and income bands, but that the programs are penetrating into those communities across race and ethnicity. The Green Bank categorizes each census tract in Connecticut as "Majority Hispanic", "Majority Black," Ensuring that the benefits of the Green Economy reach all communities is core to the mission of the Green Bank. The Green Bank has sought to "Majority White," or "Majority Asian" based on designations published by CT Data Collaborative⁷⁷.

TABLE 62. OVERVIEW OF CONNECTICUT POPULATION AND HOUSEHOLDS BY ETHNICITY CATEGORY

Race Ethnicity Category # Tracts Population	# Tracts	Population	% of Total	% of Total Households	% of Total	Owner Occupied % of T 1 - 4 Hausing Units	% of Total	Occupied 5+ Housing Units	% of Total	ACS Year
Majority Asian	1	4,577	%0	2,048	%0	116	%0			
Majority Black	42	168,713	965	61,395				Į,		
Majority Hispanic	141	526,727	15%	196,602			d			
Majority White	693	2,907,760	81%	1,137,279			P			
Jnknown	7	0	960	0	%0	0	960	0	960	2021
Fotal	884		100%	1,397,324	-				-	

TABLE 63. GREEN BANK COMMERCIAL AND RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY BY ETHNICITY CATEGORY BY FY CLOSED

Race Ethnicity Category # Project Units	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	W W	% of Total	* Project Units / Population	# Project Units / Households	Investment / Population	Investment / Households	Watts / Population	Watts / Households	ACS Year
	7,940	10%	\$124,352,797	4%	0.0	0.00%							
Majority Asian	227	%0	\$15,046,804	960	5.9	0.81%	49.6		\$3,287			2,893.6	
Majority Black	4,340	969	\$133,300,337	4%	35.9	4.90%	25.7		8790			584.2	
Aajority Hispanic	7,359	%6	\$459,388,285	15%	72.1	9.84%	14,0	37.4	\$872			366.6	
Aajority White	57,782	74%	\$2,381,708,415	%92	618.3	84.45%	19.9		\$819	\$2,094	212.6	543.7	2021
Jnknown					1								
Fotal	77,648	100%	\$3,113,796,638	100%	732.2	100.00%	21.5	55.6	\$863	\$2,228	202.9	524.0	,

⁷⁷ https://www.ctdata.org/blog/most-common-raceethnicity-by-census-tract

Credit Quality of Homeowners

When FICO-based underwriting is used, the credit quality of borrowers in Green Bank residential financing programs reflects the relatively high FICO scores in the state; 90% of single-family households that are Green Bank borrowers in these programs have a FICO of 680 or higher. The Green Bank has begun to focus on ensuring that credit-challenged customers also have access to energy financing products. Initiatives such as the partnership with PosiGen, which uses an alternative underwriting approach, and a new version of the Smart-E program which broadens credit eligibility to serve credit-challenged households, are examples of this. The Smart-E program now has six lenders with experience serving this market including Capital 4 Change - a Community Development Financial Institution, and all the participating credit unions.

TABLE 64. CREDIT SCORE RANGES OF HOUSEHOLD BORROWERS USING RESIDENTIAL FINANCING PROGRAMS FY 2012 - FY 2025

Credit Range	-57	9	580-5	199	600-6	539	640-6	579	680-6	599	700-7	719	720-7	739	740-7	779	780	€	Unkno	nwo	Tot	tal
Program Name	# Projects	% of Total	# Projects	% of Total	# Projects	≅ of Total	# Projects	% of Total	# Projects	% of Total	e Projects	% of Total	# Projects	% of Total	Projects	% of Total	# Projects	% of Total	# Projects	% of Total	# Projects	% of Total
Smart-E	2	0%	44	0%	254	3%	751	8%	884	9%	1,032	1196	1,001	10%	2,389	25%	3,306	34%	12	0%	9,675	100%
Solar Lease					3	0%	45	4%	39.	3%	78	796	85	7%	264	22%	673	57%	4	0%	1,189	100%
Solar Loan									11	4%	15	596	34	12%	90	32%	129	46%			279	100%
Total	2	0%	44	0%	255	2%	796	796	934	B96	1,125	10%	1,120	10%	2,743	25%	4,108	37%	16	0%	11,143	100%

Customer Types and Market Segments

The Connecticut Green Bank targets end users of energy in Connecticut both at work and at home. A breakdown of projects by year by sector is shown in Table 65.

TABLE 65. GREEN BANK ACTIVITY IN RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL MARKETS BY FY CLOSED

Market	# Periods	# Desires I leite	Activity	Installed	Company Associat	Annual Caused
Market	# Projects	# Project Units	Total Investment	Capacity (MW)	Expected Annual Generation (MWh)	Annual Saved / Produced (MM8tu)
☐ Commercial	8,582	8,582	\$1,187,758,018	319.9	953,561,928	4,075,753
2013	7	7	\$75,751,144	15.6	122,597,235	432,930
2014	27	27	\$29,371,586	6.7	32,681,171	182,330
2015	58	58	\$91,805,873	13,6	150,485,956	507,996
2016	59	59	\$52,197.001	9.5	24.845,962	106,182
2017	57	57	\$41,731,878	13.4	24,882,562	365,553
2018	83	83	\$38,480,464	14.0	18,393,707	59.722
2019	4,382	4,382	\$75,478,479	7.8	134.890.756	446,599
2020	679	679	\$59,970,288	14.2	86,909,966	121,387
2021	495	495	\$54,874,120	14.9	30,241,041	105,106
2022	681	681	\$24,960,986	4.1	23,161,181	75,708
2023	862	862	\$105,615,636	44.2	39,980,198	137,589
2024	677	677	\$351,789,513	135.0	167,914,920	1,198,493
2025	515	515	\$185,731,050	27.0	96,577,274	336,159
☐ Multi-Family	313	12,289	\$245,602,843	10.9	27,447,016	75,336
2014	1	120	\$420,000	0.0	17,873	61
2015	7	409	\$6,220,430	1.0	4,144,225	5,583
2016	31	1,767	\$33,926,465	1.3	2,208,617	7,196
2017	19	1,535	\$10,904,774	2.3	2,762,376	11,643
2018	20	1,820	\$10,763,464	0.2	1,538,751	6,415
2019	22	2,623	\$36,402,479	1.0	4,894,258	6,675
2020	17	1,449	\$7,584,221	1.1	4,215,341	3,901
2021	9	872	\$23,249,646	0.2	621,210	2,139
2022	6	537	\$14,422,645	0.9	4,377,638	20,978
2023	165	369	\$10,199,413	0.5	0	1,564
2024	2	19	\$63,386,226	0.0	0	(
2025	14	769	\$28,123,081	2.3	2,666,728	9,182
☐ Residential	56,777	56,777	\$1,680,435,776	401.3	497,837,788	1,678,518
2012	288	288	\$9,901,511	1.9	2,209,534	7,539
2013	1.107	1,107	\$35,390,072	7.9	8,965,028	30,593
2014	2,418	2,418	\$77,140,502	16.7	19,436,391	65,391
2015	6,390	6,390	\$222,744,716	47.5	55,037,556	183.849
2016	7,139	7,139	\$233,887,876	55.0	64,872,150	219,012
2017	4,797	4,797	\$127,807,079	34.4	44,124,310	150,943
2018	6,540	6,540	\$172,558,401	42.2	57,915,240	194,168
2019	7,282	7,282	\$207,659,088	55.5	69,575,394	236,300
2020	7,618	7,618	\$218,348,799	58.6	72,123,175	246,918
2021	6,428	6,428	\$190,356,823	49.2	63,327,928	215,398
2022	2,622	2,622	\$77,276,485	16.2	22,752,227	77,659
2023	1,396	1,396	\$33,154,564	2.0	5,287,762	16,749
2024	1,436		\$37,496,523	4.1	6,622,176	19,226
2025	1,316	1,316	\$36,713,339	10.1	5,588,918	14,771
Total	65,672	77,648	\$3,113,796,638	732.2	1,478,846,733	5,829,608

5. Green Bonds

The Green Bank views Green Bond issuance as a key tool for expanding the organization's reach and impact. While the organization had previously issued privately placed Clean Renewable Energy Bonds (CREB's), FY 2019 marked the Green Bank's first publicly offered debt issuance, the SHREC ABS Note Series A & Series B Climate Bond. The success of this offering and the potential to use debt capital markets as a tool for accessing capital and engaging investors, led us to build a larger multi-year strategy. The "Green Bonds Us" strategy seeks to raise additional lower cost capital from individual investors through bonds, including smaller denomination bonds, to support the clean economy and accelerate deployment of clean energy.

Green Bond Framework

The Green Bank has always valued transparency as a management principle and a cornerstone of leadership. The organization believes that clear and publicly available data allows for transactions to be replicated with ease, thus expediting the transformation of a market. With bonds, we believe the same is true and that impact investors require assurance that their investments are going to the intended purpose. Ergo, the Green Bank obtained certification from the Climate Bonds Initiative for our SHREC ABS 2019-1 Class A and Class B bonds and worked with Kestrel who provided an independent external review of the Certified Climate Bonds. The Climate Bonds Initiative has built a thorough certification regime using established standards for specific technologies for which the proceeds are used and incorporating transparency and robust reporting practices.

With bond issuance at the heart of our strategy, the Green Bank needed an efficient way to operationalize the certification process. In FY 2020, the Green Bank adopted a Green Bond Framework that holds the organization to high standards of transparency and reporting on all future bond issuances. The Framework commits the organization to certify its bonds as Climate Bonds per the Climate Bonds Initiative, where applicable. If no Climate Bonds Initiative Standard applies, the Green Bank will issue the bonds as Green Bonds in alignment with the International Capital Market Association Green Bond Principles (2021). The Framework also commits the Green Bank to engage in regular impact reporting, which is presented in the next part of this Non-Financial Statistics section.

Working with Kestrel and the Climate Bonds Initiative, the Green Bank received programmatic certification in April 2020, thus reducing the cost, effort, and time needed to issue Certified Climate Bonds in the future. The framework and Kestrel Second Party Opinion on the framework are publicly available on the Green Bank's website.

Bond Issuances



SHREC ABS 2019-1 Class A and Class B notes

In April 2019, the Connecticut Green Bank sold \$38.6 million in investment-grade rated asset-backed securities. This first-of-its-kind issuance monetized the solar home renewable energy credits (SHRECs) generated through the Residential Solar Investment Program (RSIP). The sale was comprised of two tranches of SHRECs produced by more than 105 megawatts of 14,000 residential solar photovoltaic (PV) systems. The SHRECs were aggregated by the Green Bank and sold in annual tranches to Connecticut's two investor-owned utilities, Eversource Energy and United Illuminating Company, at a fixed, predetermined price over 15 years. The funds raised through this sale will recover the costs of administering and managing the RSIP, including the incentives offered to residential participants in the program. RSIP is discussed in further detail in the section below, Case 3 – Residential Solar Investment Program. The 2019 bonds won Environmental Finance's annual award for Innovation in 2020, highlighting the creative bond-structuring approach for leveraging additional environmental benefits. The bonds received Post-Issuance Certification from the Climate Bonds Initiative in May 2020.

SHREC Green Liberty Bonds, Series 2020 (Series Maturity 2035)

In June 2019, the Connecticut Green Bank sold \$16.8 million of investment-grade rated municipal securities, the inaugural offering of Green Liberty Bonds. Modeled after the World War II Series-E bonds, which were purchased by more than 80 million Americans, Green Liberty Bonds are an opportunity for investors to take on the shared challenge of climate change and green infrastructure investment through the purchase of bonds. Green Liberty Bonds are lower-dollar denomination bonds (offered in \$1,000 increments), making it easier for individual investors to consider an investment. This issuance was backed by the third tranche of SHRECs, which total just over 39 megawatts across 4,800 residential solar systems. As with the ABS monetization, proceeds from the sale went to recover the costs of administering and managing the RSIP.

The Series 2020 Bonds were the first transaction to be certified as Climate Bonds under the Green Bank's Programmatic Framework. The transaction won The Bond Buyer Award in Inflovative Financing.

SHREC Green Liberty Bonds, Series 2021 (Series Maturity 2036)

Following the initial sale of Green Liberty Bonds, the Green Bank sold its second offering of Green Liberty Bonds, back by revenues from tranche 4 (59.4 megawatts across nearly 7,000 solar systems) in May 2021. As with the first Green Liberty Bond issuance, this \$24.8 offering was well received by a wide array of retail and institutional investors. The issuance was the second transaction to be certified as a Climate Bond using the Green Bank's Programmatic Framework.

Green Liberty Notes

Based on the success of the Green Liberty Bonds in providing Connecticut Residents a way to invest in the Green Economy, the Connecticut Green Bank introduced our Green Liberty Notes in 2021. Through a partnership with the green economy focused crowd-funding platform Raise Green, the Green Liberty Notes are offered in lower denominations (\$100) making investing in the Green Economy more accessible to people of varying means. The Green Liberty Notes are backed by interest payments coming from the energy efficiency loans made through the Small Business Energy Advantage program and purchased by the Green Bank. These notes have been verified by Kestrel as adhering to the International Capital Markets Association Green Bonds Principles. All proceeds have been fully allocated. In 2025, Raise Green was purchased by Honey Comb Credit and the Green Bank has partnered with them to continue our Green Liberty Note offerings.

Use of Proceeds

One Climate Bond was issued by the Green Bank in FY 2020. All proceeds from the 2019-1 Class A and Class B Notes have been allocated to the SHREC Program and none are outstanding.

Two Climate Bonds were issued in FY 2021. All proceeds from these bonds have been allocated to the SHREC Program and none are outstanding.

The Green Bank will annually report on the use of proceeds from each bond issued and the associated impact. This information will continue to be included in the Non-Financial Statistics portion of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. In accordance with the Climate Bonds Standard, Kestrel provided a Post-Issuance Report in 2021 for the Green Bank's Certified Climate Bonds to receive Post-Issuance Certification.⁷⁸

The uses of proceeds from Green Bonds issued by the Green Bank are illustrated in Table 66 below.

TABLE 66. GREEN BOND ISSUANCES

Issuance Proceeds Use Gross Underwriting **Net Bond** Used Proceeds Fees & Out of Proceeds after Pocket Underwriting Expenses Fees & Out of Pocket Expenses SHREC Series 2019-1 Class A and Class B \$37,508,803.54 \$38,527,549.54 \$1,018,746.00 \$37,508,803.54 (RSIP Tranches 1 & 2) SHREC Green Liberty Bonds, Series 2020 \$16,795,000.00 \$594,056.97 \$16,200,943.03 \$16,200,943.03 Proceeds were used to (RSIP Tranche 3) reimburse the Green Bank SHREC Green Liberty for incentives and program administration costs of the Bonds, Series 2021 \$24,834,000.00 \$625,004.00 \$24,208,996.00 \$24,208,996.00 RSIP. (RSIP Tranche 4)

https://www.ctgreenbank.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/07/2021-Post-Bond-Issuance-Verification-Report.pdf

Issuance	Gross Proceeds	Underwriting Fees & Out of Pocket Expenses	Net Bond Proceeds after Underwriting Fees & Out of Pocket Expenses	Proceeds Used	Use
Green Liberty Notes 1 (January 2022)	\$190,400	\$3,856	\$186,544	\$186,544	
Green Liberty Notes 2 (May 2022)	\$114,435	\$2,716	\$111,719	\$111,719	
Green Liberty Notes 3 (August 2022)	\$250,000	\$4,750	\$245,250	\$245,250	
Green Liberty Notes 4 (October 2022)	\$250,000	\$4,750	\$245,250	\$245,250	Proceeds were used to reimburse the Green Bank
Green Liberty Notes 5 (January 2023)	\$250,000	\$4,750	\$245,250	\$245,250	for purchasing small business energy efficiency loans from Eversource.
Green Liberty Notes 6 (May 2023)	\$250,000	\$4,750	\$245,250	\$245,250	
Green Liberty Notes 7 (June 2023)	\$350,000	\$6,250	\$343,750	\$343,750	
Green Liberty Notes 8 (August 2023)	\$350,000	\$6,250	\$343,750	\$343,750	
Green Liberty Notes 9 (December 2023)	\$350,000	\$6,250	\$343,750	\$343,750	
Green Liberty Notes 10 (March 2024)	\$350,000	\$6,250	\$343,750	\$343,750	

Key Performance Indicators

In alignment with the Green Bank's targets for issuing Green Bonds, the issuance of the 2019 bonds and two issuances of Green Liberty Bonds as well as the Green Liberty Notes have directly supported the organization's goal to increase annual clean energy investment on a per capita basis by a factor of ten. The Key Performance Indicators for the Green Bonds closed activity are reflected in Table 67 through Table 69.

TABLE 67. GREEN BONDS PROJECT TYPES AND INVESTMENT BY FY CLOSED

REC Type	# Projects	Total Investment	Total CGB Investment	Total Private Investment	Leverage Ratio
SHREC T1	6,796	\$209,899,406	\$19,165,050	\$190,734,356	11.0
SHREC T2	7,258	\$214,579,035	\$20,566,082	\$194,012,953	10.4
SHREC T3	4,818	\$138,657,232	\$11,910,951	\$126,746,282	11.6
SHREC T4	6,957	\$217,735,009	\$17,757,897	\$199,977,112	12.3
Total	25,829	\$780,870,682	\$69,399,980	\$711,470,702	11.3

TABLE 68. GREEN BONDS PROJECT CAPACITY, GENERATION AND SAVINGS BY FY CLOSED

REC Type	kW	Expected Annual Generation (kWh)	Expected Lifetime Generation (MWh)	Annual Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	Lifetime Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	
SHREC T1	49,216.4	56,047,682	1,401,192	191,235	4,780,867	
SHREC T2	59,832.1	68,136,750	1,703,419	232,483	5,812,065	
SHREC T3	39,299,6	44,754,419	1,118,860	152,702	3,817,552	
SHREC T4	59,357.7	67,596,537	1,689,913	230,639	5,765,985	
Total	207,705.8	236,535,388	5,913,385	807,059	20,176,469	

TABLE 69. GREEN BONDS PROJECT AVERAGES BY FY CLOSED

REC Type	Average Total Investment	Average Incentive Amount	Average kW	Average Annual Generation (kWh)	Average Annual Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)
SHREC T1	\$30,886	\$2,820	7.2	8,247	28
SHREC T2	\$29,564	\$2.834	8.2	9.388	32
SHREC T3	\$28,779	\$2,472	8.2	9,289	32
SHREC T4	\$31,297	\$2,553	8,5	9.716	33
Total	\$30,232	\$2,687	8.0	9,158	31

Societal Impacts

Ratepayers in Connecticut enjoy the societal benefits, also referred to as social benefits, of Green Bonds. Since issuance, these bonds have supported the creation of job years; generated tax revenue for the State of Connecticut; avoided lifetime emission of tons of carbon dioxide, pounds of nitrous oxide, pounds of sulfur oxide, and pounds of particulate matter; and provided public health savings. Table 70 through Table 73 show impacts attributable to Green Bonds.

TABLE 70. GREEN BONDS JOB YEARS SUPPORTED BY FY CLOSED

REC Type	Direct I	ndirect/Induced	Tot	al
SHREC T1	1,215	1,923	3,1	38
SHREC T2	1,029	1,504	25	32
SHREC T3	549	722	1.2	71
SHREC T4	902	1,222	2,1	25
Total	3,695	5,371	9,0	66
REC Type	Direct	Indirect/Indu	ced	Total
SHREC T1	1,215	1,	923	3,138
SHREC T2	1,029	1,	504	2,532
SHREC T3	549		722	1,271
SHREC T4	902	1,	222	2,125
Total	3,695	5,3	371	9,066

TABLE 71. GREEN BONDS TAX REVENUES GENERATED BY FY CLOSED

REC Type	Individual Income Tax	Corporate Tax	Sales Tax	Property Tax	Total Tax
SHREC T1	\$4,121,554	\$5,307,696	\$0	\$0	\$9,429,250
SHREC T2	\$4,354,441	\$5,607,666	\$0	\$0	\$9,962,107
SHREC T3	\$2,889,833	\$3,721,569	\$0	\$0	\$6,611,402
SHREC T4	\$4,511,131	\$5,809,486	\$0	\$0	\$10,320,617
Total	\$15,876,960	\$20,446,417	\$0	\$0	\$36,323,377

TABLE 72. GREEN BONDS AVOIDED EMISSIONS BY FY CLOSED

REC Type	Annual CO2 (tons)	Lifetime CO2 (tons)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime CO2 (Tons)	Annual NOX (pounds)	Lifetime NOX (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (5) / Lifetime NOX (pounds)	Annual SO2 (pounds)	Lifetime SO2 (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime 5O2 (pounds)	Annual PM2.5 (pounds)	Lifetime PM2.5 (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime PM2.5 (pounds)
SHREC T1	32,202	805,042	\$23.81	35,359	883,963	\$21.68	30,105	752,630	\$25.46	2,802	70,060	\$273.55
SHREC T2	39,642	991,049	\$20.75	33.343	833,587	\$24.67	26,931	673,280	\$30.55	3,059	76,479	\$268.91
SHREC T3	26,373	659,316	\$18.07	14,881	372,020	\$32.02	11,380	284,502	\$41.87	1.796	44,905	\$265.25
SHREC T4	38,237	955,925	\$18.58	19.426	485,649	\$36.57	12,819	320,473	\$55,41	2,255	56,364	\$315.06
Total	136,453	3,411,332	\$20,34	103,009	2,575,219	\$26.95	81,235	2,030,885	\$34.17	9,912	247,808	\$280.06

TABLE 73. GREEN BONDS ECONOMIC VALUE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACT BY FY CLOSED

REC Type	Annual Public Health (Low)	Annual Public Health (High)	Lifetime Public Health (Low)	Lifetime Public Health (High)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime Public Health Savings (Low)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime Public Health Savings (High)	
SHREC T1	\$1,087,325	\$2,454,888	\$27,183,126	\$61,372,212	\$0.71	\$0.31	
SHREC T2	\$1,321,853	\$2,984,390	\$33,046,324	\$74,609,741	\$0.62	\$0.28	
SHREC T3	\$859,099	\$1,939,656	\$21,477,467	\$48,491,388	\$0.55	\$0.25	
SHREC T4	\$510,931	\$1,157,136	\$12,773,278	\$28,928,392	\$1.39	\$0.61	
Total	\$3,779,208	\$8,536,069	\$94,480,194	\$213,401,733	\$0.73	\$0.33	

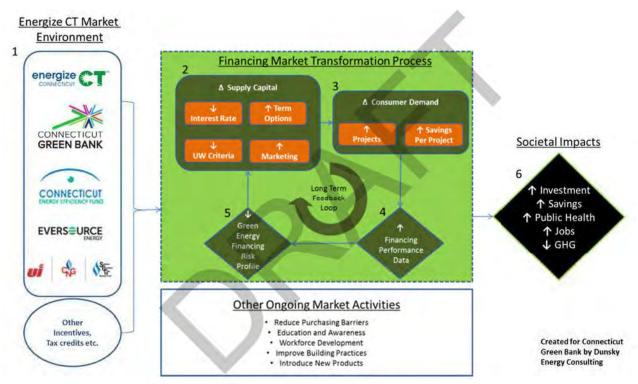
At present we are working on how we attribute the impact of the projects supported by the Green Liberty Notes. See Case 7 – Small Business Energy Advantage (SBEA) for impact of the entire SBEA Program.

6. Programs

Program Logic Model and the Financing Market Transformation Strategy

The Connecticut Green Bank has prepared an Evaluation Framework⁷⁹ and developed a Program Logic Model (PLM) that presents the green bank model of attracting and deploying private capital through financing – see Figure 3. In addition to representing graphically how a program is structured, this PLM serves as a foundation for evaluating clean energy deployment through subsidy and financing programs of the Connecticut Green Bank.

FIGURE 3. CONNECTICUT GREEN BANK PROGRAM LOGIC MODEL - INCLUDING SUBSIDIES AND FINANCING



The above figure is a generalized market transformation and impact logic model. It has been adapted to individual Green Bank programs to incorporate the unique circumstances of each of those programs, enabling a clearer definition of program objectives and of metrics for reporting and future evaluation. Additionally, with the continued maturation of the organization's programs, more data are becoming available to quantify and present the societal impacts associated with each program.

As the Green Bank's available capital expands to support more clean energy deployment, increased coordination with utilities is sought. As such, various other key participants have been included in this overall logic model. Beginning by identifying the multitude of interactions that occur across their

⁷⁹ Evaluation Framework – Assessing, Monitoring, and Reporting of Program Impacts and Processes by Opinion Dynamics and Dunsky Energy Consulting for the Connecticut Green Bank (July 2016)

CONNECTICUT GREEN BANK 6. PROGRAMS – PROGRAM LOGIC MODEL

respective programs, the Green Bank and the utilities will be better prepared to accommodate the funding demands of clean energy projects over the short, medium, and long term. In addition, the model facilitates identification and capture of known interventions in the clean energy environment, which may impact the trajectory of the Green Bank's financing efforts over time.

The PLM includes three (3) components – Energize CT Market Environment (including Other Ongoing Market Activities), Green Bank Financing Market Transformation Process, and Societal Impacts.

Energize CT Market Environment

Energize CT is an initiative of the Green Bank, the Connecticut Energy Efficiency Fund, the State, and local electric and gas utilities. The primary objective of the initiative is to deliver energy efficiency programs. It provides Connecticut consumers, businesses, and communities with resources and information they need to make it simple to save energy and build an inclusive clean energy future. Under this umbrella, the electric and gas investor-owned utilities (IOUs) provide information, marketing, and deliver energy efficiency programs that have been approved by the State and supported by the Connecticut Energy Efficiency Fund. Operating under a statutory mandate that all cost-effective energy efficiency be acquired, with guidance from the Connecticut Energy Efficiency Board and its consultants, the utilities offer a variety of programs and encouragements for residential, commercial, and industrial customers to make decisions to participate in these cost-reducing opportunities. A range of methods is used to encourage customers to participate in the programs, among them targeted information, low cost/no cost measures, financial incentives, discounted retail products, and product and project financing. Informed by aggregate consumer and demographic data, the Green Bank promotes its programs and market offerings with direct incentives and financing opportunities in addition to a host of marketing, communication, and outreach tools.⁸⁰

The impetus behind increased coordination among the utility-administered energy efficiency programs and the Green Bank's programs is threefold: 1) more energy savings, and resulting emissions reductions, are expected to be acquired more economically both to the programs and to the project participants, 2) delivery efficiencies and greater savings could be found in coordinating financing that each entity offers to common customer segments within the sphere of program activities that they offer, and 3) coordination through a Joint Committee of the Energy Efficiency Board and the Connecticut Green Bank is required by statute.⁸¹ It is important to note that a number of other ongoing market activities are occurring through Energize CT or outside of the Green Bank's market transformation process. From introducing new products, reducing purchasing barriers, education, and awareness programs to workforce development, and improving building practices – there are a variety of activities that help move the market toward more clean energy deployment.

⁸⁰ Per Public Act 15-194 "An Act Concerning the Encouragement of Local Economic Development and Access to Residential Renewable Energy," the Connecticut Green Bank administers a rebate and performance-based incentive program to support solar PV.

⁸¹ Pursuant to Section 15-245m(d)(2) of Connecticut General Statutes, the Joint Committee shall examine opportunities to coordinate the programs and activities contained in the plan developed under Section 16-245n(c) of the General Statutes [Comprehensive Plan of the Connecticut Green Bank] with the programs and activities contained in the plan developed under section 16-245m(d)(1) of the General Statutes [Energy Conservation and Load Management Plan] and to provide financing to increase the benefits of programs funded by the plan developed under section 16-245m(d)(1) of the General Statutes so as to reduce the long-term cost, environmental impacts, and security risks of energy in the state.

Finance Market Transformation Process

The efforts of the Green Bank are exemplified through the financing market transformation process. This involves accelerating the deployment of clean energy – more customers and "deeper" more comprehensive measures being undertaken – by securing affordable and attractive private capital. The Green Bank can enter the financing process at several points (i.e., from numbers 2 through 4 in the above PLM figure), such as supplying capital through financing offers, marketing clean energy financing, or offsetting clean energy financing risk by backstopping loans, or sharing loan performance data.

Below is a breakdown of each component of the financing market transformation process of the Green Bank:

- Supply of Capital financing programs aim to increase the supply of affordable and attractive capital available to support energy savings and clean energy production in the marketplace. This is done at the Green Bank does this by:
 - a. Providing financing (loans or leases) to customers using Green Bank capital; and/or
 - b. Establishing structures, programs, and public-private partnerships that connect third-party capital with energy savings projects.

Beyond ensuring that financing is available for clean energy projects, the Green Bank's Supply of Capital interventions can lead to, but are not limited to benefits such as:

- a. Reduced interest rates, which lower the cost of capital for clean energy projects;
- b. More loan term options to better match savings cash flows (e.g., longer terms for longer payback projects, early repayment, or deferred first year payments);
- c. Less restrictive underwriting criteria, resulting in increased eligibility and access to financing; and
- d. Increased marketing efforts by lenders to leverage clean energy investment opportunities.

Each of these features is intended to increase uptake of clean energy projects, in order to increase energy savings, clean energy production, and other positive societal impacts. The long-term goal of the efforts is to achieve these attractive features in the market and reduce the need for Green Bank intervention (e.g., program graduation), through the provision of performance data that convinces private capital providers to offer such features on their own.

- Consumer Demand in combination with a comprehensive set of clean energy programs under the Energize CT initiative, offered by the utilities, the Green Bank drives consumer demand for clean energy by marketing financing programs and increasing awareness of the potential benefits stemming from clean energy projects through the range of programs it offers. It should also be noted that through channel marketing strategies (e.g., contractor channels to the customer) success will be determined by an increase in demand for financing. The results of the increased demand are expected to, but are not limited to:
 - a. Increase in the number of clean energy projects; and
 - b. Increase in the associated average savings and/or clean energy production per project.

Increasing affordable and attractive financing offerings in the marketplace is an important component of unlocking consumer demand and driving greater energy savings and clean energy production and is central to the Green Bank's market transformation efforts.

Financing Performance Data – Green Bank gathers and communicates the performance of clean energy financing either through its own programs or for other financing options in the marketplace.⁸² This increases access to valuable information that can help lenders and customers identify promising clean energy investments. Enabling access to this information (i.e., data transparency) is important to encouraging market competition.

Ultimately, data on the performance of Green Bank sponsored financial products is expected to continue to play a pivotal role in attracting private capital to achieve more affordable and accessible financing offerings. As the Green Bank increases access to affordable and attractive capital, and more customers use this financing for clean energy projects, demonstration of strong and reliable project performance is also expected to enable lower interest rates due to a better-informed assumption of risk.⁸³

Financing Risk Profile – Green Bank can help reduce clean energy financing risk profiles in many ways. For example, it can absorb some or all of the credit risk by providing loan loss reserve (LLR) funds and guarantees or taking the first-loss position on investments (i.e., subordinated debt). It can also channel or attract rebates and incentives to finance energy saving projects thus improving their economic performance and lowering the associated performance risk. In the long run, by making clean energy financing performance data available to the market, Green Bank programs increase lenders' and borrowers' understanding of clean energy investment risk profiles, which is expected to enable them to (1) design more affordable and attractive financing products and (2) select projects for financing to reduce risks.

This element of the PLM is key linking role in the Market Transformation feedback loop, leading to longer term impacts, as the market (1) recognizes the expected advantageous risk/return profile associated with clean energy investments and (2) takes further steps to increase the supply of affordable and attractive capital with less Green Bank credit enhancement needed to spark demand for clean energy investments.

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^{82 &}quot;Performance of Solar Leasing for Low- and Middle-Income Customers in Connecticut" by LBNL (May 2021)

⁸³ "Long-Term Performance of Energy Efficiency Loan Portfolios" by SEEAction Network (March 2022) https://emp.lbl.gov/publications/long-term-performance-energy

Ensuring that financing performance and risk profile data are available to the market is important from various perspectives. For a deeper examination and presentation, please see the report by the State Energy Efficiency Action Network.⁸⁴

Societal Impact – Economy, Environment, Energy, and Equity

The efforts of the Green Bank to accelerate and scale-up investment in clean energy deployment lead to a myriad of societal impacts and benefits, including economy (e.g., jobs, tax revenues), environment (e.g., avoidance of emissions, improvement of public health), energy (e.g., reduction of energy burden), and equity (e.g., increase in investment in vulnerable communities).

All the elements of the PLM ultimately aim to maximize the positive impacts of the Green Bank and its programs. The impacts may also include consideration of secondary or indirect benefits such as GDP growth and energy savings supported by lenders who have leveraged Green Bank data or marketing efforts.

Program Summary

The Evaluation Framework and Program Logic Model described above provide the framework for design and implementation of the programs described below. Table 74 summarizes the largest active programs by total investment in FY 2025 and shows the last fiscal year of activity for all other programs.

TABLE 74. TOTAL INVESTMENT BY PROGRAM

Case Number and Program Name	Total	Last Fiscal
120	Investment in	Year of
	FY 2025	Activity
Case 6 – Strategic Investments	\$128,300,000	
Case 1 – Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy (C-PACE)	\$42,950,301	
Case 4 – Energy Storage Solutions ("ESS") Program	\$27,272,815	
Case 3 – Smart-E Loan	\$24,192,280	
Case 7 – Small Business Energy Advantage (SBEA)	\$13,105,243	
Case 8 – Marketplace Assistance Program	\$9,404,634	
Case 2 – CT Green Bank PPA and Commercial Solar Lease	\$5,342,197	
Case 5 – Multifamily Programs (LIME and Pre-Development Loans)		2023
Case 9 – Anaerobic Digestion and Combined Heat and Power Pilot		2017
Programs (Graduated)		2017
Case 10 – CT Solar Loan (Graduated)		2015
Case 11 – CT Solar Lease (Graduated)		2016
Case 12 – Residential Solar Investment Program (RSIP) (Closed)		2022
Case 13 – Low Income Solar Lease and Energy-Efficiency Energy Savings Agreement (ESA) (Closed)		2022

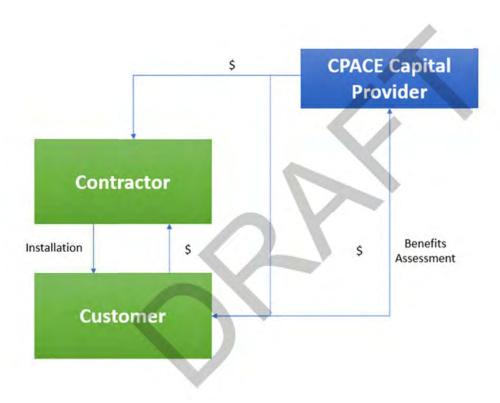
⁸⁴ State and Local Energy Efficiency Action Network. (2014). *Energy Efficiency Finance Programs: Use Case Analysis to Define Data Needs and Guidelines*. Prepared by: Peter Thompson, Peter Larsen, Chris Kramer, and Charles Goldman of Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory. Click here (http://www4.eere.energy.gov/seeaction/publication/energy-efficiency-finance-programs-use-case-analysis-define-data-needs-and-guidelines)

Case 1 – Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy (C-PACE)

Description

Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy (C-PACE) creates an opportunity for building owners to pay for clean energy improvements or clean energy production projects over time through a voluntary benefit assessment on their property. This process makes it easier for building owners to secure low-interest, long-term capital to fund energy improvements and is structured so that energy savings more than offset the benefit assessment, in the case of an energy-saving measure. Certain measures, such as electric vehicle charging stations and resiliency measures, do not have the requirement for savings to offset the benefit assessment.

FIGURE 4. LEGAL STRUCTURE AND FLOWS OF CAPITAL FOR C-PACE



For a municipality to participate in the C-PACE program, its legislative body must pass a resolution enabling it to enter into an agreement with the Connecticut Green Bank to assess and assign benefit assessments against C-PACE borrowers' liabilities. As of June 30, 2025, there are 139 cities and towns signed up for C-PACE (82% of municipalities) representing 79% of commercial and industrial building parcels in Connecticut⁸⁵.

⁸⁵ Based on an analysis of data from Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Geospatial Resource Center's USA Structures dataset: https://gis-fema.hub.arcgis.com/pages/usa-structures.

Key Performance Indicators

The Key Performance Indicators for C-PACE closed activities are reflected in Table 76 through Table 79. These illustrate the volume of projects by year, investment, generation capacity installed, and the amount of energy saved and/or produced. The tables also break down the volume of projects by energy efficiency, renewable generation, or both. Table 75 shows the number of projects and investment by Green Bank and 3rd Party originators. All other tables in the C-PACE Case and Measures of Success sections combine all originators.

TABLE 75. C-PACE PROJECTS BY ORIGINATOR

Entity	31	rd Party		CGB	Total		
FY Closed	# Projects	Total Investment	t # Projects Total Investment		# Projects	Total Investment	
2013			3	\$1,512,144	3	\$1,512,144	
2014			23	\$21,785,167	23	\$21,785,167	
2015			49	\$33,220,821	49	\$33,220,821	
2016	21	\$18,937,024	32	\$17,096,011	53	\$36,033,035	
2017	17	\$6,892,232	21	\$8,391,931	38	\$15,284,163	
2018	38	\$17,555,316	28	\$8,083,058	66	\$25,638,374	
2019	20	\$13,633,936	17	\$6,679,445	37	\$20,313,381	
2020	29	\$21,221,031	15	\$4,463,213	44	\$25,684,244	
2021	25	\$39,767,954	8	\$2,581,654	33	\$42,349,608	
2022	12	\$18,132,141	11	\$6,082,555	23	\$24,214,696	
2023	4	\$13,467,768	11	\$7,274,494	15	\$20,742,262	
2024	3	\$67,654,737	18	\$14,965,064	21	\$82,619,801	
2025	4	\$32,074,298	20	\$10,876,004	24	\$42,950,301	
Total	173	\$249,336,437	256	\$143,011,561	429	\$392,347,998	

Table 75 shows, that since the inception of the Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy Program in 2013, the Green Bank has supported 429 projects, which have enabled over \$392 million of investment – including over \$300 million of that investment from private capital.

TABLE 76. C-PACE PROJECT TYPES AND INVESTMENT BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	EE	Other	RE	RE/EE	Total	FY Closed	Amount Financed	Total Investment	CGB Investment	Private Investment	Leverage Ratio
2013	2			1	3	2013	\$1,051,508	\$1,512,144	\$210,302	\$1,301,842	7.2
2014	6		14	3	23	2014	\$20,322,387	\$21,785,167	\$9,550,120	\$12,235,046	2.3
2015	10		30	9	49	2015	\$32,734,340	\$33,220,821	\$15,285,856	\$17,934,965	2.2
2016	10		35	8	53	2016	\$33,378,735	\$36,033,035	\$7,677,752	\$28,355,283	4.7
2017	5		27	6	38	2017	\$14,658,338	\$15,284,163	\$4,624,486	\$10,659,677	3.3
2018	10	1	46	9	66	2018	\$23,671,214	\$25,638,374	\$5,858,293	\$19,780,081	4.4
2019	2		32	3	37	2019	\$18,097,512	\$20,313,381	\$5,499,415	\$14,813,966	3.7
2020	3		37	4	44	2020	\$24,128,102	\$25,684,244	\$3,854,615	\$21,829,629	6.7
2021	9	1	19	4	33	2021	\$39,976,700	\$42,349,608	\$2,389,891	\$39,959,717	17.7
2022	5		16	2	23	2022	\$24,094,841	\$24,214,696	\$5,050,957	\$19,163,739	4.8
2023	5	2	8		15	2023	\$18,084,686	\$20,742,262	\$6,470,365	\$14,271,897	3.2
2024	4	1	13	3	21	2024	\$82,506,282	\$82,619,801	\$15,420,331	\$67,199,470	5.4
2025	1	3	18	2	24	2025	\$36,609,491	\$42,950,301	\$9,482,782	\$33,467,519	4.5
Total	72	8	295	54	429	Total	\$369,314,135	\$392,347,998	\$91,375,165	\$300,972,833	4.3

TABLE 77. C-PACE PROJECT CAPACITY, GENERATION AND SAVINGS BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	kW	Expected Annual Generation (kWh)	Expected Lifetime Generation (MWh)	Annual Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	Lifetime Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	Annual Cost Savings	Lifetime Cost Savings
2013	101.0	513,495	7,657	2,275	39,195	\$151,607	\$2,538,186
2014	3,631.0	8,957,426	161,244	39,140	764,533	\$2,026,632	\$40,635,908
2015	7,284.5	14,471,025	310,704	34,838	671,490	\$2,500,970	\$58,881,528
2016	6,367.7	15,666,162	282,264	53,664	968,256	\$1,583,753	\$82,055,821
2017	3,916.4	6,199,860	132,379	14,160	276,805	\$585,514	\$15,976,456
2018	7,284.8	10,785,213	237,269	34,520	752,542	\$1,458,330	\$53,603,625
2019	5,154.3	10,730,495	209,951	22,798	478,776	\$1,047,395	\$27,389,709
2020	5,241.4	7,668,911	169,623	27,946	623,214	\$1,437,085	\$34,074,743
2021	2,532.7	4,242,529	88,405	16,406	349,898	\$814,560	\$18,543,669
2022	3,505.0	7,488,933	178,653	28,258	677,194	\$1,306,261	\$38,845,932
2023	1,995.8	5,235,584	92,373	20,582	343,990	\$1,060,782	\$23,243,795
2024	4,528.0	5,383,278	131,634	20,665	506,551	\$1,778,459	\$23,315,295
2025	2,850.5	3,387,127	82,846	12,478	305,684	\$694,248	\$13,999,477
Total	54,393.2	100,730,037	2,085,002	327,728	6,758,127	\$16,445,596	\$433,104,143

Table 77 shows, that since the inception of the Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy Program in 2013, the Green Bank has deployed nearly 55 megawatts of clean energy, which will avoid over \$433 million in energy costs over the life of the projects.

TABLE 78. C-PACE PROJECT AVERAGES BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Average Amount Financed	Average Total Investment	Average kW	Average Annual Energy Saved/Produced	Average Finance Term	Average Finance Rate
		- 10	//	(MMBtu)		
2013	\$350,503	\$504,048	33.7	758	17	5.00
2014	\$883,582	\$947,181	157.9	1,702	18	5.57
2015	\$668,048	\$677,976	148.7	711	18	5.60
2016	\$629,787	\$679,869	120.1	1,013	18	5.66
2017	\$385,746	\$402,215	103.1	373	16	5.58
2018	\$358,655	\$388,460	110.4	523	16	5.71
2019	\$489,122	\$549,010	139.3	616	19	5.91
2020	\$548,366	\$583,733	119.1	635	17	5.93
2021	\$1,211,415	\$1,283,321	76.7	497	17	5.34
2022	\$1,047,602	\$1,052,813	152,4	1,229	18	5.46
2023	\$1,205,646	\$1,382,817	133.1	1,372	19	5.55
2024	\$3,928,871	\$3,934,276	215.6	984	19	5,66
2025	\$1,525,395	\$1,789,596	118.8	520	17	5.62
Total	\$860,872	\$914,564	126.8	764	18	5.65

TABLE 79. C-PACE PROJECT APPLICATION YIELD⁸⁶ BY FY RECEIVED⁸⁷

Yield Status	Approved	Denied	In Review	Withdrawn	Total		
FY Received	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Approved Rate	Denied Rate
2013	25	18		12	55	67%	33%
2014	44	52		49	145	64%	36%
2015	51	54		39	144	63%	38%
2016	44	47		18	109	57%	43%
2017	47	29		22	98	70%	30%
2018	57	11		12	80	86%	14%
2019	42	7		14	63	89%	11%
2020	51	9	1	11	72	87%	13%
2021	30	13	3	8	54	75%	25%
2022	22	5	1	5	33	84%	16%
2023	47	52	1	16	116	55%	45%
2024	27	24	11	11	73	61%	39%
2025	31	15	29	8	83	72%	28%
Total	518	336	46	225	1,125	69%	31%

C-PACE has been used as a financing tool across a wide variety of end-use customers in Connecticut as illustrated by Table 80.

⁸⁶ Applications received are complete initial applications that have been received for C-PACE financing. Applications denied are any initial applications received for C-PACE financing that do not meet programmatic requirements. Projects in review are projects that are being reviewed, either technically or financially, prior to being approved. Projects approved are projects that have gone through technical and financial underwriting and have met all the necessary programmatic requirements. These include projects that have been approved and are waiting to close, projects that have closed, and projects that have completed construction and are in repayment. Projects withdrawn are projects that have been approved at the application stage but have since fallen out of our pipeline for numerous reasons and are no longer active. Projects in this category could have fallen out of our pipeline in the in review or the approved stage.

⁸⁷ This table represents projects whose initial applications have been approved and are proceeding through the C-PACE financing pipeline prior to loan closure.

TABLE 80. TYPES OF END-USE CUSTOMERS PARTICIPATING IN C-PACE

			Activ	vity by Propert	y Type			
Property Type	# Projects	# Project Units	Total Investment	Installed Capacity (MW)	Expected Annual Generation (MWh)	Annual Saved / Produced (MMBtu)	Square Footage	Average Square Footage
Multi-family/apartment (> 5 units)	31	2,024	\$137,175,782	4.3	15,422,649	37,375	1,990,175	64,199
Office	100	100	\$76,469,217	9.2	27,903,155	106,059	6,414,123	64,141
Industrial	112	112	\$66,786,589	18.4	26,400,669	94,758	5,363,955	47,892
Retail	78	78	\$39,106,703	10.2	11,631,569	39,026	2,270,794	29,113
Hotel	7	7	\$18,450,498	1.1	1,348,912	6,513	446,700	63,814
Non-profit	29	29	\$12,149,816	2.2	5,453,373	11,002	1,284,211	44,283
Warehouse & storage	20	20	\$12.091.075	3.1	3,648,669	9,319	980,303	49.015
Education	13	13	\$8,178,101	2.2	2,542,678	7,423	1,106,538	85,118
Nursing Home/Rehab Facility	3	3	\$5,356,621	8.0	877,514	2,931	996,192	332,064
House of Worship	13	13	\$5,236,776	0.6	758.704	536	789,802	60,754
Special Purpose	6	6	\$2,886,981	0.8	1.074.397	3,661	294,949	49,158
Municipal building	1.	- 1	\$2,573,347	0.0	185,760	634	25,458	25,458
Athletic/Recreational Facility	5	.5	\$1,770,344	0.7	756,585	1,263	170,028	34,006
Agricultural	4	4	\$1,745,329	0.6	697,151	555	352.290	88,073
Lab	3	3	\$1,224,519	0.2	1,521,538	5,404	204,642	68,214
Public assembly	4	. 4	\$1,146,301	0,3	506,716	1.269	200.224	50,056
Total	429	2,422	\$392,347,998	54.4	100,730,037	327,728	22,890,384	53,358

To date, 139 municipalities have opted into the C-PACE program resulting in 429 closed projects – see Table 81.

TABLE 81. MUNICIPALITIES PARTICIPATING IN C-PACE

Municipality	Opt in Date	# Closed Projects	# Project Units	Total Investment	Installed Capacity (MW)	Expected Annual Generation (MWh)	Annual Saved / Produced (MMBtu)	Square Footage	Average Square Footage	# Potential Commercial and Industrial Parcels by Municipality ⁸⁸
∖nsonia	9/27/2013	1	1	\$434,676	0.1	113,880	382	38,896	38,896	2,169
√von	4/9/2013	2	2	\$1,308,373	0.1	841,137	2,804	89,764	44,882	1,161
Barkhamsted	7/21/2014	1	1	\$1,010,182	0.3	334,534	1,083	78,450	78,450	171
Beacon Falls	4/11/2013									491
Berlin	10/30/2013	3	3	\$1,978,931	0.7	836,517	2,687	156,680	52,227	1,616
Bethany	9/2/2016	1	1	\$150,300	0	49,517	169	3,820	3,820	170
Bethel	1/24/2014	2	2	\$652,078	0.2	250,536	914	32,420	16,210	1,134
Bloomfield	6/21/2013	5	195	\$13,266,793	1.3	1,633,061	1,662	420,165	84,033	921
Bolton	4/9/2020	1	1	\$268,655	0.1	103,460	383	450	450	166
3ranford	9/9/2013	8	8	\$4,435,249	1.5	1,694,944	5,948	345,623	43,203	2,093
Bridgeport	12/7/2012	21	70	\$9,155,375	1.7	4,360,891	16,665	897,108	42,719	14,171
3ristol	11/19/2014	11	117	\$8,274,531	1.6	6,620,808	11,186	355,425	32,311	4,340
3rookfield	8/5/2013	5	5	\$2,716,734	0.4	1,266,770	2,449	162,785	32,557	996
Burlington	1/12/2016									11

⁸⁸ Commercial building estimates sourced from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Geospatial Resource Center's USA Structures dataset: https://gis-fema.hub.arcgis.com/pages/usa-structures

Municipality	Opt in Date	# Closed Projects	# Project Units	Total Investment	Installed Capacity (MW)	Expected Annual Generation (MWh)	Annual Saved / Produced (MMBtu)	Square Footage	Average Square Footage	# Potential Commercial and Industrial Parcels by Municipality ⁸⁸
Canaan	8/8/2013	1	1	\$445,102	0.1	97,937	436	16,200	16,200	31
Canterbury	11/5/2014									220
Canton	7/9/2013	1	1	\$154,507	0	51,246	176	15,000	15,000	700
Cheshire	10/27/2014	8	8	\$7,021,746	0.6	761,151	3,568	316,349	39,544	1,466
Chester	7/25/2013									256
Clinton	5/29/2013	4	4	\$1,220,369	0.4	584,094	1,167	93,825	23,456	647
Colchester	3/31/2021									775
Columbia	10/21/2014									274
Coventry	6/24/2013									480
Cromwell	4/9/2014	1	1	\$2,114,162	0	1,314,093	4,485	109,032	109,032	1,049
Danbury	10/8/2013	5	5	\$1,359,928	0.5	790,784	1,994	190,038	38,008	6,659
Darien	2/28/2014	9	9	\$66,778,577	0.9	1,048,516	3,788	277,219	30,802	523
Deep River	7/22/2014	1	1	\$42,626	0	35,453	121	5,804	5,804	242
Durham	4/2/2013	1	1	\$507,150	0.2	214,835	-	175,482	175,482	268
East Granby	6/27/2013	1	1	\$335,224	0.1	107,138	321	15,264	15,264	408
East Haddam	8/1/2013	2	2	\$738,811	0.2	236,870	671	41,450	20,725	503
ast Hampton	7/10/2013	_								496
East Hartford	4/11/2013	6	6	\$1,823,626	0.4	759,553	2,995	230,276	38,379	661
East Haven	2/28/2017	3	73	\$1,311,807	0.3	311,234	1,063	68,449	22,816	1,538
East Lyme	9/11/2014	4	4	\$848,400	0.3	326,494	1,091	75,798	18,950	975
East Windsor	11/27/2013	8	8	\$3,526,865	1.2	1,369,976	4,715	259,793	32,474	1,400
Eastford	11/10/2014									103
aston	5/14/2015									14
Ellington	8/27/2014	1	1	\$511,419	0.1	151,460	924	25,760	25,760	1,117
Enfield	1/3/2014	2	2	\$1,604,951	0.5	616,660	2,087	135,102	67,551	2,322
Essex	7/17/2014	2	2	\$1,440,330	0.3	321,779	1,036	134,372	67,186	292
airfield	4/30/2014	9	9	\$3,382,645	0.8	1,049,323	6,356	348,471	38,719	3,258
armington	12/17/2013	8	8	\$2,918,865	0.6	1,748,490	6,309	426,627	53,328	130
ranklin	10/6/2015									175
Glastonbury	6/14/2013	5	5	\$1,743,231	0.5	569,286	2,147	148,313	29,663	1,579
Granby	11/28/2013									339
Greenwich	9/23/2013	1	1	\$66,690	0	25,019	-	12,899	12,899	3,714
Griswold	3/15/2016	1	1	\$152,481	0.1	57,396	169	6,200	6,200	344
Groton	10/21/2013	4	4	\$2,348,162	0.3	1,968,230	7,050	189,324	47,331	2,416
Guilford	3/21/2016	1	1	\$126,062	0	37,694	127	1,932	1,932	738
laddam	9/18/2015									345
lamden	3/3/2014	3	3	\$783,381	0.3	308,956	1,114	83,798	27,933	3,500
Hartford	2/5/2013	31	255	\$28,524,567	2.9	10,608,455	39,715	2,782,398	89,755	11,820
Hebron	12/20/2016									460
Cent	9/17/2014	2	2	\$1,226,148	0.5	620,168	2,229	165,392	82,696	378

Municipality	Opt in Date	# Closed Projects	# Project Units	Total Investment	Installed Capacity (MW)	Expected Annual Generation (MWh)	Annual Saved / Produced (MMBtu)	Square Footage	Average Square Footage	# Potential Commercial and Industrial Parcels by Municipality ⁸⁸
Cillingly	12/9/2014	110,000				((IIIII Ziu)	rootago	Toolago	1,627
Killingworth	5/31/2013	3	3	\$873,165	0.3	284,951	1,013	46,103	15,368	132
_ebanon	5/13/2015									475
edyard	1/14/2016	1	1	\$45,600	0	16,399	-	6,738	6,738	394
itchfield	4/5/2021	1	1	\$2,573,347	0	185,760	634	25,458	25,458	637
√ladison	9/5/2014	3	32	\$565,071	0.2	246,129	461	98,824	32,941	1,341
/lanchester	8/1/2013	10	200	\$5,220,359	1.7	1,929,480	3,083	681,208	68,121	4,103
√lansfield	8/27/2013									1,179
/leriden	5/24/2013	4	91	\$4,660,717	0.6	1,032,988	9,321	628,009	157,002	4,035
∕liddlefield	7/21/2015									191
∕liddletown	3/25/2013	11	11	\$7,016,703	1.4	1,963,804	8,966	455,972	41,452	2,585
∕lilford	8/2/2013	6	6	\$5,597,067	1.8	2,097,715	9,223	304,510	50,752	2,540
Nonroe	3/8/2017									1,230
/lontville	12/4/2013	1	1	\$64,160	0	22,320	76	6,532	6,532	514
Norris	5/25/2022				1					119
Vaugatuck	6/30/2014	2	2	\$1,220,715	0.4	485,243	1,629	57,000	28,500	1,875
New Britain	7/17/2013	19	108	\$26,317,255	4.1	4,780,278	11,340	1,716,579	90,346	7,329
New Canaan	10/24/2014	1	25	\$8,586,722	0		-	72,583	72,583	612
New Fairfield	4/4/2019	_								229
New Hartford	2/6/2018									339
New Haven	12/6/2013	6	101	\$20,034,322	0	149,004	494	255,903	42,651	13,250
New London	6/18/2013	11	59	\$6,760,746	1.2	1,839,984	6,122	502,254	45,659	2,483
New Milford	6/10/2013	5	5	\$1,484,569	0.4	494,558	1,703	109,662	21,932	1,382
Newington	10/29/2014	4	4	\$1,716,384	0.5	588,102	1,941	140,773	35,193	702
Newtown	8/8/2013	5	214	\$7,801,964	0.9	989,913	6,953	399,698	79,940	869
Vorfolk	5/13/2014	_								150
North Branford	5/24/2013	1	1	\$859,605	0.3	340,068	1,080	26,820	26,820	690
North Canaan	12/19/2013	2	2	\$844,655	0.3	361,455	237	160,640	80,320	411
North Haven	7/24/2014	3	3	\$969,386	0.3	370,110	1,331	39,990	13,330	1,185
North Stonington	2/23/2015	2	2	\$1,162,284	0.4	498,225	1,687	100,087	50,044	211
Vorwalk	12/3/2012	5	5	\$9,718,145	0.8	2,376,509	8,600	553,876	110,775	6,281
Norwich	10/7/2013	2	2	\$1,425,761	0.2	226,963	1,407	102,770	51,385	2,168
Old Lyme	1/25/2016			.,,,			.,	, , , , , ,		447
Old Saybrook	2/20/2013	2	2	\$327,064	0.1	100,484	360	40,700	20,350	711
Orange	5/17/2016		_	, ,		,		,		546
Oxford	3/21/2016	2	2	\$1,403,109	0.5	555,734	1,870	119,933	59,967	630
Plainfield	6/14/2016	1	1	\$661,239	0.2	170,820	561	31,000	31,000	1,303
Plainville	6/28/2013	4	4	\$3,317,430	0.9	1,293,116	4,255	264,774	66,194	1,521
Plymouth	2/28/2019					,,	,			24
Pomfret	10/16/2019									249

Municipality	Opt in Date	# Closed Projects	# Project Units	Total Investment	Installed Capacity (MW)	Expected Annual Generation (MWh)	Annual Saved / Produced (MMBtu)	Square Footage	Average Square Footage	# Potential Commercial and Industrial Parcels by Municipality ⁸⁸
ortland	6/9/2016	1	1	\$231,750	0.1	56,940	192	4,500	4,500	912
Preston	1/8/2015									362
outnam	3/5/2013	4	166	\$7,174,963	2	8,006,009	24,224	319,445	79,861	622
Redding	10/20/2015	1	1	\$3,193,134	0.7	834,148	2,931	784,573	784,573	398
Ridgefield	5/2/2018	4	4	\$1,683,839	0.5	731,842	2,469	130,318	32,580	703
Rocky Hill	10/8/2013	3	3	\$528,791	0.1	165,126	828	69,419	23,140	1,531
Salisbury	8/31/2016									536
Seymour	1/27/2014									864
Sharon	2/21/2014									227
Shelton	9/30/2014	2	2	\$648,897	0.1	348,235	696	73,479	36,740	1,735
Simsbury	12/11/2014	1	1	\$851,167	0	268,093	915	42,456	42,456	643
Somers	5/23/2014	2	2	\$1,274,907	0.3	375,348	1,175	62,660	31,330	683
South Windsor	8/29/2014	6	6	\$1,377,840	0.3	350,318	1,014	187,176	31,196	1,204
Southbury	4/11/2013	_								773
Southington	5/15/2013	6	6	\$4,443,805	1.5	1,714,579	5,781	277,627	46,271	2,759
3prague	12/30/2013	_								239
Stafford	9/26/2013	_								1,055
Stamford	4/23/2013	18	131	\$12,670,622	1.1	3,453,843	10,082	1,047,728	58,207	5,303
Stonington	1/27/2014	10	10	\$6,251,586	0.9	4,701,709	14,852	763,006	76,301	1,143
Stratford	2/26/2013	6	6	\$3,955,343	0.3	499,056	1,933	142,888	23,815	3,638
Suffield	5/24/2013									1,093
Thomaston	2/23/2016	1	1	\$264,425	0.1	113,994	426	25,000	25,000	634
Tolland	4/11/2013									333
Forrington	5/8/2013	3	3	\$1,972,466	0	65,775	231	67,023	22,341	3,574
Frumbull	7/31/2013	2	2	\$1,132,895	0.3	318,636	1,170	103,516	51,758	1,243
/ernon	7/22/2013	4	4	\$1,711,800	0.5	579,080	1,824	84,182	21,046	2,026
Vashington	5/20/2019	1	1	\$380,000	0.2	211,646	-	52,987	52,987	304
Vaterbury	5/10/2013	9	11	\$5,589,695	1.2	1,440,923	5,639	291,322	32,369	8,566
Vaterford	8/23/2013	1	1	\$227,739	0.1	87,688	261	11,200	11,200	868
Vatertown	4/11/2014	7	7	\$2,602,295	0.8	1,168,126	4,018	189,804	27,115	1,215
Vest Hartford	1/3/2013	5	296	\$15,217,238	0.6	724,402	88	394,959	78,992	2,963
Vest Haven	5/6/2014	4	4	\$1,644,300	0.4	894,600	2,983	67,706	16,927	3,714
Vestbrook	5/21/2013									584
Veston	9/8/2014	1	1	\$484,704	0.2	229,992	-	48,816	48,816	134
Vestport	2/7/2013	5	5	\$2,613,259	0.2	260,091	3,246	148,926	29,785	1,428
Vethersfield	5/28/2013	1	1	\$195,994	0.1	87,517	-	14,913	14,913	62
Villington	7/2/2014	1	16	\$55,421	0	15,943	48	10,432	10,432	311
Vilton	2/27/2013	2	2	\$836,096	0.2	182,755	-	402,342	201,171	807
Vinchester	1/19/2022	1	1	\$1,448,360	0.4	472,602	1,565	76,339	76,339	333
Vindham	5/1/2013	1	1	\$103,523	0	30,748	83	25,000	25,000	2,402

Municipality	Opt in Date	# Closed Projects	# Project Units	Total Investment	Installed Capacity (MW)	Expected Annual Generation (MWh)	Annual Saved / Produced (MMBtu)	Square Footage	Average Square Footage	# Potential Commercial and Industrial Parcels by Municipality ⁸⁸
Vindsor	5/16/2013	5	5	\$5,525,362	1	2,288,302	7,697	428,828	85,766	1,215
Vindsor Locks	7/30/2015	2	2	\$3,660,692	0.7	786,569	4,340	148,972	74,486	1,127
Voodbridge	5/30/2014	5	5	\$4,405,278	1.4	1,649,859	480	507,941	101,588	244
Voodbury	3/18/2015	1	1	\$52,564	0	17,082	5	4,352	4,352	518
Voodstock	4/15/2016									388
Total	132	429	2,422	\$392,348,003	53.9	100,730,033	327,729	22,890,384	53,358	210,340



Vulnerable Communities

C-PACE has been used to finance projects in Vulnerable Communities throughout Connecticut. As reflected in Table 82, the majority of C-PACE funds have been invested in these communities.

TABLE 82; C-PACE ACTIVITY IN VULNERABLE COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

	nent % of MW % of Total Total	,144 100% 0.1 100%	,167 100% 3.6 100%	,821 100% 7.3 100%	,035 100% 6.4 100%	,163 100% 3.9 100%	,374 100% 7.3 100%	,381 100% 5.2 100%	,244 100% 5.2 100%	,608 100% 2.5 100%	,696 100% 3.5 100%	,262 100% 2.0 100%	,801 100% 4.5 100%	
Total	Total Investment	\$1,512,144	\$21,785,167	\$33,220,821	\$36,033,035	\$15,284,163	\$25,638,374	\$20,313,381	\$25,684,244	\$42,349,608	\$24,214,696	\$20,742,262	\$82,619,801	
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
	# Project Units	m	23	160	279	42	93	143	179	786	454	15	38	
	% of Total	d	24%	40%	9659	24%	46%	38%	40%	63%	49%	80%	52%	
1	MM		6.0	2.9	4.1	6'0	3.4	1.9	2.1	1.6	1.7	1.6	2.3	
	% of Total		39%	42%	48%	28%	42%	30%	28%	56%	18%	52%	868%	
Not Vulnerable	Total Investment		\$8,528,712	\$13,929,332	\$17,223,204	\$4,319,499	\$10,793,393	\$6,154,801	\$7,205,801	\$10,846,357	\$4,314,484	\$10,707,930	\$73,225,663	
	% of Total		35%	1196	78%	16%	37%	23%	10%	32%	5%	9609	24%	
	# Project Units		00	18	218	13	34	10	18	253	10	6	6	
	% of Total	100%	3692	9609	35%	2696	54%	62%	9609	37%	51%	20%	48%	
	WW	0.1	2.8	4.4	2.2	3.0	3.9	3.2	3.1	6.0	1,8	0.4	22	
	% of Total	100%	61%	58%	52%	72%	58%	20%	750%	74%	82%	48%	11%	
Vulnerable	Total Investment	\$1,512,144	\$13,256,454	\$19,291,490	\$18,809,831	\$10,964,665	\$14,844,981	\$14,158,580	\$18,478,443	\$31,503,251	\$19,900,211	\$10,034,333	\$9,394,138	
	% of Total	100%	65%	868%	22%	84%	63%	93%	9006	%89	%86	40%	76%	
	# Project Units	ro-	15	142	19	99	59	133	191	533	444	9	29	
Vintage Vulnerable Community	FY Closed	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	

Income Bands

C-PACE has been used to fund projects in economically diverse locations across the state as reflected by Table 83 for Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) Area Median Income (AMI). It should be noted that C-PACE is not an income targeted program.

TABLE 83. C-PACE ACTIVITY IN LMI QUALIFIED (100% OR BELOW AMI) INCOME BANDS BY FY CLOSED

Vintage AMI			LMI						Not LMI						Total			
FY Closed	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total
2013	2	67%	\$862,128	21%	0.1	100%	1	33%	\$650,016	43%	0.0	%0	m	100%	\$1,512,144	100%	0.1	100%
2014	14	61%	\$13,111,454	9609	2.7	75%	6	3668	\$8,673,712	40%	6.0	25%	23	100%	\$21,785,167	100%	3.6	100%
2015	37	23%	\$10,720,864	32%	5,6	35%	123	77%	\$22,499,958	9689	4.7	965%	160	100%	\$33,220,821	100%	7.3	100%
2016	55	20%	\$7,756,603	22%	1.6	26%	224	80%	\$28,276,431	78%	4.7	74%	279	100%	\$36,033,035	100%	6.4	100%
2017	09	26%	\$8,342,786	55%	2.4	62%	19	24%	\$6,941,377	45%	1.5	38%	79	100%	\$15,284,163	100%	3.9	100%
2018	54	58%	\$11,434,968	45%	2.8	39%	39	45%	\$14,203,407	55%	4.4	61%	93	100%	\$25,638,374	100%	7.3	100%
2019	78	55%	\$11,768,586	58%	2.7	53%	99	45%	\$8,544,795	42%	2.4	47%	143	100%	\$20,313,381	100%	5.2	100%
2020	159	86%	\$17,658,466	9669	5.9	55%	20	119%	\$8,025,778	31%	2.4	45%	179	100%	\$25,684,244	100%	5.2	100%
2021	125	16%	\$17,251,940	41%	6.0	34%	199	84%	\$25,097,668	26%	1.7	%99	786	100%	\$42,349,608	100%	5.5	100%
2022	208	46%	\$15,903,211	%99	6.0	56%	246	54%	\$8,311,484	34%	5.6	74%	454	100%	\$24,214,696	100%	3.5	100%
2023	ri	50%	\$8,986,041	43%	0.1	4%	12	80%	\$11,756,227	57%	1.9	9696	15	100%	\$20,742,262	100%	5.0	100%
2024	58	76%	\$9,394,138	1196	2.2	48%	6	24%	\$73,225,663	9668	2.3	52%	38	100%	\$82,619,801	100%	4.5	100%
2025	105	62%	\$26,342,922	61%	8,0	26%	65	38%	\$16,607,379	39%	2.1	74%	170	100%	\$42,950,301	100%	5.9	100%
Total	929	38%	\$159,534,108	41%	22.7	45%	1,493	62%	\$232,813,890	%65	31.7	28%	2,422	100%	\$392,347,998	100%	54.4	100%

TABLE 84. C-PACE ACTIVITY IN CRA QUALIFIED (80% OR BELOW AMI) INCOME BANDS BY FY CLOSED

	CRA						Not CRA						Total			
Total Investment	stment	% of Total	MW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MM	% of Total
S	\$150,877	10%	0.0	%0	2	9629	\$1,361,267	%06	0.1	96001	m	100%	\$1,512,144	100%	0.1	100%
6\$	\$9,517,724	44%	1.6	43%	14	61%	\$12,267,442	2696	2.1	57%	23	100%	\$21,785,167	100%	3.6	100%
32% \$10	10,550,763	32%	2.3	31%	109	9689	\$22,670,058	68%	5.0	%69	160	100%	\$33,220,821	100%	7.3	100%
Se	\$6,554,519	18%	1.3	50%	525	82%	\$29,478,516	82%	5.1	80%	279	100%	\$36,033,035	100%	6.4	100%
\$6	\$6,267,802	41%	1.9	48%	27	34%	\$9,016,361	9665	2.1	52%	79	100%	\$15,284,163	100%	3.9	100%
S	\$6,266,377	24%	1.8	25%	78	84%	\$19,371,997	3692	5.5	75%	93	100%	\$25,638,374	100%	7.3	100%
51	\$11,309,253	9699	2.5	48%	15	10%	\$9,004,128	44%	2.7	52%	143	100%	\$20,313,381	100%	5.2	100%
\$12	12,056,045	47%	1.4	27%	25	14%	\$13,628,199	53%	3.8	73%	179	100%	\$25,684,244	100%	5.2	100%
\$12	\$14,566,444	34%	0.5	21%	593	75%	\$27,783,164	9699	2.0	20%	786	100%	\$42,349,608	100%	2.5	100%
\$	\$5,719,863	24%	0.2	969	401	88%	\$18,494,832	76%	3.3	94%	454	100%	\$24,214,696	100%	3.5	100%
\$\$	\$8,818,480	43%	0.0	%0	13	87%	\$11,923,782	57%	2.0	100%	15	100%	\$20,742,262	100%	2.0	100%
\$6	\$6,576,847	8%	1.3	58%	12	32%	\$76,042,954	9536	3.2	71%	38	100%	\$82,619,801	100%	4.5	100%
STE	\$13,413,317	31%	9.0	22%	164	9696	\$29,536,984	9669	2.2	78%	170	100%	\$42,950,301	100%	5.9	100%
\$111,	\$111,768,312	28%	15.4	28%	1,682	%69	\$280,579,686	72%	39.0	72%	2,422	100%	\$392,347,998	100%	54.4	100%

Distressed Communities

For a breakdown of C-PACE project volume and investment by census tracts categorized by Distressed Communities - see Table 85. It should be noted that C-PACE is not an income targeted program.

TABLE 85. C-PACE ACTIVITY IN DISTRESSED COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

Vintage Distressed			Distressed						Not Distressed		6				Total			
FY Closed	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total
2013	2	9649	\$800,893	53%	0.0	%0	-	33%	\$711,251	47%	0.1	100%	8	100%	\$1,512,144	100%	0.1	100%
2014	7	30%	\$9,047,808	45%	1.4	40%	16	200%	\$12,737,358	28%	2.2	%09	23	100%	\$21,785,167	100%	3.6	100%
2015	120	75%	\$17,076,960	51%	4.0	54%	40	25%	\$16,143,862	49%	3.3	46%	160	100%	\$33,220,821	100%	7.3	100%
2016	51	18%	\$15,192,562	45%	1,5	23%	228	82%	\$20,840,472	58%	4.9	777%	279	100%	\$36,033,035	100%	6.4	100%
2017	51	9659	\$6,525,193	43%	5.0	51%	28	35%	\$8,758,970	5796	1.9	46%	79	100%	\$15,284,163	100%	3.9	100%
2018	45	48%	056'996'6\$	39%	2.4	32%	48	52%	\$15,671,425	61%	4.9	9689	93	100%	\$25,638,374	100%	7.3	100%
2019	124	87%	\$10,102,595	20%	2.1	40%	19	13%	\$10,210,786	20%	3.1	9609	143	100%	\$20,313,381	100%	5.2	100%
2020	152	85%	\$5,444,051	21%	1.5	59%	72	15%	\$20,240,193	79%	3.7	71%	179	100%	\$25,684,244	100%	5.2	100%
2021	62	10%	\$6,023,312	14%	0.7	27%	707	9606	\$36,326,296	86%	1.9	73%	786	100%	\$42,349,608	100%	5.5	100%
2022	289	64%	\$9,438,022	39%	17	30%	165	36%	\$14,776,674	61%	2.4	70%	454	100%	\$24,214,696	100%	3.5	100%
2023	4	27%	\$9,767,698	47%	0.3	16%	11	73%	\$10,974,564	53%	1.7	84%	15	100%	\$20,742,262	100%	5.0	100%
2024	23	61%	\$6,292,815	8%	17	24%	15	39%	\$76,326,986	95%	3.4	76%	38	100%	\$82,619,801	100%	4.5	100%
2025	129	76%	\$25,299,737	9665	0.3	12%	41	24%	\$17,650,564	41%	2.5	88%	170	100%	\$42,950,301	100%	5.9	100%
Total	1,076	44%	\$130,978,597	33%	18.3	34%	1,346	899	\$261,369,401	%19	36.1	%99	2,422	100%	\$392,347,998	100%	54.4	100%

Environmental Justice Communities

For a breakdown of activity in Environmental Justice Communities – see Table 86.

TABLE 86, C-PACE ACTIVITY IN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

Vintage EJ Community			EJ Community						Not EJ Community	^	1				Total			
FY Closed	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MM	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MM	% of Total
2013	2	96.19	\$800,893	53%	0.0	%0	1	33%	\$711,251	47%	0.1	100%	m	100%	\$1,512,144	100%	0.1	100%
2014	8	35%	\$9,149,365	42%	1.4	40%	15	9659	\$12,635,801	58%	2.2	9609	23	100%	\$21,785,167	100%	3.6	100%
2015	123	7796	\$17,732,964	53%	4.1	57%	37	23%	\$15,487,858	4796	3.1	43%	160	100%	\$33,220,821	100%	7.3	100%
2016	55	20%	\$17,121,630	48%	5.0	31%	224	80%	\$18,911,405	52%	4.4	9669	279	100%	\$36,033,035	100%	6.4	100%
2017	57	72%	\$8,990,633	29%	2.4	62%	22	28%	\$6,293,530	4196	1,5	38%	79	100%	\$15,284,163	100%	3.9	100%
2018	49	53%	\$11,484,639	45%	2.8	38%	44	47%	\$14,153,735	55%	4.5	62%	93	100%	\$25,638,374	100%	7.3	100%
2019	124	87%	\$10,102,595	20%	2.1	40%	19	13%	\$10,210,786	9609	3,1	%09	143	100%	\$20,313,381	100%	5.2	100%
2020	154	86%	\$6,391,138	25%	1.8	34%	25	14%	\$19,293,106	75%	3.4	9699	179	100%	\$25,684,244	100%	5.2	100%
2021	373	47%	\$22,219,304	52%	0.7	58%	413	53%	\$20,130,305	48%	0.	71%	786	100%	\$42,349,608	100%	5.5	100%
2022	290	64%	\$9,599,058	40%	1.1	30%	164	3698	\$14,615,637	9609	2.4	9602	454	100%	\$24,214,696	100%	3.5	100%
2023	5	33%	\$9,866,771	48%	0.3	16%	10	96.19	\$10,875,491	52%	1.7	84%	15	100%	\$20,742,262	100%	5.0	100%
2024	23	6196	\$6,292,815	8%	1.1	24%	15	3668	\$76,326,986	95%	3.4	9692	38	100%	\$82,619,801	100%	4.5	100%
2025	129	76%	\$25,299,737	2669	0.3	12%	41	24%	\$17,650,564	41%	2.5	88%	170	100%	\$42,950,301	100%	5.9	100%
Total	1,392	81%	\$155,051,541	40%	20.2	37%	1,030	43%	\$237,296,456	%09	34.2	%89	2,422	100%	\$392,347,998	100%	54.4	100%

Environmental Justice Poverty Areas

For a breakdown of activity in Environmental Justice Block Groups – see Table 87.

TABLE 87, C-PACE ACTIVITY IN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE POVERTY AREAS BY FY CLOSED

osed # Project Units 3 3 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1								ON.						lotal			
294 3	% of Tot. Total	Total Investment	% of 1 Total	MW	% of 4	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total
4 4 6 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4						m	100%	\$1,512,144	100%	1.0	100%	æ	100%	\$1,512,144	100%	0.1	100%
3 4 4 4 294 3	4%	\$101,557	960	0.0	%0	22	9696	\$21,683,610	100%	3.6	100%	23	100%	\$21,785,167	100%	3.6	100%
4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	5%	\$656,004	5%	0.2	5%	157	9886	\$32,564,817	9686	7.1	9886	160	100%	\$33,220,821	100%	7.3	100%
294 3	1%	\$1,929,067	2%	0.5	8%	275	%66	\$34,103,967	9656	5.9	9626	279	100%	\$36,033,035	100%	6.4	100%
2 294 3	8%	\$2,465,440	16%	0.4	11%	73	95%	\$12,818,723	84%	3.5	89%	79	100%	\$15,284,163	100%	3.9	100%
2 294 3	4%	\$1,517,689	969	0.4	969	88	%96	\$24,120,685	94%	6.9	94%	93	100%	\$25,638,374	100%	7.3	100%
294						143	1009%	\$20,313,381	1009%	5.2	1000%	143	100%	\$20,313,381	100%	5.2	100%
294	1%	\$947,086	4%	0.3	5%	177	%66	\$24,737,158	9696	2.0	9656	179	100%	\$25,684,244	100%	5.2	100%
-	2%	\$16,195,991	38%	0.0	5%	492	9689	\$26,153,617	62%	2.5	9686	786	100%	\$42,349,608	100%	2.5	100%
	960	\$161,036	1%	0.0	960	453	100%	\$24,053,659	%66	3.5	100%	454	100%	\$24,214,696	100%	3.5	100%
2	13%	\$4,874,639	24%	0.0	960	13	87%	\$15,867,623	9692	5.0	1000%	15	100%	\$20,742,262	100%	5.0	100%
2024						38	10096	\$82,619,801	100%	4.5	1000%	38	100%	\$82,619,801	100%	4.5	100%
						170	100%	\$42,950,301	10096	5.9	100%	170	100%	\$42,950,301	100%	5.9	100%
317	13%	\$28,848,511	2%	1.8	3%	2,105	81%	\$363,499,487	93%	52.6	%26	2,422	100%	\$392,347,998	100%	54.4	100%

Ethnicity

The progress made in reaching diverse communities is displayed in the following table.

TABLE 88, C-PACE ACTIVITY BY ETHNICITY CATEGORY BY FY CLOSED

Vintage Race Ethnicity Category # Project Units % of Total Investment % of Total MW % of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MM	% of Total
Majority Asian	194	8%	\$2,915,441	17%	1.1 %1	2%
Majority Black	222		\$31,491,049			966
Majority Hispanic	291		\$48,223,582			
Majority White	1,715	71%	\$309,717,926	79%	40.3	
Total	2 422		\$392 347 998			

Societal Benefits

Ratepayers in Connecticut continue to receive the societal benefits from C-PACE. The program has supported the creation of job years; generated tax revenue for the State of Connecticut; avoided lifetime emission of tons of carbon dioxide, pounds of nitrous oxide, pounds of sulfur oxide, and pounds of particulate matter; and provided public health savings. See Table 89 through Table 92 for impacts since program inception.

TABLE 89. C-PACE JOB YEARS SUPPORTED BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Direct	Indirect/Induced	Total
2013	9	14	22
2014	100	160	261
2015	143	220	363
2016	171	273	445
2017	55	76	131
2018	87	113	199
2019	69	88	157
2020	96	123	219
2021	197	253	451
2022	114	147	261
2023	65	79	144
2024	161	195	356
2025	98	117	214
Total	1,365	1,858	3,223

TABLE 90. C-PACE TAX REVENUES GENERATED BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Individual Income Tax	Corporate Tax	Sales Tax	Property Tax	Total Tax
2013	\$31,502	\$24,496	\$43,753	\$0	\$99,751
2014	\$392,539	\$328,063	\$343,163	\$0	\$1,063,765
2015	\$615,555	\$580,780	\$681,403	\$148,009	\$2,025,746
2016	\$664,544	\$563,482	\$639,164	\$0	\$1,867,189
2017	\$262,165	\$244,335	\$108,236	\$0	\$614,736
2018	\$436,008	\$395,362	\$162,881	50	\$994,252
2019	\$355,571	\$353,491	\$277,138	\$95,015	\$1,081,215
2020	\$493,142	\$414,565	\$428,230	\$0	\$1,335,937
2021	\$1,037,382	\$774,410	\$1,750,961	\$0	\$3,562,754
2022	\$602,180	\$481,440	\$994,642	\$47,785	\$2,126,047
2023	\$338,203	\$363,203	\$893,379	\$0	\$1,594,785
2024	\$1,153,022	\$1,260,858	\$287,857	\$0	\$2,701,738
2025	\$654,054	\$707,790	\$1,070,541	\$0	\$2,432,385
Total	\$7,035,867	\$6,492,275	\$7,681,349	\$290,809	\$21,500,299

TABLE 91. C-PACE AVOIDED EMISSIONS BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Annual CO2 (tons)	Lifetime CO2 (tons)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime CO2 (Tons)	Annual NOX (pounds)	Lifetime NOX (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime NOX (pounds)	Annual SO2 (pounds)	Lifetime SO2 (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime SO2 (pounds)	Annual PM2.5 (pounds)	Lifetime PM2.5 (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime PM2,5 (pounds)
2013	318	4,679	\$44.95	423	6,305	\$33.35	528	7,814	\$26.91	26	383	\$549.29
2014	5,391	95,835	\$99.65	6,847	123,278	577.47	7,731	139,369	\$68.52	448	8,062	\$1,184.56
2015	7,650	166,186	\$91.98	8.047	173,127	\$88.29	7.712	163,815	\$93,31	477	9,894	\$1,545.00
2016	9,333	165,979	\$46.26	9,555	166,674	\$46.06	8,443	139,190	\$55.16	766	13,717	\$559.74
2017	3,563	76,511	\$60.44	2,256	50,737	\$91.15	1,674	38,313	\$120.70	253	5,534	\$835.70
2018	6,255	137,493	\$42.61	3,238	71,044	\$82.46	2,355	51,242	\$114.33	414	9,064	\$646,36
2019	3,592	81,458	\$67.51	1,522	34,476	\$159.52	849	19,063	\$288.49	211	4,767	\$1,153.63
2020	4,248	93,839	\$41.08	1,639	35,477	\$108.65	851	16,477	\$233.94	262	5,663	\$680.62
2021	2,349	49,148	\$48.63	988	21,366	\$111.85	712	15,988	\$149.48	181	3,966	\$602.64
2022	4,039	96,183	\$52.51	2,597	62,789	\$80.44	2,275	54,980	\$91.87	175	4,025	\$1,255.02
2023	2,932	51,729	\$125.08	1.332	23,662	\$273,46	1,129	19,754	\$327.55	232	4,263	\$1,517.75
2024	3,015	73,715	\$209.19	1,397	34,198	\$450.92	1,133	27,670	\$557.29	267	6,554	\$2,352.64
2025	1,897	46,394	\$204.40	879	21,523	\$440.59	713	17,415	\$544.53	168	4,125	\$2,298.64
Total	54,581	1,139,147	\$80.21	40,720	824,654	\$110.80	36,104	711,089	\$128.50	3,878	80,016	\$1,141.95

TABLE 92. C-PACE ECONOMIC VALUE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACT BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Annual Public Health (Low)	Annual Public Health (High)	Lifetime Public Health (Low)	Lifetime Public Health (High)
2013	\$8,806	\$19,901	\$134,682	\$304,304
2014	\$159,789	\$360,989	\$2,960,310	\$6,686,332
2015	\$202,604	\$457,643	\$4,398,037	\$9,933,109
2016	\$274,186	\$619,462	\$5,049,728	\$11,406,319
2017	\$92,782	\$209,564	\$2,143,947	\$4,841,930
2018	\$155,180	\$350,681	\$3,350,990	\$7,572,248
2019	\$44,604	\$101,042	\$986,728	\$2,235,732
2020	\$29,656	\$67,407	\$666,253	\$1,515,011
2021	\$16,155	\$36,705	\$343,839	\$781,664
2022	\$40,586	\$91,923	\$985,511	\$2,232,081
2023	\$19,165	\$43,496	\$348,161	\$790,822
2024	\$21,397	\$48,670	\$524,902	\$1,194,058
2025	\$13,464	\$30,626	\$330,370	\$751,531
Total	\$1,078,374	\$2,438,110	\$22,223,459	\$50,245,141

Financing Program

Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy (C-PACE) is a structure through which commercial property owners can finance clean energy and energy efficiency improvements through a voluntary benefit assessment on their property. A lien, or voluntary benefit assessment, is placed on the improved property as security for the financing, and the Connecticut Green Bank requires lender consent from existing mortgage holders prior to approving a C-PACE project. As of June 30, 20245, 112 banks and specialized lending institutions have provided lender consent for 294 projects — demonstrating that existing mortgage holders see that C-PACE adds adding value to properties and increases net income to the business occupying the building as a result of lower energy prices.

The Connecticut Green Bank administers the C-PACE program as an "open" platform. Private lenders work directly with building owners to finance projects. The lenders and owners then work with the Connecticut Green Bank to approve the project and place the benefit assessment on the property. In addition, the Connecticut Green Bank maintains a warehouse of capital from which it finances C-PACE transactions. Through the warehouse, funds are advanced to either the customer or the contractor during

construction based on the project meeting certain deliverables. Once the project is completed, the construction advances convert to long term financing whereby the property owner pays a benefit assessment over time. Billed at the same time real property taxes are paid on the property, the benefit assessment payments are made by the property owners, to the Connecticut Green Bank or its designated servicer, and funds remitted to the capital providers for the energy improvements financed through C-PACE.

Financial Performance

To date there have been no foreclosures of C-PACE liens in the fiscal year ending on June 30, 2025. As of June 30, 2025, there are seventeen (24) uncured delinquencies with a principal balance outstanding of \$ 14,092,561 or 3.05% of the portfolio.

Marketing

To accelerate the adoption of C-PACE to finance clean energy and energy efficiency projects, the Connecticut Green Bank has implemented marketing efforts that target specific industry verticals. The Green Bank used a group purchase model, in which it aggregated several C-PACE projects at auto retailers and offered interest rate reductions on the portfolio of projects. Connecticut Green Bank continues to work with the State of Connecticut's Department of Economic and Community Development (DECD) to target manufacturing facilities through its Manufacturing Innovation Fund (MIF). Promoted via its multi touch "Energy on the Line" marketing campaign, the Green Bank was able to access \$800,000 through MIF to provide manufacturers an incentive in the form of a grant equal to a 1% interest rate reduction, applied to the total project amount of a closed C-PACE project.

Connecticut Green Bank has also established relationships with contractors and provided them with materials and resources to support their use of C-PACE. Green Bank provides sales materials, serving as both a means of originating projects for the Green Bank and a way of creating more skilled and active C-PACE contractors. The Green Bank is focusing on its contractor network through a broader, organization-wide effort to increase contractor participation. This engagement is intended to foster stronger relationships and improve communication with the contractor base.

Case 2 – CT Green Bank PPA and Commercial Solar Lease Description

The Green Bank has used third-party ownership structures to deploy distributed solar generation in Connecticut in both the Residential and Commercial sectors. These funds are a unique combination of a tax equity investor and a syndicate of debt providers and the Green Bank to support solar PV installations (i.e., rooftop residential lease financing for solar PV and commercial leases and PPAs for rooftop, carport, and ground mount solar PV).

Residential leases were one of the first products to graduate from Green Bank funding, but the organization still actively pursues new projects in the Commercial, Industrial, and Institutional sector for development and sale, and performs asset management functions for its entire owned portfolio of Residential and Commercial operational projects.

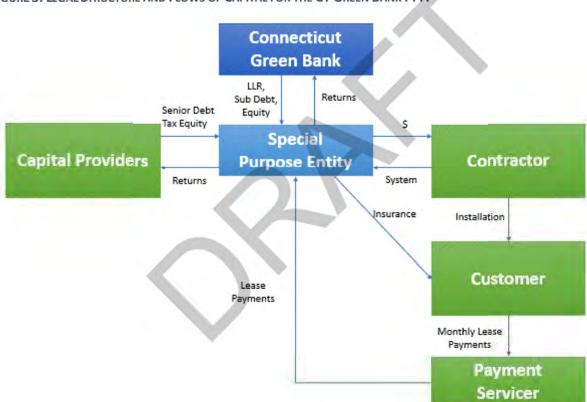


FIGURE 5. LEGAL STRUCTURE AND FLOWS OF CAPITAL FOR THE CT GREEN BANK PPA89

The CT Solar Lease 2 fund was the second "solar PV fund" established using a combination of ratepayer funds and private capital. In developing this fund, which was fully utilized in 2017, the Green Bank sought to innovate both in the types of credits that would be underwritten and via broadening the sources of capital in the fund. Before these innovations by the Green Bank, a fund had not been established that

⁸⁹ It should be noted that the Special Purpose Entity structure includes several entities – CT Solar Lease II, LLC and CEFIA Holdings, LLC that provide different functions.

would underwrite residential solar PV installations as well as installations on a "commercial scale" such as for municipal and school buildings, community oriented not-for-profit structures (all of which can't take advantage of Federal tax incentives due to their tax-exempt status) as well as a vast array of for-profit enterprises. These commercial-scale projects were historically the most difficult to finance: too small to attract investment funds, and similarly if aggregated to a size worthy of investment, comprising off-takers that for the most part are non-investment grade or "unrated" credits that are difficult to underwrite in a manner that would permit deploying solar PV at scale. By prudently assessing these risks and operational issues, the Green Bank was able to obtain the support of the tax equity investor and lenders from Main Street – not Wall Street – in the fund. CT Solar Lease 2 was the first fund to secure solar leases and power purchase agreements using a PACE lien – an innovation that has prompted California to introduce legislation to enable the same security arrangement for its businesses and not for profit organizations. The Green Bank's leadership and innovation was recognized by the Clean Energy States Alliance "State Leadership in Clean Energy" award in 2016, and the Green Bank has continued its work on this front - solely with respect to commercial-scale projects - via a CT Solar Lease 3 fund, as well as through sourcing arrangements to deliver a number of these projects to Onyx Renewables (a Blackstone portfolio company), Inclusive Prosperity Capital, and other regional solar asset owners, so as to accelerate market adoption of financing strategies for this sector. As of FY2025, the CT Solar Lease 3 fund remains active.

Key Performance Indicators

The Key Performance Indicators for PPA and Solar Lease closed activity are reflected in Table 93 through Table 95. These illustrate the volume of projects by year, investment, generation capacity installed, and the amount of energy saved and/or produced.

TABLE 93. CT GREEN BANK PPA AND COMMERCIAL SOLAR LEASE PROJECT TYPES AND INVESTMENT BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	RE	RE/EE	Total	FY Closed	Amount Financed	Total Investment	CGB Investment	Private Investment	Leverage Ratio
2015	16		16	2015	\$10,387,036	\$10,387,036	\$2,700,629	\$7,686,407	3.8
2016	27	1	28	2016	\$15,157,694	\$15,157,694	\$3,988,520	\$11,169,174	3.8
2017	28	2	30	2017	\$25,088,167	\$25,088,167	\$6,157,306	\$18,930,861	4.1
2018	28	1	29	2018	\$17,101,331	\$17,101,331	\$3,885,874	\$13,215,457	4.4
2019	19		19	2019	\$8,135,503	\$8,135,503	\$2,849,490	\$5,286,013	2.9
2020	26		26	2020	\$5,874,254	\$5,874,254	\$3,311,570	\$2,562,684	1.8
2021	12		12	2021	\$4,910,479	\$4,910,479	\$2,007,812	\$2,902,667	2.4
2022	12		12	2022	\$3,900,997	\$3,900,997	\$2,212,780	\$1,688,217	1.8
2023	5		5	2023	\$2,753,140	\$2,753,140	\$1,857,640	\$895,500	1.5
2024	2		2	2024	\$817,215	\$817,215	\$490,329	\$326,886	1.7
2025	6		6	2025	\$5,342,197	\$5,342,197	\$2,599,169	\$2,743,028	2.1
Total	181	4	185	Total	\$99,468,013	\$99,468,013	\$32,061,120	\$67,406,893	3.1

Table 93 shows, that since the inception of the Solar PPA and Lease Program in 2015, the Green Bank has supported 185 projects, which have enabled nearly \$100 million of investment – including over \$67 million of that investment from private capital.

TABLE 94. CT GREEN BANK PPA AND COMMERCIAL SOLAR LEASE PROJECT CAPACITY, GENERATION AND SAVINGS BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	kW	Expected Annual Generation (kWh)	Expected Lifetime Generation (MWh)	Annual Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	Lifetime Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)
2015	3,490.4	3,974,856	99,371	8,680	216,999
2016	5,478.1	6,238,403	155,960	11,065	276,623
2017	11,650.6	13,267,749	331,694	38,007	950,178
2018	8,063.6	9,182,862	229,572	26,920	673,004
2019	3,618.3	4,120,463	103,012	10,340	258,494
2020	2,379.6	2,709,843	67,746	7,616	190,388
2021	1,581.6	1,801,069	45,027	6,145	153,631
2022	1,782.3	2,029,717	50,743	3,911	97,777
2023	1,489.1	1,695,833	42,396	5,786	144,655
2024	380.1	432,858	10,821	1,477	36,923
2025	1,921.5	2,188,216	54,705	7,466	186,655
Total	41,835.2	47,641,869	1,191,047	127,413	3,185,326

Table 94 shows, that since the inception of the Commercial Solar PPA and Lease Program in 2015, the Green Bank has deployed over 41 megawatts of clean energy.

TABLE 95. CT GREEN BANK PPA AND COMMERCIAL SOLAR LEASE PROJECT AVERAGES BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Average Amount Financed	Average Total Investment	Average kW	Average Annual Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)
2015	\$649,190	\$649,190	218.1	542
2016	\$541,346	\$541,346	195.6	395
2017	\$836,272	\$836,272	388.4	1,267
2018	\$589,701	\$589,701	278,1	928
2019	\$428,184	\$428,184	190.4	544
2020	\$225,933	\$225,933	91.5	293
2021	\$409,207	\$409,207	131.8	512
2022	\$325,083	\$325,083	148.5	326
2023	\$550,628	\$550,628	297.8	1,157
2024	\$408,608	\$408,608	190.1	738
2025	\$890,366	\$890,366	320.3	1,244
Total	\$537,665	\$537,665	226.1	689

⁹⁰ The Green Bank currently estimates annual savings and is in the process or reviewing and updating this methodology to include actual savings where possible.

The types of Commercial end-use customers participating in the PPA and Solar Lease program are shown in Table 96.

TABLE 96. TYPES OF END-USE CUSTOMERS PARTICIPATING IN CT GREEN BANK PPA AND COMMERCIAL SOLAR LEASE

Property Type	# Projects	# Project Units	Total Investment	Installed Capacity (MW)	Expected Annual Generation (MWh)
Education	70	70	\$45,946,277	20.7	23,586,176
Municipal building	22	22	\$13,608,339	6.0	6,810,070
Office	19	19	\$8,922,629	3.7	4,196,603
Multi-family/apartment (> 5 units)	24	1,688	\$8,207,807	3.1	3,507,641
Non-profit	9	9	\$4,293,228	1.6	1.790,547
Agricultural	3	3	\$3,714,971	1.8	2,062,481
House of Worship	11	11	\$3,122,089	0.6	633,970
Industrial	2	2	\$3,079,445	1.2	1,373,962
Athletic/Recreational Facility	9	9	\$2,916,050	1.2	1,387,913
Warehouse & storage	2	2	\$2,047,520	0.9	982,466
Special Purpose	7	7.	\$1,654,950	0.5	560,085
Nursing Home/Rehab Facility	4	4	\$1,209,098	0.4	462,364
Public assembly	-2	2	\$376,612	0.1	139,549
Retail	1	1	\$369,000	0.1	148,044
Total	185	1,849	\$99,468,013	41.8	47,641,869

Customer Savings

Customer savings are estimated based on the difference between the cost of electricity for a customer using a Green Bank supported solar PV system and the cost of that electricity had it been purchased from the customer's utility. For commercial customers, savings is strictly the difference between the utility rate and a customer's contractual PPA rate all multiplied by the Solar PV Generation.

TABLE 97. CT GREEN BANK PPA AND COMMERCIAL SOLAR LEASE ANNUAL SAVINGS 91 92

Fiscal Year	Annual Savings	Cumulative # of Meters	Generation kWh ¹⁹²	kW Installed
2015	\$4,627	14	232,944	922
2016	\$61,846	52	3,311,532	5,271
2017	\$112,902	99	8,145,045	10,692
2018	\$368,680	122	13,190,003	14,400
2019	\$687,006	131	16,013,706	17,030
2020	\$716,966	143	20,989,049	19,682
2021	\$646,844	143	20,523,980	19,682
2022	\$735,822	143	20,770,772	19,682
2023	\$3,553,973	143	42,201,589	19,682
2024	\$1,814,378	143	21,380,599	19,682
2025	\$1,110,885	143	17,248,050	19,682
Total	\$9,813,927	143	184,007,270	19,682

⁹¹ All data points required to calculate annual savings for each meter may not be available yet as we wait on data ingestion.

⁹² Historical data in this table may slightly differ from prior reports due to updated figures or adjustments in reporting methodology.

Vulnerable Communities

PPA and Commercial Solar Lease projects have been developed and financed in Vulnerable Communities throughout Connecticut since the products' inception, as reflected in Table 98.

TABLE 98. CT GREEN BANK PPA AND COMMERCIAL SOLAR LEASE ACTIVITY IN VULNERABLE COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

Vintage Vulnerable Community			Vulnerable						Not Vulnerable		-				Total			
FY Closed	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MM	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total
2015	9	38%	\$2,532,852	24%	6.0	25%	10	63%	\$7,854,184	76%	5.6	75%	16	100%	\$10,387,036	100%	3.5	100%
2016	442	9689	\$2,256,615	15%	0.7	12%	208	32%	\$12,901,080	85%	4.8	9688	059	100%	\$15,157,694	100%	5.5	100%
2017	257	94%	\$13,843,850	55%	9.9	57%	16	969	\$11,244,317	45%	5.0	43%	273	100%	\$25,088,167	100%	11.7	100%
2018	37	71%	\$11,557,784	9689	5.5	%89	15	29%	\$5,543,547	32%	5.6	32%	52	100%	\$17,101,331	100%	8.1	100%
2019	459	9686	\$5,168,093	64%	2.4	9659	00	2%	\$2,967,410	36%	1.3	35%	467	100%	\$8,135,503	100%	3.6	100%
2020	250	95%	\$1,398,279	24%	9.0	23%	21	8%	\$4,475,976	9692	1.8	777%	271	100%	\$5,874,254	100%	2.4	100%
2021	2	1796	\$1,931,769	3996	0.1	7%	10	83%	\$2,978,710	61%	1.5	93%	12	100%	\$4,910,479	100%	1.6	100%
2022	98	916	\$561,428	14%	0.2	13%	6	%6	\$3,339,569	86%	1.6	87%	95	100%	23,900,997	100%	1,8	100%
2023	4	9608	\$1,848,950	96.19	1,3	85%	1	20%	\$904,190	33%	0.2	15%	2	100%	\$2,753,140	100%	1.5	100%
2024							2	10096	\$817,215	100%	0.4	10096	2	100%	\$817,215	100%	0.4	100%
2025	m	9605	\$1,474,310	28%	0.4	23%	3	20%	\$3,867,887	72%	1.5	777%	9	100%	\$5,342,197	100%	1.9	100%
Total	1,546	84%	\$42,573,929	43%	18.6	44%	303	16%	\$56,894,084	21%	2	26%	1,849	100%	\$99,468,013	100%	41.8	100%

Income Bands

Table 99 and Table 100 for Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) Area Median Income (AMI). It should be noted that these PPA and Commercial Solar The PPA and Commercial Solar Lease program has been used to fund projects in economically diverse locations across the state as reflected by Lease funds are not part of an income targeted program.

TABLE 99. CT GREEN BANK PPA AND COMMERCIAL SOLAR LEASE ACTIVITY IN LMI QUALIFIED (100% OR BELOW AMI) INCOME BANDS BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	MW	3.5	5.5	11.7	8.1	3.6	2.4	1.6	1.8	1.5	0.4	1.9	41.8
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment	\$10,387,036	\$15,157,694	\$25,088,167	\$17,101,331	\$8,135,503	\$5,874,254	\$4,910,479	\$3,900,997	\$2,753,140	\$817,215	\$5,342,197	\$99 468 013
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	16	920	273	52	467	172	12	95	S	2	9	1.849
	% of Total	3692	94.46	9699	55%	39%	77%	93%	%06	15%	100%	77%	68%
B	MW	5.6	5.3	7.7	4.4	1.4	1.00	1.5	1.6	0.2	0.4	1.5	28.5
	% of Total	2694	9696	64%	53%	41%	9692	61%	88%	33%	100%	72%	68%
Not LMI	Total Investment	\$7,936,084	\$14,533,392	\$15,936,595	\$9,116,081	\$3,368,262	\$4,475,976	\$2,978,710	\$3,438,569	\$904,190	\$817,215	\$3,867,887	\$67.372.960
	% of Total	%69	88%	17%	81%	49%	8%	83%	%86	50%	100%	20%	26%
	# Project Units	11	575	46	42	228	21	10	93	-	2	3	1.032
	% of Total	24%	3%	34%	45%	61%	23%	7%	10%	85%	1	23%	32%
	MW	6.0	0.2	3.9	3.6	2.2	9.0	0.1	0.2	13		0.4	13.4
	% of Total	24%	4%	36%	47%	965	24%	39%	12%	96.29		28%	32%
TWI	Total Investment	\$2,450,952	\$624,303	\$9,151,572	\$7,985,250	\$4,767,241	\$1,398,279	\$1,931,769	\$462,428	\$1,848,950		\$1,474,310	\$32,095,053
	% of Total	31%	12%	83%	19%	51%	95%	17%	5%	80%		20%	44%
	# Project Units	2	75	227	10	239	250	2	2	4		m	817
Vintage AMI LMI Qualified	FY Closed	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total

TABLE 100. CT GREEN BANK PPA AND COMMERCIAL SOLAR LEASE ACTIVITY IN CRA QUALIFIED (80% OR BELOW AMI) INCOME BANDS BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	2 100%	2 100%			%001 9			8 100%		4 100%	%001 6	8 100%
	MW	3.5	5.5	11.7	8.1	3.6	2.4	1.6	1.8	1.5	0.4	1.9	41.8
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment	\$10,387,036	\$15,157,694	\$25,088,167	\$17,101,331	\$8,135,503	\$5,874,254	\$4,910,479	\$3,900,997	\$2,753,140	\$817,215	\$5,342,197	\$99,468,013
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	16	650	273	52	467	271	12	95	20	2	9	1,849
	% of Total	%66	9688	9689	76%	77%	86%	93%	87%	58%	100%	83%	%62
	WW	3.5	4.8	8.0	6.1	2.8	2.0	1.5	1.6	6.0	0.4	1,6	33.1
	% of Total	9666	85%	%99	26%	777%	8796	61%	86%	9699	100%	81%	78%
Not CRA	Total Investment	\$10,295,032	\$12,901,080	\$16,599,584	\$12,917,954	\$6,244,745	\$5,134,918	\$2,978,710	\$3,339,569	\$1,809,012	\$817,215	\$4,336,881	\$77,374,699
	% of Total	94%	32%	8%	45%	5%	966	83%	966	%09	100%	96.29	18%
	# Project Units	15	208	22	22	10	24	10	6	m	2	4	329
	% of Total	1%	12%	32%	24%	23%	14%	2%	13%	45%		17%	21%
	WW	0.0	0.7	3.7	5.0	8.0	0.3	0.1	0.2	9.0		0.3	8.8
	% of Total	1%	15%	34%	24%	23%	13%	39%	14%	34%		19%	22%
CRA	Total Investment	\$92,004	\$2,256,615	\$8,488,583	\$4,183,378	\$1,890,758	\$739,336	\$1,931,769	\$561,428	\$944,128		\$1,005,316	\$22,093,314
	% of Total	%9	68%	9536	58%	%86	91%	17%	91%	40%		33%	82%
	# Project Units	-	445	251	30	457	247	2	98	2		2	1,520
Vintage CRA Qualified	FY Closed	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total

Distressed Communities

For a breakdown of PPA and Commercial Solar Lease project volume and investment by census tracts categorized by Distressed Communities - see Table 101. It should be noted that the PPA and Commercial Solar Lease is not an income targeted program.

TABLE 101. CT GREEN BANK PPA AND COMMERCIAL SOLAR LEASE ACTIVITY IN DISTRESSED COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	MM	3.5	5.5	11.7	8.1	3.6	2.4	1.6	1.8	1.5	6.0	1.9	41.8
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment	\$10,387,036	\$15,157,694	\$25,088,167	\$17,101,331	\$8,135,503	\$5,874,254	\$4,910,479	\$3,900,997	\$2,753,140	\$817,215	\$5,342,197	\$99,468,013
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	16	650	273	52	467	271	12	95	2	2	9	1,849
	% of Total	9696	94.6	78%	38%	86%	9696	93%	9606	15%	100%	83%	75%
	MM	3.4	5.3	9.1	3.1	3.1	2.3	1.5	1,6	0.2	0.4	1.6	31.5
1	% of Total	9696	%96	77%	39%	86%	9696	61%	88%	33%	100%	81%	%94
Not Distressed	Total Investment	\$10,015,169	\$14,600,224	\$19,342,264	\$6,588,015	\$7,013,955	\$5,649,943	\$2,978,710	\$3,438,569	\$904,190	\$817,215	\$4,336,881	\$75,685,135
	% of Total	9688	93%	84%	9662	78%	35%	83%	%86	20%	100%	%49	%62
	# Project Units	14	909	529	41	363	95	10	93	-	2	4	1,457
	% of Total	4%	3%	22%	9679	14%	4%	7%	10%	85%		17%	25%
	MW	0.1	0.2	2.5	2.0	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.2	1.3		0.3	10.3
	% of Total	49%	4%	23%	61%	14%	4%	39%	12%	96.29		19%	24%
Distressed	Total Investment	\$371,867	\$557,470	\$5,745,903	\$10,513,316	\$1,121,548	\$224,311	\$1,931,769	\$462,428	\$1,848,950		\$1,005,316	\$23,782,878
	% of Total	13%	7%	16%	21%	22%	9659	17%	5%	%08		33%	21%
	# Project Units	2	45	44	11	104	176	2	2	4		2	392
Vintage Distressed	FY Closed	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total

Environmental Justice Communities

For a breakdown of activity in Environmental Justice Communities – see Table 102.

TABLE 102. CT GREEN BANK PPA AND COMMERCIAL SOLAR LEASE ACTIVITY IN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

			EJ Community						Not El Community	λ					Total			
# Project Units	% 5	% of To Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WM	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total
	3 15	9661	\$453,767	4%	0.2	2%	13	81%	\$9,933,269	9696	3.3	9856	16	100%	\$10,387,036	100%	3.5	100%
4	15	79%	\$557,470	4%	0.2	3%	909	93%	\$14,600,224	9696	5.3	96.26	059	100%	\$15,157,694	100%	5.5	100%
4.	11 9	17%	\$10,319,111	41%	5.5	45%	227	83%	\$14,769,056	59%	6.5	55%	273	100%	\$25,088,167	100%	11.7	100%
	2 2	23%	\$11,208,422	9699	5.3	%99	40	77%	\$5,892,909	34%	2.8	34%	52	100%	\$17,101,331	100%	1.8	100%
2	104 22	22%	\$1,121,548	14%	0.5	14%	363	78%	\$7,013,955	86%	3.1	86%	467	100%	\$8,135,503	100%	3.6	100%
-	176 65	9659	\$224,311	4%	0.1	4%	95	35%	\$5,649,943	9696	2.3	9696	271	100%	\$5,874,254	100%	2.4	100%
	2 1	17%	\$1,931,769	39%	0.1	7%	10	83%	\$2,978,710	61%	1,5	93%	12	100%	\$4,910,479	100%	1.6	100%
	2	5%	\$462,428	12%	0.2	10%	93	9886	\$3,438,569	88%	1.6	%06	95	100%	\$3,900,997	100%	1.8	100%
	4 8(80%	\$1,848,950	%19	1.3	85%	0	20%	\$904,190	33%	0.5	15%	5	100%	\$2,753,140	100%	1.5	100%
							2	100%	\$817,215	10096	0.4	100%	2	100%	\$817,215	100%	0.4	100%
	2 33	33%	\$1,005,316	19%	0.3	17%	4	9629	\$4,336,881	81%	1.6	83%	9	100%	\$5,342,197	100%	1.9	100%
~	396 21	21%	\$29,133,092	59%	13.3	32%	1,453	262	\$70,334,921	71%	28.5	%89	1,849	100%	\$99,468,013	100%	811.8	100%

Environmental Justice Poverty Areas

For a breakdown of activity in Environmental Justice Block Groups – see Table 103.

TABLE 103. CT GREEN BANK PPA AND COMMERCIAL SOLAR LEASE ACTIVITY IN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE POVERTY AREAS BY FY CLOSED

Vintage El			Yes						No		-				Total			
FY Closed		% of Total	# Project % of Total Investment Units Total	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MM	% of #	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total
510	1	969	\$81,900	1%	0.0	1%	15	94%	\$10,305,136	9666	3.5	%66	16	100%	\$10,387,036	100%	3.5	100%
910							059	10096	\$15,157,694	100%	5.5	10096	920	100%	\$15,157,694	100%	5.5	100%
2017	2	1%	\$4,573,208	18%	2.7	23%	271	%66	\$20,514,959	82%	0.6	77%	273	100%	\$25,088,167	100%	11.7	100%
2018	3	969	\$4,164,416	24%	1.9	24%	49	94%	\$12,936,915	3692	6.2	9692	52	100%	\$17,101,331	100%	8.1	100%
2019							467	100%	\$8,135,503	100%	3.6	100%	467	100%	\$8,135,503	100%	3.6	100%
020							271	100%	\$5,874,254	100%	2.4	100%	271	100%	\$5,874,254	100%	2.4	100%
1200							12	100%	\$4,910,479	100%	1.6	100%	12	100%	\$4,910,479	100%	1.6	100%
2022							95	100%	\$3,900,997	100%	1.8	100%	95	100%	\$3,900,997	100%	1.8	100%
2023							5	10096	\$2,753,140	100%	1.5	100%	S	100%	\$2,753,140	100%	1.5	100%
2024							2	100%	\$817,215	10096	0.4	100%	2	100%	\$817,215	100%	0.4	100%
5025							9	100%	\$5,342,197	100%	1.9	100%	9	100%	\$5,342,197	100%	1.9	100%
fotal	9	%0	\$8,819,524	%6	4.6	11%	1,843	100%	\$90,648,489	91%	37.2	89%	1,849	100%	\$99,468,013	100%	41.8	100%

Ethnicity

The progress made in reaching diverse communities is displayed in the following table.

TABLE 104. CT GREEN BANK PPA AND COMMERCIAL SOLAR LEASE ACTIVITY BY ETHNICITY CATEGORY BY FY CLOSED

VITILAGE NACE CUITICITY CATEGORY	icity category # Project Units 78 of fotal	20 01 1019	lotal investment % of lotal MW % of lotal	76 OF 10tal	MM	70 OT 10 tal
Majority Asian	192	10%	\$2,111,739	5%		
Majority Black	105	69		10%		
Majority Hispanic	124	7%		%6	3.4	8%
Majority White	1,428	77%		78%		
Total	1,849	100%		100%		

Societal Benefits

Ratepayers in Connecticut continue to receive the societal benefits of the PPA and CT Solar Lease. The program has supported the creation of job years; generated tax revenue for the State of Connecticut; avoided lifetime emission of tons of carbon dioxide, pounds of nitrous oxide, pounds of sulfur oxide, and pounds of particulate matter; and provided public health savings. See Table 105 through Table 108 for impacts since program inception.

TABLE 105. CT GREEN BANK PPA AND COMMERCIAL SOLAR LEASE JOB YEARS SUPPORTED BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Direct	Indirect/Induced	Total
2015	35	56	91
2016	52	82	133
2017	78	101	179
2018	53	68	121
2019	25	33	58
2020	19	26.	44
2021	15	20	35
2022	12	16	28
2023	5	6	12
2024	2	2	3
2025	10	12	23
Total	306	421	727

TABLE 106. CT GREEN BANK PPA AND COMMERCIAL SOLAR LEASE TAX REVENUES GENERATED BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Individual Income Tax	Corporate Tax	Sales Tax	Property Tax	Total Tax
2015	\$152,232	\$164,645	\$0	\$0	\$316,877
2016	\$222,151	\$240,265	\$0	\$0	\$462,416
2017	\$392,404	\$424,417	\$0	\$0	\$816,821
2018	\$267,482	\$289,303	\$0	\$0	\$556,785
2019	\$127,247	\$137,628	50	\$0	\$264,876
2020	\$91,879	\$99,375	\$0	50	\$191,254
2021	\$76,805	\$83,071	\$0	\$0	\$159,875
2022	\$61,015	\$65,993	\$0	\$0.	\$127,009
2023	\$37,853	\$64,947	\$0	\$0	\$102,800
2024	\$11,236	\$19,278	\$0	50	\$30,514
2025	\$73,450	\$126,022	\$0	\$0	\$199,472
Total	\$1,513,755	\$1,714,943	\$0	\$0	\$3,228,698

TABLE 107. CT GREEN BANK PPA AND COMMERCIAL SOLAR LEASE AVOIDED EMISSIONS BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Annual CO2 (tons)	Lifetime CO2 (tons)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime CO2 (Tons)	Annual NOX (pounds)	Lifetime NOX (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime NOX (pounds)	Annual SO2 (pounds)	Lifetime SO2 (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime SO2 (pounds)	Annual PM2.5 (pounds)	Lifetime PM2.5 (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime PM2.5 (pounds)
2015	2,300	57,508	\$46.96	2,728	68,202	\$39.60	2,752	68,803	\$39.25	199	4,969	\$543.54
2016	3,556	88,906	\$44.86	3,684	92,092	\$43.31	2.567	64,180	\$62.15	312	7,798	\$511.48
2017	7,531	188,281	\$32.70	3,910	97,746	\$62,99	3,141	78,516	578.42	631	15,766	\$390.54
2018	5,162	129,041	\$30.11	2,374	59,362	\$65.46	1,788	44,711	\$86.91	426	10,662	\$364.45
2019	2,322	58,060	\$49.08	1,064	26,589	\$107.17	767	19,181	\$148.56	177	4,431	\$643.03
2020	1,523	38,063	\$87.00	832	20,791	\$159,28	579	14,486	\$228.60	97	2,424	\$1,366.24
2021	994	24,856	\$80.78	370	9,262	\$216.77	162	4,058	5494.84	61	1,533	\$1,309.74
2022	1,131	28,276	\$78.26	494	12,352	\$179,14	365	9,115	\$242.77	90	2,257	\$980.45
2023	950	23,742	578.24	441	11.023	\$168.53	356	8.903	\$208,65	85	2,120	\$876.33
2024	242	6,060	\$80.91	113	2,814	\$174.27	91	2,273	\$215,77	22	541	\$906.22
2025	1,225	30,635	\$84.84	569	14,223	\$182.74	460	11,488	\$226,25	109	2,735	\$950.24
Total	26,937	673,427	\$47.61	16,578	414,457	\$77.36	13,029	325,713	\$98.43	2,209	55,236	\$580.44

TABLE 108. CT GREEN BANK PPA AND COMMERCIAL SOLAR LEASE ECONOMIC VALUE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACT BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Annual Public Health (Low)	Annual Public Health (High)	Lifetime Public Health (Low)	Lifetime Public Health (High)
2015	\$77,112	\$174,099	\$1,927,805	\$4,352,467
2016	\$121,025	\$273,242	\$3,025,626	\$6,831,052
2017	\$108,235	\$245,035	\$2,705,882	\$6,125,881
2018	\$51,645	\$117,168	\$1,291,129	\$2,929,209
2019	\$24,840	\$56,329	\$620,997	\$1,408,223
2020	\$19,913	\$45,104	\$497,819	\$1,127,604
2021	\$7,204	\$16,390	\$180,107	\$409,743
2022	\$8,119	\$18,470	\$202,972	\$461,761
2023	\$6,783	\$15,432	\$169,583	\$385,802
2024	\$1,731	\$3,939	\$43,286	\$98,475
2025	\$8,753	\$19,913	\$218,822	\$497,819
Total	\$435,361	\$985,121	\$10,884,027	\$24,628,036

Financing Program

The CT Solar Lease 2 fund was a financing structure developed in partnership with a tax equity investor (i.e., U.S. Bank) and a syndicate of local lenders (i.e. Key Bank and Webster Bank) that used a credit

CONNECTICUT GREEN BANK 6. PROGRAMS – CT GREEN BANK PPA AND COMMERCIAL LEASE

enhancement (i.e., \$3,500,000 loan loss reserve), 93 in combination with \$2.3 million in subordinated debt and \$11.5 million in sponsor equity from the Connecticut Green Bank as the "member manager" to provide approximately \$80 million in lease financing for residential and commercial solar PV projects. Through the product, the Connecticut Green Bank lowered the barriers to Connecticut residential and commercial customers seeking to install solar PV with no up-front investment, thus increasing demand, while at the same time reducing the market's reliance on subsidies through the RSIP or being more competitive in a reverse auction through the Zero Emission Renewable Energy Credit (ZREC) program. As a lease (or PPA for certain commercial customers), capital provided to consumers through the CT Solar Lease is now being returned to the Connecticut Green Bank, the tax equity investor, and the lenders it is not a subsidy. The financial structure of the CT Solar Lease product, both historically and on an ongoing basis through the CT Solar Lease 3 fund, includes origination by contractors, servicing of lease and PPA payments, insurance and "one call" system performance and insurance resolution, and financing features in combination with the support of the Connecticut Green Bank, whereas under the partnerships with entities such as Onyx Renewables, Inclusive Prosperity Capital and other regional solar asset owners, the Connecticut Green Bank originates projects together with local contractors, but the partner entities then hold the ongoing ownership and asset management responsibilities. In some cases, the Connecticut Green provides construction and / or term loan financing to the partner entities.

Financial Performance

To date there are no defaults and as of June 30, 2025, there are 17 delinquencies totaling \$25,827.

Marketing

To increase the deployment of solar power through the PPA, the Green Bank has used a few channels. In 2020, the Green Bank introduced the Solar Municipal Assistance Program (MAP) (fater renamed to Solar Marketplace Assistance Program Plus to reflect the program's expanding capabilities to serve other markets), to make it easier for municipalities, affordable multifamily property owners and tenants, and agencies of the State of Connecticut to access renewable energy and energy storage and achieve energy savings and resiliency at their buildings. Solar MAP provides technical assistance through every step of the process so eligible properties can realize all the cost-saving benefits of installing solar and storage with fewer challenges and roadblocks.

The Green Bank also promotes the PPA and and Solar Lease through its contractor network through a broader, organization-wide effort to increase contractor participation in Green Bank Programs. This engagement is intended to foster stronger relationships and improve communication with the contractor base.

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⁹³ From repurposed American Recovery and Reinvestment Act funds.

Case 3 - Smart-E Loan

Description

The Smart-E residential loan program is a financing program developed in partnership with Energize CT and local lenders that uses a credit enhancement (i.e., \$2,603,448 loan loss reserve)⁹⁴ to stimulate the market for residential energy efficiency, solar, storage, resilience, and health and safety loans in Connecticut. Through the product, the Connecticut Green Bank lowers the cost of capital for Connecticut residential customers seeking to install solar PV, high efficiency heating and cooling equipment, insulation, resilience or other home energy upgrades and reduces the loan performance risks to lenders. The \$2.6 million loan loss reserve is used to encourage lenders to offer below market interest rates and longer terms for unsecured loans, mitigates their losses, and encourages customers to undertake measures that would prove uneconomical at higher interest rates. In Fiscal year 2019, Inclusive Prosperity Capital (IPC) began managing the day-to-day operations of the Smart-E Loan program. With support from the Hewlett Foundation, and in partnership with Michigan Saves, IPC developed a new online platform for contractors and lenders. In doing so, IPC is soliciting other Green Banks and similar organizations around the country, to use the new platform to bring overall costs down for all programs.

The Smart-E Loan was designed to make it easy and affordable for homeowners to make energy efficiency and clean energy improvements to their homes with no out-of-pocket cash and at interest rates low enough and repayment terms long enough to make the improvements "cash flow positive." At the same time, the Green Bank was intentional in opening conversations with local lenders to demonstrate the value of loans that would help their existing customers with burdensome energy costs and serve as an effective marketing tool to attract new relationships. In return for a "second loss" reserve which would be available beyond an agreed "normal" level of loan losses, lenders agreed to lengthen their terms and lower their rates. The end result is a successful loan product that has enabled thousands of homeowners throughout the state to lower energy costs and make their homes more comfortable in the summer heat or cold winter months.

In fiscal year 2024, the program was expanded to cover a set of resilience measures ranging from elevation of critical equipment, to drainage and waterproofing, septic replacement and repair, floodproofing, and well replacement and repair. The program is looking to bring online a handful of additional measures that will help combat climate change and its impacts.

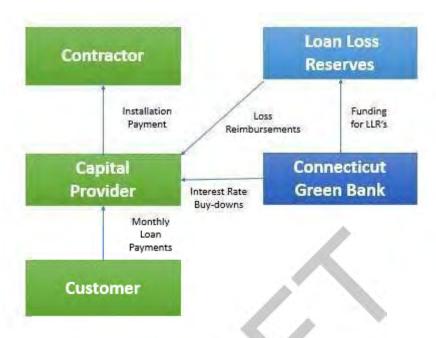
The financial structure of the Smart-E Loan product includes origination, 95 servicing, 96 and financing features in combination with the support of the Compecticut Green Bank.

⁹⁴ During FY 2017, the Green Bank, in an effort to optimize its resources, now holds the Loan Loss Reserve on its balance sheet. The total calculated loan loss reserve as of 6/30/25 is \$6,883,233, of which the Green Bank holds \$2.603,448 on its balance sheet.

⁹⁵ Network of participating community banks and credit unions with local contractors.

⁹⁶ Network of participating community banks and credit unions.

FIGURE 6. LEGAL STRUCTURE AND FLOWS OF CAPITAL FOR THE SMART-E LOAN



Key Performance Indicators

The Key Performance Indicators for Smart-E closed activity are reflected in Table 109 through Table 112. These illustrate the volume of projects by year, investment, generation capacity installed, and the amount of energy saved and/or produced. They also break down the volume of projects by energy efficiency (EE), renewable energy (RE), and climate resiliency (CR).

TABLE 109. SMART-E LOAN PROJECT TYPES AND INVESTMENT BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	CR	EE	EE/CR	None	RE	RE/CR	RE/EE	Total	FY Clos	ed Amount Financed	Total Investment	CGB Investment	Private Investment	Leverage Ratio
2013		1			2	100		3	2013	\$55.400	\$71.924	\$1,584	\$70,340	45.4
2014		93			39	-30	4	136	2014	\$1,707,579	\$2,269,526	\$45,349	\$2,224,177	50.0
2015		121			81		67	269	2015	\$5,106,112	\$7,751,394	\$428,955	\$7,322,438	18,1
2016		103		1	52		65	221	2016	\$4,471,673	\$6,087,347	\$360,765	\$5,726,582	16,9
2017		373		4	73		79	529	2017	\$8,718,821	510,938,976	\$1.078,423	\$9,860,553	10.1
2018		1.334		12	258		146	1,750	2018	\$27,413,759	\$34.145.817	\$4.263.509	\$29.882,308	8.0
2019		719		4	97		9	829	2019	\$10,700,872	\$11,321.701	\$3,205	\$11,318,576	3,532.8
2020		612		1	99		7	719	2020	\$9,801,747	\$11,314,484	\$0	\$11,314,484	
2021		855		-4	83		15	957	2021	\$14,539,824	\$15,257,587	50	\$16,257,587	
2022		856		1	39		7	903	2022	\$14,722,042	\$16,442,588	\$0	\$16,442,588	
2023		1,132		7	89		6	1,234	2023	\$23,182,431	\$27,953,912	50	\$27,953,912	
2024	10	1.014	2	6	236	6	7	1,281	2024	\$27,439,006	\$32,270,056	\$0	\$32,270,056	
2025	21	508	3	4	291	16	1	844	2025	\$20.514,141	\$24,192,280	50	\$24.192.280	
Total	31	7,721	5	44	1,439	22	413	9,675	Total	\$168,373,406	\$201,017,671	\$6,181,790	\$194,835,881	32.5

Table 109 shows, that since the inception of the Smart-E Loan Program in 2013, the Green Bank has supported 9,675 projects, which have enabled over \$200 million of investment – including nearly \$195 million of that investment from private capital.

TABLE 110. SMART-E LOAN PROJECT CAPACITY, GENERATION AND SAVINGS BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	kW	Expected Annual Generation (kWh)	Expected Lifetime Generation (MWh)	Annual Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	Lifetime Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	Annual Cost Savings	Lifetime Cost Savings
2013	16.8	23,077	557	68	1,633	\$2,748	\$66,955
2014	343.4	794,467	18,002	2,546	57,309	\$88,224	\$2,028,497
2015	1,302.2	2,379,199	56,515	7,041	165,908	\$263,241	\$6,233,604
2016	955.5	2,006,402	47,548	6,017	141,522	\$227,857	\$5,312,562
2017	1,343.1	3,959,539	90,786	12,238	277,943	\$404,817	\$9,167,744
2018	3,876.0	11,422,440	257,140	34,691	770,276	\$1,112,762	\$24,901,101
2019	920.2	3,706,654	80,544	11,654	249,970	\$373,862	\$8,032,856
2020	941.6	3,145,759	68,400	9,590	204,793	\$331,441	\$7,088,941
2021	804.7	3,992,010	84,321	12,456	258,561	\$447,761	\$9,188,906
2022	176.9	3,354,666	67,702	11,224	225,439	\$400,615	\$7,877,949
2023	781.8	5,287,762	110,062	16,749	343,192	\$626,296	\$12,643,569
2024	2,380.0	6,622,176	146,714	19,226	416,359	\$759,576	\$16,351,246
2025	3,610.1	5,588,918	130,612	14,771	338,193	\$592,180	\$13,593,096
Total	17,452.2	52,283,069	1,158,904	158,273	3,451,098	\$5,631,381	\$122,487,027

Table 110 shows, that since the inception of the Smart-E Loan Program in 2013, the Green Bank has deployed over 17 megawatts of clean energy and helped reduce nearly 3.5 million MMBtu of energy, which will avoid over \$122 million in energy costs over the life of the projects.

TABLE 111. SMART-E LOAN PROJECT AVERAGES BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Average Amount Financed	Average Total Investment	Average kW	Average Annual Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	Average Finance Term	Average Finance Rate	Average DTI	Average FICO Score
2013	\$18.467	\$23,975	5.6	23	3 100	5.49	52	748
2014	\$12,556	\$16.688	2.5	19		5.21	31	750
2015	\$18,982	\$28,816	4.8	26		4.20	31	756
2016	\$20,234	\$27,545	4.3	27		4.10	32	755
2017	\$16,482	\$20,679	2.5	23	102	2.73	20	749
2018	\$15,665	\$19,512	2.2	20	102	2.01	16	749
2019	\$12,908	\$13,657	1.1	14	89	4.79	15	733
2020	\$13,632	\$15,736	1.3	13	87	4.85	15	737
2021	\$15,193	\$16,988	0.8	13	96	3.29	17	743
2022	\$16,303	\$18,209	0.2	12	93	4.70	16	736
2023	\$18,786	\$22,653	0.6	12	95	5.48	44	745
2024	\$21,420	\$25,191	1.9	15	99	6.08	20	756
2025	\$24,306	\$28,664	4.3	18	108	6.91	31	773
Total	\$17,403	\$20,777	1.8	16	97	4.44	23	748

TABLE 112. SMART-E LOAN PROJECT APPLICATION YIELD 97 BY FY RECEIVED

Yield Status FY Received	Approved Status	Denied	In Review	Withdrawn	Total	Annewed Pate	Danied Pate
r r Received	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Approved Rate	Denied Rate
2013	15	5		1	21	76%	24%
2014	170	71		60	301	76%	24%
2015	293	147		115	555	74%	26%
2016	215	130		64	409	68%	32%
2017	667	243		190	1,100	78%	22%
2018	1,677	714	1	569	2,961	76%	24%
2019	839	596	12	358	1,805	67%	33%
2020	745	563	28	286	1,622	65%	35%
2021	1,185	546	63	380	2,174	74%	26%
2022	880	444	49	417	1,790	74%	26%
2023	1,404	606	78	565	2,653	76%	24%
2024	1,431	673	69	515	2,688	74%	26%
2025	965	657	85	313	2,020	66%	34%
Total	10,486	5,395	385	3,833	20,099	73%	27%

⁹⁷ Applications received are applications submitted by the homeowner to a participating lending institution for credit approval. Applications in review are submitted applications yet to be reviewed, approved, or rejected. Applications withdrawn are applications that have been cancelled by the submitter due to the project not moving forward. Applications denied are applications that are not approved because the customer does not meet underwriting requirements.

CONNECTICUT GREEN BANK 6. PROGRAMS – SMART-E LOAN

Vulnerable Communities

For a breakdown of Smart-E project volume and investment by census tracts categorized by Vulnerable Community Penetration - see Table 113. Smart-E is available statewide.

TABLE 113. SMART-E LOAN ACTIVITY IN VULNERABLE COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	MW	0.0	0.3	1.3	1.0	1.3	3.9	6.0	6.0	8.0	0.2	8.0	2.4	3.6	17.5
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment	\$71,924	\$2,269,526	\$7,751,394	\$6,087,347	\$10,938,976	\$34,145,817	\$11,321,781	\$11,314,484	\$16,257,587	\$16,442,588	\$27,953,912	\$32,270,056	\$24,192,280	\$201,017,671
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	8	136	569	221	529	1,750	829	719	957	903	1,234	1,281	844	9,675
	% of Total	64%	9669	81%	71%	9669	9692	9692	71%	80%	94%	9692	78%	81%	77%
	MW	0.0	0.2	1.0	0.7	6.0	5.9	0.7	0.7	9.0	0.2	9.0	1.9	5.9	13.4
	% of Total	52%	9689	%69	9659	9669	96.29	63%	9699	72%	9659	9689	71%	76%	%69
Not Vulnerable	Total Investment	\$37,535	\$1,430,860	\$5,344,719	\$3,985,292	\$7,589,553	\$23,047,422	\$7,177,436	\$7,493,761	\$11,739,663	\$10,621,062	\$18,920,615	\$22,971,243	\$18,275,667	\$138,634,828
	% of Total	96.19	29%	64%	82.8	63%	61%	58%	61%	67%	9609	62%	96.29	%69	63%
	# Project Units	2	80	171	127	335	1,067	483	438	640	544	268	855	582	6,092
	% of Total	36%	31%	19%	59%	31%	24%	24%	29%	20%	%9	24%	22%	19%	23%
	WW	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.3	6.0	6.0	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.5	0.7	4.0
	% of Total	48%	3796	31%	35%	31%	33%	37%	34%	28%	35%	32%	59%	24%	31%
Vulnerable	Total Investment	\$34,389	\$838,666	\$2,406,675	\$2,102,055	\$3,349,423	\$11,098,395	\$4,144,345	\$3,820,722	\$4,517,924	\$5,821,526	\$9,033,297	\$9,298,813	\$5,916,612	\$62,382,842
	% of Total	33%	411%	36%	43%	37%	39%	45%	39%	33%	40%	38%	33%	31%	37%
	# Project Units	F	26	86	94	194	683	346	281	317	359	466	426	262	3,583
Vintage Vulnerable Community		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total

CONNECTICUT GREEN BANK 6. PROGRAMS – SMART-E LOAN

Income Bands

be noted that Smart-E is not an income targeted program and only in the second half of FY17 began offering the expanded credit-challenged version of the program, opening new opportunities to partner with mission-oriented lenders focused on reaching consumers in underserved lower income For a breakdown of Smart-E loan volume and investment by census tracts categorized by Area Median Income (AMI) bands - see Table 114. It should markets

TABLE 114. SMART-E LOAN ACTIVITY IN LMI QUALIFIED (100% OR BELOW AMI) INCOME BANDS BY FY CLOSED

Vintage AMI LMI Qualified			ΓΜΙ						Not LMI			2			Total			
FY Closed	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MM	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total
2013							m	100%	\$71,924	100%	0.0	100%	m	100%	\$71,924	100%	0.0	100%
2014	49	36%	\$745,365	33%	1.0	58%	87	64%	\$1,524,161	96.29	0.2	71%	136	100%	\$2,269,526	100%	0.3	100%
2015	72	51%	\$1,800,337	23%	0.2	12%	197	73%	\$5,951,057	77%	1.1	88%	569	100%	\$7,751,394	100%	1.3	100%
2016	09	27%	\$1,162,125	19%	0.1	15%	191	73%	\$4,925,222	81%	8.0	85%	221	100%	\$6,087,347	100%	1.0	100%
2017	154	29%	\$2,711,292	25%	0.3	25%	375	71%	\$8,227,684	75%	1.0	75%	529	100%	\$10,938,976	100%	13	100%
2018	521	30%	\$8,346,556	24%	0.7	17%	1,229	2007	\$25,799,260	9692	3.2	83%	1,750	100%	\$34,145,817	100%	3.9	100%
2019	273	33%	\$3,271,971	29%	0.5	18%	556	67%	\$8,049,810	71%	0.8	82%	829	100%	\$11,321,781	100%	6.0	100%
2020	213	30%	\$2,851,240	25%	0.5	16%	909	70%	\$8,463,244	75%	8.0	84%	719	100%	\$11,314,484	100%	6.0	100%
2021	252	56%	\$3,529,520	22%	0.1	14%	705	74%	\$12,728,067	78%	0.7	86%	957	100%	\$16,257,587	100%	0.8	100%
2022	281	31%	\$4,623,083	28%	0.0	969	622	9669	\$11,819,505	72%	0.2	94%	903	100%	\$16,442,588	100%	0.2	100%
2023	333	27%	\$6,320,651	23%	0.1	17%	901	73%	\$21,633,260	7796	9.0	83%	1,234	100%	\$27,953,912	100%	8.0	100%
2024	321	25%	\$6,990,441	22%	4.0	18%	096	75%	\$25,279,614	78%	2.0	82%	1,281	100%	\$32,270,056	100%	2.4	100%
2025	202	24%	\$4,473,994	18%	0.5	13%	642	76%	\$19,718,286	82%	3,1	87%	844	100%	\$24,192,280	100%	3.6	100%
Total	2,731	28%	\$46,826,576	23%	5.9	17%	6,944	72%	\$154,191,095	77%	14.6	83%	9,675	100%	\$201,017,671	100%	17.5	100%

TABLE 115. SMART-E LOAN ACTIVITY IN CRA QUALIFIED (80% OR BELOW AIMI) BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	WW	0.0	6.0	1.3	1.0	1.3	3.9	6.0	6.0	8.0	0.2	8.0	2.4	3.6	17.5
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment	\$71,924	\$2,269,526	\$7,751,394	\$6,087,347	\$10,938,976	\$34,145,817	\$11,321,781	\$11,314,484	\$16,257,587	\$16,442,588	\$27,953,912	\$32,270,056	\$24,192,280	\$201,017,671
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	3	136	569	221	529	1,750	829	719	957	903	1,234	1,281	844	9,675
	% of Total	100%	9668	93%	94%	9698	93%	9656	93%	94%	100%	94%	9536	9696	93%
	WW	0.0	0.3	1.2	6.0	1.2	3,6	6.0	6.0	0.8	0.2	0.7	2.2	3.5	16.3
	% of Total	100%	9698	9526	95%	86%	8796	86%	9698	9668	87%	9668	9606	95%	89%
Not CRA	Total Investment	\$71,924	\$1,946,988	\$7,126,673	\$5,593,861	\$9,420,832	\$29,733,861	\$9,748,759	\$9,682,099	\$14,526,361	\$14,330,043	\$24,958,699	\$29,114,346	\$22,368,821	\$178,623,267
	% of Total	100%	84%	88%	%68	83%	83%	83%	82%	87%	85%	87%	88%	9668	%98
	# Project Units	m	114	237	197	441	1,450	069	593	830	765	1,070	1,132	754	8,276
	% of Total		11%	7%	969	14%	7%	2%	7%	969	%0	969	8%	4%	2%
	MW		0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	1.2
	% of Total		14%	8%	88%	14%	13%	14%	14%	11%	13%	11%	10%	8%	11%
CRA	Total Investment		\$322,538	\$624,721	\$493,486	\$1,518,144	\$4,411,955	\$1,573,022	\$1,632,385	\$1,731,226	\$2,112,546	\$2,995,212	\$3,155,709	\$1,823,459	\$22,394,404
	% of Total		16%	12%	11%	17%	17%	17%	18%	13%	15%	13%	12%	11%	14%
	# Project Units		22	32	24	88	300	139	126	127	138	164	149	06	1,399
Vintage CRA Qualified	FY Closed	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total

Distressed Communities

For a breakdown of Smart-E project volume and investment by census tracts categorized by Distressed Communities - see Table 116. It should be noted that Smart-E is not an income targeted program.

TABLE 116. SMART-E LOAN ACTIVITY IN DISTRESSED COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

/intage Distressed			Distressed						Not Distressed						Total			
	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MM	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total
	-	33%	\$34,389	48%	0.0	36%	2	84.9	\$37,535	52%	0.0	64%	m	100%	\$71,924	100%	0.0	100%
	23	17%	\$483,755	21%	0.1	24%	113	83%	\$1,785,771	9662	0.3	9692	136	100%	\$2,269,526	100%	0.3	100%
	33	12%	\$638,173	8%	0.1	969	236	88%	\$7,113,221	95%	1.2	94%	569	100%	\$7,751,394	100%	1.3	100%
	19	30%	\$1,403,461	23%	1.0	15%	154	20%	\$4,683,886	777%	8'0	85%	221	100%	\$6,087,347	100%	1.0	100%
	119	22%	\$1,971,803	18%	0.3	19%	410	78%	\$8,967,173	82%	1.1	81%	529	100%	\$10,938,976	100%	1.3	100%
	376	21%	\$5,815,448	17%	0.4	12%	1,374	3662	\$28,330,369	83%	3.4	88%	1,750	100%	\$34,145,817	100%	3.9	100%
	184	22%	\$2,186,632	19%	0.1	11%	645	78%	\$9,135,149	81%	0.8	868%	829	100%	\$11,321,781	100%	6.0	100%
	153	21%	\$2,072,924	18%	0.2	19%	995	79%	\$9,241,560	82%	0.8	81%	719	100%	\$11,314,484	100%	6.0	100%
	155	16%	\$2,065,684	13%	0.1	262	805	84%	\$14,191,904	87%	0.8	93%	957	100%	\$16,257,587	100%	8.0	100%
	188	21%	\$2,822,806	17%	0.0	960	715	9662	\$13,619,782	83%	0.2	100%	903	100%	\$16,442,588	100%	0.2	100%
	282	23%	\$5,426,985	19%	0.1	11%	952	77%	\$22,526,927	81%	0.7	8668	1,234	100%	\$27,953,912	100%	8.0	100%
	256	20%	\$5,472,349	17%	0.3	15%	1,025	80%	\$26,797,706	83%	2.0	85%	1,281	100%	\$32,270,056	100%	2.4	100%
	147	17%	\$3,136,767	13%	0.3	966	269	83%	\$21,055,513	87%	3.3	91%	844	100%	\$24,192,280	100%	3.6	100%
	1,984	21%	\$33,531,176	17%	2.1	12%	7,691	%64	\$167,486,495	83%	15.4	88%	9,675	100%	\$201,017,671	100%	17.5	100%

Environmental Justice Communities

For a breakdown of activity in Environmental Justice Communities – see Table 117.

TABLE 117. SMART-E LOAN ACTIVITY IN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

# Project % of Total Investment % of MW % of # Project % of Total Investment % of MW % of # Project % of Total Investment % of Units Total Units Total Duits Total Units Total Duits S746.806 10% 0.1 24% 109 80% \$1.756.182 77% \$37.53.5 52%	/intage EJ			El Community						Not El Community	>			9		Total			
33% \$34,389 48% 0.0 36% 2 67% \$37,535 52% 0.0 20% \$551,344 23% 0.1 24% 109 80% \$1,756,182 77% 0.3 14% \$746,806 10% 0.1 8% 232 86% \$1,756,182 77% 0.3 25% \$1,546,769 25% 0.2 19% 148 67% \$4,540,578 75% 0.8 25% \$2,245,422 21% 0.2 19% 1296 74% \$26,869,473 79% 1.1 26% \$7,276,344 21% 0.6 15% 1,296 74% \$26,869,473 79% 1.1 26% \$5,2597,806 23% 0.1 13% 611 74% \$26,869,473 79% 0.7 25% \$2,245,613 21% 0.2 20% 538 75% \$8,908,871 79% 0.7 25% \$2,547,349 1,6 0.1	-Y Closed	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total
20% \$513,344 23% 0.1 24% 109 80% \$1,756,182 77% 0.3 14% \$746,806 10% 0.1 8% 232 86% \$7,004,588 90% 1.2 25% \$1,246,769 25% 0.2 19% 148 67% \$4,540,578 75% 0.8 25% \$2,245,422 21% 0.3 20% 395 75% \$8693,553 79% 1.1 26% \$7,276,344 21% 0.6 15% 1,296 74% \$26,669,473 79% 1.1 26% \$5,240,5613 21% 0.6 15% 1,296 74% \$81,239,73 77% 0.8 20% \$2,240,5613 21% 0.2 20% 538 75% \$80,88,81 77% 0.8 20% \$2,240,613 21% 0.1 10% 7,61 80% \$1,266,88,881 77% 0.2 21% \$2,533,708 23% 0.0 </td <td></td> <td>+</td> <td>33%</td> <td>\$34,389</td> <td>48%</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>36%</td> <td>2</td> <td>67%</td> <td>\$37,535</td> <td>52%</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>64%</td> <td></td> <td>100%</td> <td>\$71,924</td> <td>100%</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>100%</td>		+	33%	\$34,389	48%	0.0	36%	2	67%	\$37,535	52%	0.0	64%		100%	\$71,924	100%	0.0	100%
14% \$746,806 10% 0.1 8% 232 86% \$7,004,588 90% 1.2 33% \$1,546,769 25% 0.2 19% 148 67% \$4,540,578 75% 0.8 25% \$2,245,422 21% 0.3 20% 395 75% \$4,540,578 75% 0.8 26% \$7,276,344 21% 0.6 15% 1,296 74% \$26,869,473 79% 1,1 26% \$5,257,806 23% 0.1 13% 611 74% \$8,693,553 79% 1,1 26% \$5,240,5613 21% 0.1 13% 611 74% \$8,208,871 77% 0.8 20% \$2,653,321 16% 0.1 10% 767 80% \$13,604,266 84% 0.7 27% \$3,753,708 23% 0.0 0% 663 75% \$22,087,507 79% 0.7 28% \$5,472,349 17% 0.1 <td></td> <td>27</td> <td>20%</td> <td>\$513,344</td> <td>23%</td> <td>0.1</td> <td>24%</td> <td>109</td> <td>80%</td> <td>\$1,756,182</td> <td>77%</td> <td>0.3</td> <td>2694</td> <td>136</td> <td>100%</td> <td>\$2,269,526</td> <td>100%</td> <td>0.3</td> <td>100%</td>		27	20%	\$513,344	23%	0.1	24%	109	80%	\$1,756,182	77%	0.3	2694	136	100%	\$2,269,526	100%	0.3	100%
33% \$1.546,769 25% 0.2 19% 148 67% \$4,540,578 75% 0.8 25% \$2,245,422 21% 0.3 20% 395 75% \$8,693,553 79% 1.1 26% \$1,226 74% \$26,869,473 79% 1.1 26% \$2,529,806 23% 0.1 13% 611 74% \$8,639,877 79% 1.1 25% \$2,405,613 21% 0.2 20% 538 75% \$8,908,871 77% 0.8 20% \$2,653,321 16% 0.1 10% 767 80% \$13,604,266 84% 0.7 27% \$3,753,708 23% 0.0 0% 663 73% \$12,688,881 77% 0.2 25% \$5,466,404 21% 0.1 11% 928 75% \$22,087,507 79% 0.7 20% \$5,472,349 17% 0.3 15% 1025 80% \$26,195,5		37	14%	\$746,806	10%	0.1	8%	232	86%	\$7,004,588	9606	12	95%	269	100%	\$7,751,394	100%	1.3	100%
25% \$2,245,422 21% 0.3 20% 395 75% \$8,693,553 79% 11 26% \$7,276,344 21% 0.6 15% 1,296 74% \$26,686,9473 79% 11 26% \$2,259,806 23% 0.1 13% 611 74% \$8,268,9473 79% 33 25% \$2,263,321 16% 0.1 13% 611 74% \$8,208,871 77% 0.8 20% \$2,633,321 16% 0.1 10% 767 80% \$13,604,266 84% 0.7 27% \$3,753,708 23% 0.0 0% 663 73% \$12,688,881 77% 0.2 1 25% \$5,666,404 21% 0.1 11% 928 75% \$22,087,507 79% 0.7 20% \$5,472,349 17% 0.3 15% 10.25 80% \$26,797,706 83% 2.0 17% \$33,136,767 13%		73	33%	\$1,546,769	25%	0.2	19%	148	67%	\$4,540,578	75%	8.0	8196	221	100%	\$6,087,347	100%	1.0	100%
26% \$7,276,344 21% 0.6 15% 1,296 74% \$26,869,473 79% 3.3 26% \$2,597,806 23% 0.1 13% 611 74% \$87,23,975 77% 0.8 25% \$2,240,613 21% 0.2 20% 538 75% \$8,908,871 79% 0.7 20% \$2,653,321 16% 0.1 10% 767 80% \$13,604,266 84% 0.7 27% \$3,753,708 23% 0.0 0% 663 73% \$12,688,881 77% 0.7 25% \$5,866,404 21% 0.1 11% 928 75% \$22,087,507 79% 0.7 20% \$5,472,349 17% 0.3 15% 10.25 80% \$26,797,706 83% 2.0 17% \$31,367,67 13% 0.3 9% 697 83% \$21,055,513 87% 33 23% \$38,249,042 19% 2		134	25%	\$2,245,422	21%	0.3	20%	395	75%	\$8,693,553	79%	111	80%	529	100%	\$10,938,976	100%	13	100%
26% \$2,597,806 23% 0.1 13% 611 74% \$8,723,975 77% 0.8 25% \$2,405,613 21% 0.2 20% 536 75% \$8,908,871 79% 0.7 20% \$2,653,321 16% 0.1 10% 767 80% \$13,604,266 84% 0.7 27% \$3,753,708 23% 0.0 0% 663 73% \$12,688,881 77% 0.7 25% \$5,866,404 21% 0.1 11% 928 75% \$22,087,507 79% 0.7 20% \$5,472,349 17% 0.3 15% 1,025 80% \$26,797,706 83% 2.0 17% \$3136,767 13% 0.3 9% 697 83% \$21,055,513 87% 33 23% \$38,249,042 19% 2.4 14% 7,411 77% \$162,768,629 81% 15.1		454	26%	\$7,276,344	21%	9.0	15%	1,296	74%	\$26,869,473	79%	3,3	85%	1,750	100%	\$34,145,817	100%	3.9	100%
25% \$2.405.613 21% 0.2 20% 538 75% \$8.908.871 79% 0.7 20% \$2.653.321 16% 0.1 10% 767 80% \$13.604.266 84% 0.7 27% \$3.753.708 23% 0.0 0% 663 73% \$12.688.881 77% 0.2 1 25% \$5.866.404 21% 0.1 11% 928 75% \$22.087.507 79% 0.7 20% \$5.472.349 17% 0.3 15% 1.025 80% \$26.797.706 83% 2.0 17% 0.3 15% 0.3 9% 697 83% 521.055.513 87% 3.3 23% \$38.249.042 19% 2.4 14% 7.411 77% \$162.768.629 81% 15.1		218	26%	\$2,597,806	23%	0.1	13%	611	74%	\$8,723,975	77%	0.8	87%	829	100%	\$11,321,781	100%	6.0	100%
20% \$2,653,321 16% 0.1 10% 767 80% \$13,604,266 84% 0.7 27% \$3,753,708 23% 0.0 0% 663 73% \$12,688,881 77% 0.2 1 25% \$5,866,404 21% 0.1 11% 928 75% \$22,087,507 79% 0.7 20% \$5,472,349 17% 0.3 15% 1,025 80% \$26,797,706 83% 2.0 17% \$31,36,767 13% 0.3 9% 697 83% \$21,055,513 87% 3.3 23% \$38,249,042 19% 2.4 14% 7,411 77% \$162,768,629 81% 15.1		181	25%	\$2,405,613	21%	0.2	20%	538	75%	\$8,908,871	79%	0.7	80%	719	100%	\$11,314,484		6.0	100%
27% \$3,753,708 23% 0.0 0% 663 73% \$12,688,881 77% 0.2 1 25% \$5,666,404 21% 0.1 11% 928 75% \$22,087,507 79% 0.7 20% \$5,472,349 17% 0.3 15% 1,025 80% \$26,797,706 83% 2,0 17% \$3,136,767 13% 0.3 9% 697 83% \$21,055,513 87% 3.3 23% \$38,249,042 19% 2.4 14% 7,411 77% \$162,768,629 81% 15.1		190	20%	\$2,653,321		0.1	10%	797	80%	\$13,604,266	84%	0.7	%06	957	100%	\$16,257,587	100%	8.0	100%
25% 55,866,404 21% 0.1 11% 928 75% 522,087,507 79% 0.7 20% 55,472,349 17% 0.3 15% 1,025 80% 526,797,706 83% 2.0 17% 53,136,767 13% 0.3 9% 697 83% 521,055,513 87% 3.3 23% 538,249,042 19% 2.4 14% 7,411 77% \$162,768,629 81% 15.1		240	27%	\$3,753,708		0.0	%0	663	73%	\$12,688,881	77%	0.2	100%	803	100%	\$16,442,588		0.2	100%
20% \$5.472,349 17% 0,3 15% 1,025 80% \$26,797,706 83% 2,0 17% \$31,35,767 13% 0,3 9% 697 83% \$21,055,513 87% 3,3 2,3 \$38,249,042 19% 2.4 14% 7,411 77% \$162,768,629 81% 15.1		306	25%	\$5,866,404		0.1	11%	928	75%	\$22,087,507	79%	0.7	89%	1,234	100%	\$27,953,912	100%	8.0	100%
17% \$3.136,767 13% 0.3 9% 697 83% \$21.055,513 87% 3.3 23% \$38,249,042 19% 2.4 14% 7,411 77% \$162,768,629 81% 15.1		256	20%	\$5,472,349	17%	0.3	15%	1,025	80%	\$26,797,706	8396	2.0	85%	1,281	100%	\$32,270,056	100%	2.4	100%
23% \$38,249,042 19% 2.4 14% 7,411 77% \$162,768,629 81% 15.1		147	17%	\$3,136,767	13%	0.3	966	269	83%	\$21,055,513	87%	33	911%	844	100%	\$24,192,280	100%	3.6	100%
		2,264	23%	\$38,249,042	19%	2.4	14%	7,411	77%	\$162,768,629	81%	15.1	86%	9,675	100%	\$201,017,671	100%	17.5	100%

CONNECTICUT GREEN BANK 6. PROGRAMS – SMART-E LOAN

Environmental Justice Poverty Areas

For a breakdown of activity in Environmental Justice Block Groups – see Table 118.

TABLE 118. SMART-E LOAN ACTIVITY IN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE POVERTY AREAS BY FY CLOSED

#Project % of Total Investment Total	Vintage EJ			Yes						No						Total			
3% \$71,924 100% 0.0 100% \$71,924 100% 0.0 100% \$71,924 100% 0.0 100% \$71,924 100% 0.0 100% \$22,539,537 99% 0.3 100% \$22,269,526 100% \$22,269,526 100% \$32,269,526 100% \$32,269,526 100% \$32,269,526 100% \$32,269,526 100% \$32,269,526 100% \$32,269,526 100% \$32,269,526 100% \$32,269,526 100% \$32,269,526 100% \$32,269,526 100% \$32,269,526 100% \$32,269,526 100% \$32,269,526 100% \$32,269,526 100% \$32,269,526 100% \$32,269,526 100% \$32,269,526 100% \$32,275,334 100% \$32,275,334 100% \$32,275,334 100% \$32,275,334 100% \$32,275,334 100% \$32,22,334 \$32,225,334 \$32,225,334 \$32,225,334 \$32,225,334 \$32,225,334 \$32,225,334 \$32,225,334 \$32,225,334 \$32,225,334 \$32,225,334 \$32,225,	Y Closed	# Project Units		Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total		% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total
3% \$ 29,589 1% 0.0 0% 132 97% \$ 5,239,937 99% 0.3 100% 136 100% \$ 5,269,526 100% \$ 5,269,526 100% \$ 5,269,526 100% \$ 5,269,526 100% \$ 5,751,394 100% \$ 1,3 3% \$ 100 \$ 2% \$ 26 99% \$ 5,244,039 98% 0.9 \$ 7,7 100% \$ 7,751,394 100% \$ 1,3 100% \$ 7,751,394 100% \$ 1,3 100% \$ 1,0 100% \$ 1,0 100% \$ 1,0 100% \$ 1,0 100% \$ 1,0 100% \$ 1,0 100% \$ 1,0 100% 1,0								m	100%	\$71,924	1000%	0.0	100%	m	100%	\$71,924	100%	0.0	100%
1% \$108,633 1% 0.0 2% 57,642,761 99% 1.3 98% 269 77,642,761 99% 1.3 98% 269 1.0 97% 757,1394 100% \$7,751,394 100% \$1,00		4	3%	\$29,589	1%	0.0	960	132	96.26	\$2,239,937	9666	0.3	100%	136	100%	\$2,269,526	100%	0.3	100%
3% \$143,308 2% 0.0 3% \$214,308 97% \$27 100% \$6,087,347 100% \$1.0 3% \$143,308 3% 0.0 3% 512 97% \$1.0 97% \$10,009,213 97% 1.3 97% \$29 100% \$10,009 \$1.3 97% \$1.0 97% \$10,009,213 97% 1.3 97% \$10,00% \$10,00% \$1.0		4	1%	\$108,633	1%	0.0	2%	265	9666	\$7,642,761	%66	7	9886	569	100%	\$7,751,394	100%	1.3	100%
3% \$329,763 3% 0.0 3% \$10,609,213 97% 1.3 97% 529 100% \$10,938,976 100% \$10,938,976 100% \$10,938,976 100% \$10,000 \$1,33 \$10,609,213 97% 1.3 97% \$10,00 \$10,00 \$10,609 95% \$10,609,213 97% 1.7 96% 1,750 100% \$34,145,817 100% 3.9 5% \$441,298 4% 0.0 2% 791 96% 3.7 96% 1,750 100% \$11,314,484 100% 9.0 4% \$502,624 4% 0.0 4% 921 96% \$10,988,943 97% 0.9 99% 719 100% \$11,314,484 100% 0.9 4% \$502,624 4% 0.0 4% 921 96% \$15,654,963 96% 0.0 90% \$10,00 \$10,00 \$10,00 \$10,00 \$10,00 \$10,00 \$10,00 \$10,00 \$10,00 \$10,00<		9	3%	\$143,308		0.0	3%	215	926	\$5,944,039	9686	6.0	9446	221	100%	\$6,087,347	100%	1.0	100%
5% \$1,496,561 4% 0.1 4% 1,669 95% \$32,649,256 96% 3.7 96% 1,750 100% \$34,145,817 100% \$3.4 5% \$441,298 4% 0.0 2% 791 95% \$10,880,482 96% 0.9 98% 719 100% \$11,321,781 100% 0.9 4% \$441,298 4% 0.0 1% 690 96% \$10,968,943 97% 0.9 99% 719 100% \$11,314,484 100% 0.9 4% \$602,624 4% 0.0 4% \$15,654,963 96% 0.8 96% 97 100% \$11,314,484 100% 0.8 4% \$1,003 846 9.2 100% 9.8 100% \$16,442,588 100% 0.8 584 \$1,201 9.7 \$1,201 9.8 \$10,40 \$1,234 100% \$1,234 100% \$1,234 100% \$1,234 100% <t< td=""><td></td><td>17</td><td>3%</td><td>\$329,763</td><td></td><td>0.0</td><td>3%</td><td>512</td><td>926</td><td>\$10,609,213</td><td>9626</td><td>13</td><td>94.26</td><td>529</td><td>100%</td><td>\$10,938,976</td><td>100%</td><td>1.3</td><td>100%</td></t<>		17	3%	\$329,763		0.0	3%	512	926	\$10,609,213	9626	13	94.26	529	100%	\$10,938,976	100%	1.3	100%
5% \$441,298 4% 0.0 2% 791 95% \$10,880,482 96% 0.9 98% 829 100% \$11,321,781 100% 0.9 4% \$345,540 3% 0.0 1% 96% \$10,968,943 97% 0.9 99% 719 100% \$11,314,484 100% 0.9 4% \$602,624 4% 0.0 4% 921 96% \$15,654,963 96% 0.8 96% 96 \$100% \$100% \$11,314,484 100% 0.9 4% \$602,624 4% 0.0 4% \$15,654,963 96% 0.8 96% 903 100% \$16,442,588 100% 0.8 5% \$1,031,783 6% 0.0 0% 1,201 97% \$100% 1,234 100% \$27,953,912 100% 0.8 3% \$643,472 2 0 0 0% 1,281 100% \$24,192,280 100% 2.4 100%		81	5%	\$1,496,561		0.1	4%	1,669	92%	\$32,649,256	9696	3.7	%96	1,750	100%	\$34,145,817	100%	3.9	100%
4% \$345,540 3% 0.0 1% 690 96% \$10,968,943 97% 0.9 99% 719 100% \$11,314,484 100% 0.0 4% \$602,624 4% 0.0 4% 921 96% \$15,654,963 96% 0.8 96% 957 100% \$16,257,587 100% 0.8 6% \$1,031,783 6% 0.0 0% 846 94% \$100% 96% 96 96%		38	5%	\$441,298		0.0	2%	791	95%	\$10,880,482	9696	6.0	9886	829	100%	\$11,321,781	100%	6.0	100%
4% \$602,624 4% 0.0 4% 921 96% \$15,654,963 96% 0.8 96% 957 100% \$16,257,587 100% 0.8 6% \$1,031,783 6% 0.0 0% 846 94% \$15,410,805 94% 0.2 100% \$100% \$16,442,588 100% 0.2 3% \$643,472 2% 0.0 0% 1,201 97% \$27,310,439 98% 0.8 100% \$1,234 100% \$21,442,588 100% 0.8 3% \$643,472 2% 0.0 0% 1,201 97% \$24,100% 2.4 100% \$1,281 100% \$24,192,280 100% \$24 100% \$24,192,280 100% \$24,192,280 100% \$24,192,280 100% \$24,192,280 100% \$24,192,280 100% \$24,192,280 100% \$24,192,280 100% \$24,192,280 100% \$24,192,280 100% \$24,192,280 100% \$24,192,280 100%		29		\$345,540	3%	0.0	1%	069	9696	\$10,968,943	9626	6.0	%66	719	100%	\$11,314,484	100%	6.0	100%
6% \$1,031,783 6% 0.0 0% 846 94% \$15,410,805 94% 0.2 100% 903 100% \$16,442,588 100% 0.2 3% \$643,472 2% 0.0 0% 1,201 97% \$27,310,439 98% 0.8 100% 1,234 100% \$27,953,912 100% 0.8 3% \$5,172,572 3% 0.3 2% 9,370 97% \$195,845,099 97% 17.2 98% 9,675 100% \$201,017,671 100% 17.5		36		\$602,624	4%	0.0	4%	921	9696	\$15,654,963	%96	8.0	%96	957	100%	\$16,257,587	100%	8.0	100%
3% \$643,472 2% 0.0 0% 1,201 97% \$27,310,439 98% 0.8 100% 1,284 100% \$27,953,912 100% 0.8 1,281 100% \$32,270,056 100% 2.4 100% 1,281 100% \$32,270,056 100% 2.4 100% 3.6 100% 844 100% \$24,192,280 100% 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.7 \$5,172,572 3% 0.3 2% 9,370 97% \$195,845,099 97% 17.2 98% 9,675 100% \$201,017,671 100% 17.5		57	969	\$1,031,783	969	0.0	960	846	94%	\$15,410,805	94%	0.2	10096	903	100%	\$16,442,588	100%	0.2	100%
1,281 100% \$32,270,056 100% 2.4 100% 1,281 100% \$32,270,056 100% 2.4 844 100% \$24,192,280 100% 3.6 100% 844 100% \$24,192,280 100% 3.6 3.6 845 100% \$24,192,280 100% 3.6 3.6 85,172,572 3% 0.3 2% 9,370 97% \$195,845,099 97% 17.2 98% 9,675 100% \$201,017,671 100% 17.5		33		\$643,472	2%	0.0	%0	1,201	9796	\$27,310,439	9886	0.8	100%	1,234	100%	\$27,953,912	100%	8.0	100%
3% \$5,172,572 3% 0.3 2% 9,370 97% \$195,845,099 97% 17.2 98% 9,675 100% \$201,017,671 100% 17.5								1,281	100%	\$32,270,056	100%	2.4	100%	1,281	100%	\$32,270,056	100%	2.4	100%
3% \$5,172,572 3% 0.3 2% 9,370 97% \$195,845,099 97% 17.2 98% 9,675 100% \$201,017,671 100% 17.5								844	100%	\$24,192,280	100%	3.6	100%	844	100%	\$24,192,280	100%	3.6	100%
		305					5%	9,370	826	\$195,845,099	%26	17.2	%86	9,675	100%	\$201,017,671	100%	17.5	100%

Ethnicity

The progress made in reaching diverse communities is displayed in the following table.

TABLE 119. SMART-E LOAN ACTIVITY BY ETHNICITY CATEGORY BY FY CLOSED

Vintage Race Ethnicity Category # Project Units % of Total Total Investment % of Total MW % of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total
Majority Asian	7	960	\$98,218	%0	0.0	960
Majority Black	244	3%	\$3,794,618		0.2	
Majority Hispanic	376	4%	\$5,704,153		0.1	
Majority White	9,048	94%	\$191,420,680	17.1	17.1	%86
Total	9 675	100%	\$201 017 671		17.5	

Societal Benefits

Ratepayers in Connecticut continue to receive the societal benefits of the Smart-E Loan. The program has supported the creation of job years; generated tax revenue for the State of Connecticut; avoided lifetime emission of tons of carbon dioxide, pounds of nitrous oxide, pounds of sulfur oxide, and pounds of particulate matter; and provided public health savings. See Table 120 through Table 123 for impacts since program inception.

TABLE 120. SMART-E LOAN JOB YEARS SUPPORTED BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Direct	Indirect/Induced	Total
2013	0	1	1
2014	18	28	46
2015	55	88	143
2016	45	72	117
2017	50	67	117
2018	148	193	342
2019	58	75	133
2020	58	76	134
2021	87	113	200
2022	92	120	212
2023	77	94	172
2024	84	102	186
2025	63	76	139
Total	836	1,104	1,940

TABLE 121. SMART-E LOAN TAX REVENUES GENERATED BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Individual Income Tax	Corporate Tax	Sales Tax	Property Tax	Total Tax
2013	\$1,439	\$485	\$242	\$0	\$2,166
2014	\$51,375	\$27,769	\$27,743	\$0	\$106,887
2015	\$159,085	\$69,912	\$55,897	50	\$284,894
2016	\$128,735	\$62,355	\$46,662	\$1,262	\$239,014
2017	\$251,167	\$147,997	\$156,216	\$0	\$555,381
2018	\$770.632	\$476,068	\$544,186	50	\$1,790,885
2019	\$309,481	\$216,471	\$260,569	50	\$786,522
2020	\$310,596	\$214,260	\$240,443	\$0	\$765,299
2021	\$457,595	\$331,469	\$382,353	\$0	\$1,171,417
2022	\$479,262	\$369,343	\$439,046	\$0	\$1,287,650
2023	\$474,181	\$628,798	\$1,342,575	\$0	\$2,445,554
2024	\$547,038	\$632,453	\$1,243,857	\$0	\$2,423,348
2025	\$409,416	\$383,678	\$648,496	\$0	\$1,441,590
Total	\$4,350,002	\$3,561,059	\$5,388,285	\$1,262	\$13,300,608

TABLE 122. SMART-E LOAN AVOIDED EMISSIONS BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Annual CO2 (tons)	Lifetime CO2 (tons)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime CO2 (Tons)	Annual NOX (pounds)	Lifetime NOX (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime NOX (pounds)	Annual SO2 (pounds)	Lifetime SO2 (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime SO2 (pounds)	Annual PM2.5 (pounds)	Lifetime PM2.5 (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime PM2-5 (pounds)
2013	13	312	\$5.08	6	144	\$11.00	5	118	\$13.45	1	27	\$58.56
2014	436	9,924	\$4.57	233	5,362	\$8,46	212	4,890	\$9.27	35	806	\$56.28
2015	1,310	31,452	\$13.64	1,114	26,991	\$15.89	1,084	26,274	\$16.33	109	2,618	\$163.82
2016	1,102	26,466	\$13.63	1,089	26,225	\$13.76	909	21,888	\$16.48	93	2,239	\$161.15
2017	2,116	49,456	\$21.81	1,364	32,008	\$33.69	1,049	24,614	\$43.81	151	3,524	\$306.04
2018	6,173	141,290	\$30.18	3,332	76,435	\$55.78	2,559	58,660	\$72.68	420	9,613	\$443.51
2019	1,912	42,228	\$0.08	850	18,768	\$0.17	543	11,957	\$0.27	117	2,589	\$1.24
2020	1,542	34,256	50.00	563	12,541	\$0.00	242	5,399	\$0.00	87	1,932	\$0.00
2021	1,762	38,503	\$0.00	601	13,154	\$0.00	253	5,503	\$0.00	97	2,116	\$0.00
2022	1,358	28,485	\$0.00	550	11,564	50,00	408	B,598	\$0.00	88	1,851	\$0.00
2023	2,308	49,858	\$0.00	1,046	22,620	\$0.00	904	19,480	\$0.00	172	3,753	\$0.00
2024	3,232	73,562	\$0.00	1,478	33,679	\$0,00	1,250	28,365	\$0.00	257	5,903	\$0.00
2025	2,942	69,754	\$0.00	1,354	32,134	\$0.00	1,124	26,585	\$0.00	245	5,867	\$0.00
Total	26,206	595,544	\$10.38	13,579	311,626	\$19.84	10,541	242,330	\$25.51	1,872	42,840	\$144.30

TABLE 123. SMART-E LOAN ECONOMIC VALUE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACT BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Annual Public	Annual Public	Lifetime Public	Lifetime Public
4	Health (Low)	Health (High)	Health (Low)	Health (High)
2013	\$436	\$985	\$10,572	\$23,873
2014	\$13,985	\$31,594	\$320,200	\$723,313
2015	\$43,828	\$98,981	\$1,045,906	\$2,361,976
2016	\$36,691	\$82,867	\$873,915	\$1,973,668
2017	\$69,671	\$157,393	\$1,607,178	\$3,630,618
2018	\$200,131	\$452,148	\$4,536,261	\$10,248,032
2019	\$32,401	\$73,294	\$696,809	\$1,576,351
2020	\$11,415	\$25,895	\$250,062	\$567,398
2021	\$14,213	\$32,226	\$302,274	\$685,512
2022	\$11,621	\$26,326	\$234,885	\$532,132
2023	\$18,624	\$42,213	\$389,603	\$883,221
2024	\$24,329	\$55,208	\$543,156	\$1,232,838
2025	\$21,223	\$48,211	\$499,304	\$1,134,477
Total	\$498,569	\$1,127,341	\$11,310,127	\$25,573,410

Financial Performance

As of 6/30/25, there have been 247 defaults, all of which have been charged off by the lenders with outstanding principal balances totaling \$2,577,811 or 1.5% of the portfolio, and 117 delinquencies with outstanding principal balances totaling \$1,155,873 or 0.68% of the portfolio. Based on the total principal outstanding, as of 6/30/25, there were charged off defaults of \$2,577,811 or 3.5% and delinquencies of \$1,155,873 or 1.54%. To date the secondary loan loss reserve has been used to reimburse two participating lenders for nine defaulted loans totaling \$73,542 or 0.043% of the portfolio or 0.098% of the outstanding principal.

The household customers that accessed the Smart-E Loan since its launch in 2013 had varying credit scores – see Table 124.

TABLE 124. CREDIT SCORE RANGES OF HOUSEHOLD CUSTOMERS USING THE SMART-E LOAN BY FY CLOSED

Credit Range	-57	9	580-5	99	600-6	39	640-6	579	680-6	599	700-7	719	720-7	739	740-7	79	780	+	Unkno	nwo	Tot	al
FY Closed	# Projects	% of Total	# Projects	96 of Total	# Projects	% of Total																
2013									1	33%					1	33%	1	33%			3	100%
2014							15	1196	8	6%	11	8%	18	13%	38	28%	46	34%			136	100%
2015					7	096	24	9%	15	6%	19	7%	22	8%	94	35%	94	35%			269	100%
2016					3	196	13	6%	15	7%	27	12%	20	9%	55	25%	88	40%			221	100%
2017			4	196	10	2%	41	896	52	10%	49	996	51	10%	141	27%	181	34%			529	100%
2018			5	096	46	3%	113	696	168	10%	199	1196	190	1196	394	23%	632	36%	3	096	1,750	100%
2019			6	196	34	496	90	1196	120	1496	95	11%	105	13%	186	22%	193	23%			829	100%
2020			8	196	31	4%	64	9%	84	12%	85	12%	77	11%	191	27%	179	25%			719	100%
2021			8	196	36	496	92	1096	77	8%	119	12%	105	1196	224	23%	296	31%			957	100%
2022	1	096	3	096	28	3%	100	1196	97	1196	127	14%	100	11%	232	26%	215	24%			903	100%
2023			9	196	34	3%	90	7%	127	10%	137	11%	133	11%	337	27%	367	30%			1,234	100%
2024			1	0%	27	2%	69	5%	92	796	120	9%	117	936	305	24%	544	42%	6	0%	1,281	100%
2025	1	.0%			4	0%	40	5%	28	3%	44	5%	63	7%	191	23%	470	56%	3	0%	844	100%
Total	2	0%	44	096	254	3%	751	8%	884	9%	1,032	11%	1,001	10%	2,389	25%	3,306	34%	12	0%	9,675	100%

Table 125 presents lenders offering financing products in this program with accompanying data for closed Smart-E Loans for household customers.

TABLE 125. SMART-E LOAN LENDERS

Lender	Latest Loan Closed Date	# Loans	% of Total	Total Loan Amount	% of Total	Min Loan Amount	Max Loan Amount	Average Loan Amount	Average Rate	Average Term
Capital For Change	4/15/2025	4,616	48%	\$72,106,218	43%	5954	\$75.000	\$15,638	4,19	97
Nutmeg State Financial Credit Union	6/30/2025	1.947	20%	\$37.037.578	22%	\$1,802	\$50.005	\$19.023	5.02	99
Mutual Security Credit Union	6/24/2025	776	8%	\$15,510,851	9%	\$2,260	\$45,000	\$19,988	3,63	99
CorePlus Federal Credit Union	6/27/2025	827	9%	\$13,906,480	8%	\$1,993	\$50,000	\$16,816	5.03	94
Eastern Connecticut Savings Bank	6/23/2025	554	6%	\$12,839,765	8%	\$1.800	\$50,000	\$23,176	4.13	104
Ion Bank	6/26/2025	480	5%	\$8,630,759	5%	\$2,720	\$50,000	\$17,981	5.46	93
Union Savings Bank	5/30/2025	180	2%	\$3,748,216	2%	\$2,632	\$50,000	\$20,823	4.81	91
First National Bank of Suffield	2/6/2018	71	196	\$1,341,987	196	\$3,778	\$45,000	\$18.901	2.48	109
Thomaston Savings Bank	2/16/2024	97	196	\$1,289,504	196	\$2,500	\$50,000	\$13,294	4.37	92
Patriot Bank	11/16/2023	80	196	\$1,171,100	196	\$5,000	\$25,000	\$14,639	3.57	88
Workers Federal Credit Union	12/20/2017	17	0%	\$319,459	0%	\$7,000	\$40,000	\$18,792	3.08	88
Liberty Bank	3/16/2015	23	0%	\$307,434	0%	\$4,550	\$25,000	\$13,367	5.10	85
Quinnipac Bank & Trust	10/14/2015	7	096	\$84,056	0%	\$8,550	\$16,556	\$12,008	4.85	98
Total	6/30/2025	9,675	100%	\$168,373,406	100%	\$954	\$75,000	\$17,403	4.44	97

Marketing

To accelerate deployment of natural gas conversions in the state, the Smart-E program was launched in 2014 with an Energize Norwich campaign in partnership with Norwich Public Utilities and 2 local lenders. Building on that success, and to accelerate the deployment of residential solar PV through the RSIP and the uptake of the Smart-E Loan financing product, the Connecticut Green Bank implemented "Solarize Connecticut" through the end of 2015. Green Bank Solarize Connecticut programs were town based and designed to use a combination of group purchasing, time-limited offers, and grassroots outreach. The Green Bank deployed American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) dollars into interest rate buydown programs to support market transformation efforts for key technologies that support the state's climate change mitigation goals. A 0.99% promotion in FY 2018 resulted in significant volume for measures such as heat pumps and solar + energy efficiency bundles. The Green Bank's own digital

marketing and earned media initiatives constitute a key driver of volume in FY 2020 along with ongoing, in person and webinar trainings and support, for contractors. In FY 2021, special offers were introduced to encourage clean energy deployment and support the broad network of participating contractors whose businesses were impacted by the pandemic.

Each year, the Green Bank runs digital marketing campaigns to support the continued awareness and growth of the program among homeowners. Tactics used in the campaigns can include display advertising, social media ads, search engine marketing.

In late FY 2022, the Green Bank team began outreach to Smart-E contractors as part of a broader, organization-wide effort to increase contractor participation. This engagement is intended to foster stronger relationships and improve communication to the contractor base, which is a key channel for this program.

In FY 2025, the team continued outreach and engagement to contactors and also shifted attention to recruitment of new contractors for the expanded Smart-E measures for environmental infrastructure (e.g., septic, floodproofing, and well contractors). This outreach included a door-knocking campaign to create face-to-face interactions with contractors to explain the program, in addition to email and physical mail being sent.

TABLE 126. SMART-E LOAN PROJECT CHANNELS

Channel	# Projects	% of Total	Amount Financed	% of Total	Sum of TotalInvestment	% of Total
HVAC	6,988	72%	\$105,883,365	63%	\$120,886,763	60%
Solar	1,689	1796	\$46,914,516	28%	\$61,471,648	31%
Home Performance	894	9%	\$12,976,386	8%	\$14,650,297	7%
Battery Storage	39	0%	\$1,083,786	196	\$1,393,797	196
Geothermal	25	096	\$1,068,663	196	\$2,148,669	196
Health and Safety	28	0%	\$263,783	0%	\$278,820	0%
Climate Resiliency	9	096	\$173,849	096	\$177,957	0%
EV	3	0%	\$9,059	0%	\$9,719	0%
Total	9,675	100%	\$168,373,406	100%	\$201,017,671	100%

TABLE 127. SMART-E LOAN MEASURES PER PROJECT

# of Measures	# Projects	% of Total	Amount Financed	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total
1	6,402	66%	\$102,171,577	61%	\$119,743,224	60%
2	2,294	24%	\$43,702,570	26%	\$53,162,408	26%
3	650	796	\$14,191,770	8%	\$17,141,671	9%
4	180	2%	\$4,233,247	3%	\$5,451,301	3%
5	89	196	\$2,329,978	1%	\$2,908,172	1%
6	35	0%	\$1,056,120	1%	\$1,778,021	196
7	14	0%	\$357,960	096	\$414,015	0%
8	6	0%	\$152,791	0%	\$210,998	0%
10	3	0%	\$97,392	0%	\$111,887	0%
9	2	0%	\$80,000	0%	\$95,972	0%
Total	9,675	100%	\$168,373,406	100%	\$201,017,671	100%

In FY 2018, building on the success of the traditional Smart-E Loan program, the Green Bank gained experience in the automotive lending market by initiating a pilot program to extend the Smart-E Loan brand to cover new and used electric vehicles. Working with three regional credit union lenders, the

CONNECTICUT GREEN BANK 6. PROGRAMS – SMART-E LOAN

Green Bank used an interest rate buydown to 0.99% and then 1.99% to save customers an average of \$900 on used EVs and \$2000 on new EVs. This allowed the Green Bank to test the effectiveness of a vehicle financing offer with an IRB and inform the design of future scalable programs, with an aim of also keeping more pre-owned EVs in operation in the state. The pilot concluded with 121 loans. Following the conclusion of the pilot, one Smart-E lender created an EV-specific auto loan.⁹⁸

In FY 2020, in response to requests from contractors and utility partners to address barriers to completing home energy assessments that lead to deeper energy efficiency projects, health and safety measures (i.e., asbestos and mold remediation) were reclassified as standalone Smart-E measures that can be financed in full, up to \$25,000. Health and safety measures had previously been limited to 25% of the total loan amount.



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⁹⁸ For reference: https://www.mscu.net/borrow/green-loans

Case 4 – Energy Storage Solutions ("ESS") Program

Description

On June 16, 2021, Governor Lamont signed PA 21-53 into law⁹⁹. Section 1 of PA 21-53 established an energy storage goal of one thousand (1,000) megawatts ("MW") by December 31, 2030. Section 2 of PA 21-53 directed the Public Utility Regulatory Authority ("PURA") to "develop and implement one or more programs, and associated funding mechanisms, for electric storage resources connected to the electric distribution system."

On July 28, 2021, PURA issued its Final Decision in Docket No. 17-12-03RE03, PURA Investigation into Distribution System Planning of the Electric Distribution Companies – Electric Storage (Storage Decision) establishing the Electric Storage Program pursuant to Public Act 21-53 (PA 21-53) and §§ 16-11, 16-19, 16-19e, and 16-244i of the General Statutes of Connecticut (Conn. Gen. Stat.).

Following these decisions, on January 1, 2022, CGB and Program Administrators (PAs, defined below) successfully launched the much-anticipated battery storage program, called Energy Storage Solutions (ESS).

Key program elements include a declining-block upfront incentive and a performance-based incentive structure, which together comprise a nine-year Program available to customers of the State's two major EDCs (Eversource and United Illuminating) with an end goal of deploying 580 MW of behind-the-meter electric storage by 2030. The Program is administered jointly by the Green Bank and the EDCs (collectively, the "Program Administrators").

PURA has adopted the following seven (7) Program Objectives to guide the Program Administrators in the development and implementation of the Program:

- 1. Provide positive net present value to all ratepayers, or a subset of ratepayers paying for the benefits that accrue to that subset of ratepayers;
- Provide multiple types of benefits to the electric grid, including, but not limited to, customer, local, or community resilience, ancillary services, peak shaving, and avoiding or deferring distribution system upgrades or supporting the deployment of other distributed energy resources;
- 3. Foster the sustained, orderly development of a state-based electric energy storage industry;
- 4. Prioritize delivering increased resilience to: (1) low to moderate income ("LMI") customers, customers in environmental justice or economically distressed communities, customers coded medical hardship, and public housing authorities as defined in Conn. Gen. Stat. § 8-39(b); (2) customers on the grid-edge who consistently experience more and/or longer than average outages during major storms; and (3) critical facilities as defined in Conn. Gen. Stat § 16-243y(a)(2).

⁹⁹ See, Public Act 21-53, https://www.cga.ct.gov/2021/ACT/PA/PDF/2021PA-00053-R00SB-00952-PA.PDF.

- 5. Lower the barriers to entry, financial or otherwise, for electric storage deployment in Connecticut:
- 6. Maximize the long-term environmental benefits of electric storage by reducing emissions associated with fossil-based peaking generation; and
- 7. Maximize the benefits to ratepayers derived from the wholesale capacity market.

Available Incentives to Support Grid Resilience

As the Program Currently stands, there are two types of incentives customers can access and in support of multiple Program Objectives defined above, the ESS Program includes the following incentives:

- Customers receive an Upfront Incentive in the form of an upfront cost reduction in
 exchange for their participation in Passive Dispatch. Passive Dispatch refers to a
 customer's BESS being pre-programmed by the OEM or a third-party aggregator to
 discharge up to 80% of its capacity every non-holiday weekday during the months of June,
 July, and August. The programmatic purpose of Passive Dispatch is to ensure batteries are
 being discharged to the electric grid regularly during summer months where a peak in grid
 demand is most likely to occur. The Upfront Incentive is calculated based on the rates
 current to the time of application to the Program and based on the kilowatt-hours ("kWh")
 capacity of the BESS.
- Seasonal Performance Incentives are available to customers enrolled in "Active Dispatch" for a ten-year term, with one incentive rate for years 1-5, and a lower incentive rate for years 6-10. Active Dispatch refers to the customer's BESS being discharged to the electric grid on an ad-hoc basis determined by the EDCs. The EDCs will predict peak demand days June through September ("summer season") and November through March ("winter season") and signal enrolled BESS to participate in Active Dispatch events for 1-3 hours, discharging up to 100% of the BESS's available capacity to the electric grid. Customers may opt out of any Active Dispatch event if they wish. Performance Incentives are paid by the EDCs to enrolled customers at the end of each Active Dispatch season at a rate determined at the moment of application to the Program. The incentive payment is based on the average kW of power throughout all events. More specifically, the kW average for the season is equal to the total kWh of energy discharged to the electric grid by the BESS during the season divided by the total hours of events for that season.

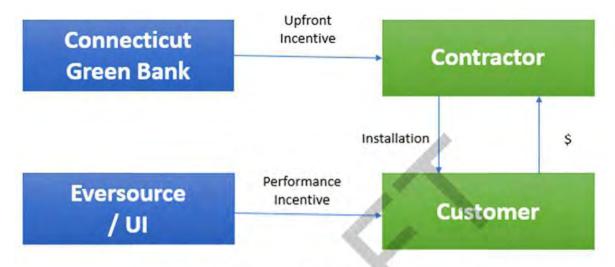
As the Program continues to expand, Program Administrators must prioritize supporting the timely advancement of Energy Storage Solutions projects through the interconnection queue. 100 101 Additionally, PAs will need to ensure that OEMs and BESS Aggregators are fully enabling

¹⁰⁰ PURA Docket 24-08-05 Energy Storage Solutions Eversource Interconnection Queue Details filed August 1st, 2024 https://www.dpuc.state.ct.us/dockcurr.nsf/8e6fc37a54110e3e852576190052b64d/f15dbde054c3140085258b6c00659239?OpenDocument

¹⁰¹ PURA Docket 24-08-05 Energy Storage Solutions United Illuminating Interconnection Queue Details filed July 30th 2024 https://www.dpuc.state.ct.us/dockcurr.nsf/8e6fc37a54110e3e852576190052b64d/3a19facbd764b3bb85258b6a006e2ca1?OpenDocument

accurate dispatch of BESS equipment during both passive and active events¹⁰² 103. To achieve this, PAs are actively collaborating with OEMs to jointly deepen the understanding of the technology's capabilities and the complexities of deploying these assets in real-world scenarios, all while maintaining a strong focus on enhancing system resiliency.

FIGURE 7. LEGAL STRUCTURE AND FLOWS OF CAPITAL FOR THE ENERGY STORAGE SOLUTIONS PROGRAM



Key Performance Indicators

The Key Performance Indicators for closed projects in the ESS program are reflected in Table 128 through Table 135. These illustrate the volume of projects by year, investment, capacity approved by year, and the amount of emissions saved and/or produced.

TABLE 128. ESS COMMERCIAL PROJECTS AND INVESTMENT BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	RE	Total	FY Closed	Amount Financed	Total Investment	CGB Investment	Private Investment	Leverage Ratio
2023	20	20	2023	\$0	\$50,010,874	\$13,328,755	\$36,682,120	3.8
2024	48	48	2024	\$0	\$200,030,507	\$30,482,193	\$169,548,315	6.6
2025	6	6	2025	50	\$14,751,756	\$2,609,394	\$12,142,362	5.7
Total	74	74	Total	\$0	\$264,793,137	\$46,420,341	\$218,372,796	5.7

¹⁰² PURA Docket 24-05-05 Energy Storage Solutions Annual Evaluation Report filed August 1st 2024 https://www.dpuc.state.ct.us/dockcurr.nsf/8e6fc37a54110e3e852576190052b64d/ddbe0b811039ecbc85258b6c006b2d61?Op

¹⁰³ PURA Docket 24-08-05 Energy Storage Solutions Evaluation, Measurement, and Verification Report filed June 17th 2024 https://www.dpuc.state.ct.us/dockcurr.nsf/8e6fc37a54110e3e852576190052b64d/e4d7e4d486a5de2785258b3f006843af?OpenDocument

Table 128 shows, that since the inception of the Energy Storage Solutions Program in 2022, the Green Bank has supported 74 commercial projects, which will enable about \$265 million of investment – including over \$218 million of that investment from private capital.

TABLE 129. ESS RESIDENTIAL PROJECT UNITS AND INVESTMENT BY FY CLOSED

FY Close	d RE	Total	FY Closed	Amount Financed	Total Investment	CGB Investment	Private Investment	Leverage Ratio
2022	21	21	2022	\$0	\$619,578	\$99,500	\$520,078	6.2
2023	323	323	2023	\$0	\$6,964,653	\$1,601,317	\$5,363,336	4.3
2024	155	155	2024	\$0	\$5,226,467	\$1,266,677	\$3,959,790	4.1
2025	472	472	2025	\$0	\$12,521,059	\$3,692,510	\$8,828,549	3.4
Total	971	971	Total	\$0	\$25,331,757	\$6,660,004	\$18,671,753	3.8

Table 129 shows, that since the inception of the Energy Storage Solutions Program in 2022, the Green Bank has supported 971 residential projects, which will enable over \$25 million of investment – including over \$18 million of that investment from private capital.

TABLE 130. ESS COMMERCIAL PROJECT CAPACITY BY FY CLOSED



Table 130 shows, that since the inception of the Energy Storage Solutions Program in 2022, the Green Bank has approved over 150 megawatts of battery storage in the commercial sector.

TABLE 131. ESS RESIDENTIAL PROJECT CAPACITY BY FY CLOSED



Table 131 shows, that since the inception of the Energy Storage Solutions Program in 2022, the Green Bank has approved over 10 megawatts of battery storage in the residential sector.

TABLE 132. ESS COMMERCIAL PROJECT AVERAGES BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Average Amount Financed	Average Total Investment	Average kW
2023	\$0	\$2,500,544	1,581.3
2024	\$0	\$4,167,302	2,238.5
2025	\$0	\$2,458,626	1,894.8
Total	\$0	\$3,578,286	2,033.0

TABLE 133. ESS RESIDENTIAL PROJECT AVERAGES BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Average Amount Financed	Average Total Investment	Average kW
2022	\$0	\$29,504	8.6
2023	\$0	\$42,728	10.6
2024	\$0	\$33,719	10.8
2025	\$0	\$26,528	13.8
Total	\$0	\$31,235	12.5

TABLE 134. ESS COMMERCIAL APPLICATION YIELD 104 BY FY RECEIVED

Yield Status FY Received		In Review Status	Withdrawn Status	Total Status	Approved Rate	Denied Rate
2022	21	1	46	68	100%	0%
2023	19		4	23	100%	0%
2024	156		13	169	100%	0%
2025	19	4	-	23	100%	0%
Total	215	5	63	283	100%	0%

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¹⁰⁴ Applications received are applications submitted by the contractor for Green Bank approval. Applications received are submitted applications yet to be reviewed, approved, or rejected. Applications withdrawn are applications that have been cancelled by the submitter due to the project not moving forward. Applications denied are applications that are not approved because the project does not meet program requirements.

TABLE 135. ESS RESIDENTIAL APPLICATION YIELD 105 BY FY RECEIVED

Yield Status FY Received	14	In Review Status	Withdrawn Status	Total Status	Approved Rate	Denied Rate
2022	80	1	129	210	100%	0%
2023	194	3	94	291	100%	0%
2024	246	4	25	275	100%	0%
2025	944	196	67	1,207	100%	0%
Total	1,464	204	315	1,983	100%	0%



¹⁰⁵ Applications received are applications submitted by the contractor for Green Bank approval. Applications received are submitted applications yet to be reviewed, approved, or rejected. Applications withdrawn are applications that have been cancelled by the submitter due to the project not moving forward. Applications denied are applications that are not approved because the project does not meet program requirements.

Vulnerable Communities

For a breakdown of activity in Vulnerable Communities - see Table 136

TABLE 136. ESS COMMERCIAL ACTIVITY IN VULNERABLE COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%									
	MW	31.6	107.4	11.4	150.4									
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%									
Total	Total Investment	\$50,010,874 \$200,030,507 \$14,751,756		\$50,010,874 \$200,030,507 \$14,751,756	\$50,010,874 \$200,030,507 \$14,751,756	\$50,010,874 \$200,030,507 \$14.751.756		S50,010,874 \$200,030,507 \$14,751,756		\$50,010,874 \$200,030,507 \$14,751,756		\$50,010,874 \$200,030,507 \$14,751,756		\$264,793,137
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%									
	# Project Units	20	48	9	74									
	% of Total	52%	50%	21%	48%									
	MM	16.5	53.4	2.4	72.3									
	% of Total	51%	4096	28%	45%									
Not Vulnerable	Total Investment	\$25,508,746	\$80,969,243	\$4,170,680	\$110,548,669									
	% of Total	20%	45%	9629	46%									
	# Project Units	10	20	4	34									
	% of Total	48%	9609	2667	25%									
	MW	15.1		0.6	78.2									
	% of Total	49%	9609	72%	28%									
Vulnerable		\$24,502,128	\$119,061,264	\$10,581,076	\$154,144,468									
	% of Total	50%	58%	33%	54%									
	# Project Units	10	28	2	40									
Vintage Vulnerable Community	FY Closed	2023	2024	2025	Total									

TABLE 137. ESS RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY IN VULNERABLE COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	3,00L	100%	100%	100%	100%
	MM	0.2	1.7	1.7	6.5	10.1
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment	\$15,619\$	\$6,964,653	\$5,226,467	\$12,521,059	\$25,331,757
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	17	323	155	472	116
	% of Total	85%	61%	83%	72%	72%
0	MW	0.2	171	1.4	4.7	7.3
	% of Total	84%	61%	82%	6196	%99
Not Wilnerable	fotal Investment	\$518,578	\$4,217,085	\$4,291,400	\$7,609,443	\$16,636,506
	% of Total	81%	4196	9662	61%	28%
	# Project Units	17.	134	123	287	195
	% of Total	15%	39%	17%	28%	28%
	WW	0.0	0.7	0.3	1,8	2.8
	% of Total	16%	39%	18%	39%	34%
Vulnerable	Total Investment	\$101,000	\$2,747,568	\$935,067	\$4,911,616	\$8,695,251
	% of Total	1996	9669	21%	39%	45%
	# Project Units	4	189	32	185	410
Vintage Vulnerable Community	FY Closed	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total

Income Bands

For a breakdown of ESS volume and investment by census tracts categorized by Area Median Income bands - see Table 138.

TABLE 138. ESS COMMERCIAL ACTIVITY IN LIMI QUALIFIED (100% OR BELOW AMI) INCOME BANDS BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	MM	31.6		11.4	
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment		\$200,030,507		
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
-	# Project Units	20	48	9	74
	% of Total	29%	9659	21%	%09
	WW	18.5	69.4	2.4	90.3
	% of Total	61%	61%	28%	26%
Not LMI	Total Investment	\$30,463,832	\$121,383,639	\$4,170,680	\$156,018,151
	% of Total	9659	58%	%19	61%
	# Project Units	13	28	4	45
	% of Total	41%	35%	2662	40%
	W.W.	13,1	38.1	9.0	60.1
	% of Total	39%	39%	72%	41%
LMI	Total Investment % of N Total	\$19,547,042	\$78,646,868	\$10,581,076	\$108,774,986
	% of Total	35%	42%	33%	36%
	# Project Units	-	20	7	59
Vintage AMI LMI Qualified	FY Closed	2023	2024	2025	Total

TABLE 139. ESS RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY IN LIMI QUALIFIED (100% OR BELOW AMI) INCOME BANDS BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	WW	0.2	1.7	1.7	6.5	10.1
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment	\$619,578	\$6,964,653	\$5,226,467	\$12,521,059	\$25,331,757
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	21	323	155	472	126
	% of Total	85%	9606	87%	79%	85%
	MW	0.2	1.6	1.5	5.2	8.3
1	% of Total	84%	88%	87%	71%	%62
Not LMI	Total Investment	\$518,578	\$6,153,599	\$4,543,359	\$8,827,942	\$20,043,478
	% of Total	81%	93%	85%	2002	80%
	# Project Units	17	300	132	332	781
	% of Total	15%	10%	13%	21%	18%
	WW	0.0	0.2	0.2	1.4	1.8
	% of Total	16%	12%	13%	59%	21%
LMI	Total Investment	\$101,000	\$811,054	\$683,108	\$3,693,117	\$5,288,279
	% of Total	19%	262	15%	30%	20%
	# Project Units	4	23	23	140	190
Vintage AMI LMI Qualified	FY Closed	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total

TABLE 140. ESS COMMERCIAL ACTIVITY IN CRA QUALIFIED (80% OR BELOW AMI) INCOME BANDS BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	MW	31.6	107.4	11.4	150.4
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	% of Total Investment Total	\$50,010,874	\$200,030,507	\$14,751,756	\$264,793,137
		100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	20	48	9	74
	% of Total	71%	89%	21%	80%
	MW	22.3	96,1	2.4	120.8
	% of Total	72%	%06	28%	83%
Not CRA	of Total Investment % o	\$35,810,874	\$179,449,281	\$4,170,680	\$219,430,835
	% of Total	75%	83%	67%	80%
	# Project Units	15	40	4	29
	% of Total	59%	11%	3667	20%
	MM	9.3	11,4	9.0	29.6
	% of Total	28%	10%	72%	17%
CRA	% of Total Investment Total	\$14,200,000	\$20,581,226	\$10,581,076	\$45,362,302
	% of Total	25%	17%	33%	50%
	# Project Units	5	00	2	15
Vintage CRA Qualified	FY Closed	2023	2024	2025	Total

TABLE 141. ESS RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY IN CRA QUALIFIED (80% OR BELOW AMI) INCOME BANDS BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	MW	0.2	1.7	1.7	6.5	10.1
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment	\$619,578	\$6,964,653	\$5,226,467	\$12,521,059	\$25,331,757
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	21	323	155	472	176
	% of Total	933%	3602	9796	9688	87%
	MW	0.2	1.2	1.6	5.8	8.8
	% of Total	93%	72%	9886	85%	83%
Not CRA	Total Investment	\$574,578	\$4,991,480	\$5,117,922	\$10,287,063	\$20,971,043
	% of Total	9606	48%	94.6	82%	73%
	# Project Units	19	155	150	386	710
	% of Total	79%	30%	3%	12%	13%
	MW	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.8	1.3
	% of Total	7%	28%	5%	18%	17%
CRA	Total Investment	\$45,000	\$1,973,173	\$108,545	\$2,233,996	\$4,360,714
	% of Total	10%	52%	3%	18%	27%
	# Project Units	2	168	12	98	261
Vintage CRA Qualified	FY Closed	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total

Distressed Communities

For a breakdown of ESS volume and investment by census tracts categorized by Distressed Communities - see Table 142.

TABLE 142. ESS COMMERCIAL ACTIVITY IN DISTRESSED COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	WW	31.6	107.4	11.4	150.4
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment	\$50,010,874	\$200,030,507	\$14,751,756	\$264,793,137
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	20	48	9	74
	% of Total	64%	76%	100%	%91
	M	20.3	82.0	11.4	113.6
N	% of Total	62%	3607	100%	20%
Not Distressed	otal Investment	\$30,855,788	\$139,595,631	\$14,751,756	\$185,203,175
	% of Total	%09	9669	100%	%69
	# Project Units	12	33	9	51
	% of Total	36%	24%		24%
	WW	11.4	25.4		30% 36.8
	% of Total	38%	30%		30%
Distressed	% of Total Investment Total	\$19,155,086	\$60,434,876		\$79,589,962
	% of Total	40%	3196		23 31%
	# Project Units	00	15		23
Vintage Distressed	FY Closed	2023	2024	2025	Total

TABLE 143. ESS RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY IN DISTRESSED COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

Vintage Distressed			Distressed						Not Distressed						Total			
FY Closed	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total
2022	2	10%	\$45,000	7%	0.0	1%	19	90%	\$574,578	93%	0.2	93%	21	100%	\$619,578	100%	0.2	100%
2023	175	54%			9.0	33%	148	46%	\$4,662,568	%19		%19	323	100%	\$6,964,653	100%	1.7	100%
2024	23	15%	\$675,954	13%	0.2	12%	132	85%	\$4,550,513	87%	1,5	88%	155	100%	\$5,226,467	100%	1.7	100%
2025	146	31%			1.4	21%	326	%69	\$8,582,217	%69	5.2	79%	472	100%	\$12,521,059	100%	6.5	100%
Total	346	36%	Û	1	2.1	21%	625	64%	\$18,369,876	73%	8.0	%62	971	100%	\$25,331,757	100%	10.1	100%

Environmental Justice Communities

For a breakdown of activity in Environmental Justice Communities – see Table 144.

TABLE 144. ESS COMMERCIAL ACTIVITY IN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	MW	31.6	107.4	11.4	150.4
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment	\$50,010,874	\$200,030,507	\$14,751,756	\$264,793,137
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	20	48	9	74
	% of Total	64%	76%	100%	%92
	MM	20.3	82.0	11.4	113.6
,	% of Total	62%	200%	1000%	%02
Not EJ Community	Total Investment	\$30,855,788	\$139,595,631	\$14,751,756	\$185,203,175
	% of Total	9609	9669	100%	%69
	# Project Units	12	33	9	51
	% of Total	36%	24%		24%
	MM	100	25.4		30% 36.8
	% of Total	38%	30%		30%
EJ Community	% of Total Investment Total	\$19,155,086	\$60,434,876		\$79,589,962
	% of Total	40%	31%		31%
	# Project % of Units Total	60	15		23
Vintage EJ Community	FY Closed	2023	2024	2025	Total

TABLE 145. ESS RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY IN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

Not EJ Community Total	MW % of # Project % of Total Investment % of MW % of # Project % of Total Investment % of MW % of Total Tota	19 90% \$574,578 93% 0.2 93% 21 100% \$619,578 100% 0.2	148 46% \$4,662,568 67% 1,2 67% 323 100% \$6,964,653 100% 1.7	87% 1.5 88% 155 100% \$5,226,467	שייי מייים ביים ביים ביים איים ביים איים ביים שיים ביים שיים שיים ביים שיים ביים שיים ביים שיים ביים שיים ביים ב
		7%	33%	12%	2464
	WW	0.0 %	33% 0.6	13% 0.2	3407 4.4
El Community	% of Total Investment % of Total Total	10% \$45,000 7	54% \$2,302,085 33	15% \$675,954 13	
Vintage EJ Community	FY Closed # Project Units	2022 2	2023 175	2024 23	27.6

Environmental Justice Poverty Areas

For a breakdown of activity in Environmental Justice Block Groups – see Table 146.

TABLE 146. ESS COMMERCIAL ACTIVITY IN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE POVERTY AREAS BY FY CLOSED

	NW % of Total	31.6 100%			
	% of N Total	%00	100% 107.4	%00	15 %00
Total	Total Investment 9	\$50,010,874	\$200,030,507	\$14,751,756	\$264,793,137
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	20	48	9	74
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	MW	31.6	107.4	11.4	150.4
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
No	Total Investment		\$200,030,507 100% 107.4		
	% of Total	1000%	48 100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	20	48	9	74
Vintage EJ Poverty Level	FY Closed	2023	2024	2025	Total

TABLE 147. ESS RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY IN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE POVERTY AREAS BY FY CLOSED

	of MW % of	100% 0.2 1009	1.7	100% 1.7 100%	6.5	100% 10.1 1009
Total	Total Investment % of Total	\$619,578 10	\$6,964,653 10		N	ь.
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	21	323	155	472	971
	% of Total	100%	96001	100%	100%	100%
	MW	0.2	1.7	1.7	6.5	10.1
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
No	Total Investment	\$619,578	\$6,964,653	\$5,226,467	\$12,521,059	\$25 331 757
	% of Total	100%	10096	10096	100%	100%
	# Project Units	21	323	155	472	971
Vintage EJ Poverty Level	FY Closed	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total

Ethnicity

The progress made in reaching diverse communities is displayed in the following tables.

TABLE 148. ESS COMMERCIAL ACTIVITY BY ETHNICITY CATEGORY BY FY CLOSED

Vintage Race Ethnicity Category # Project Units % of lotal Investment % of lotal MW % of lotal	# Project Units	% of lotal	lotal Investment	% of lotal	MM	% of lota	
Majority Asian	2	3%	\$9,125,314	3%	3.9	3%	,
Majority Black	2	3%8		v	9.0	n	
Majority Hispanic	00	11%			796 13.3	966	
Majority White	62			۲.	124.3		
Total	74			Z	150.4		

TABLE 149. ESS RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY BY ETHNICITY CATEGORY BY FY CLOSED

Vintage Race Ethnicity Category	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment % of Total MW % of Total	% of Total	M	% of Total
Majority Black 23 2%	23	2%	\$626,697	k.	0.2	
Majority Hispanic	41	4%	\$1,020,994		0.3	
Majority White	706	93%	\$23,684,066	933%	9.6	95%
Total	971	100%	\$25,331,757		10.1	

Societal Benefits

Ratepayers in Connecticut continue to receive the societal benefits of the ESS Program. The program has supported creation of job years and generated tax revenue for the State of Connecticut See Table 150 and Table 151 for impacts since program inception.

TABLE 150, ESS JOB YEARS SUPPORTED BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Direct	Indirect/Induced	Total
2022	1	2	3
2023	95	117	213
2024	354	436	790
2025	57	70	128
Total	508	625	1,133

TABLE 151, ESS TAX REVENUES GENERATED BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Individual Income Tax	Corporate Tax	Sales Tax	Property Tax	Total Tax
2022	\$7,565	\$11,369	40	50	\$18,934
2022	\$1,505	\$11,309	\$0	20	\$18,954
2023	\$670,967	\$1,167,122	\$0	\$0	\$1,838,088
2024	\$2,551,332	\$4,494,512	\$0	\$0	\$7,045,844
2025	\$364,983	\$597,193	\$0	\$0	\$962,176
Total	\$3,594,847	\$6,270,196	\$0	\$0	\$9,865,043

Marketing

In fiscal year 2024, the Green Bank ran a marketing campaign for Energy Storage Solutions from January 1, 2024, to July 15, 2024. While the continued goal of the Green Bank's residential customer-focused marketing plan is to increase awareness and adoption of the technology, the benefits of combining battery storage with solar photovoltaic systems, and the Energy Storage Solutions program for all customers in Eversource and UI service territories, this campaign specifically targeted ZIP codes where residential battery system installations would have the most positive emissions reductions benefits to the overall grid.

This targeting was based on data provided by Kevala identifying areas with the highest differential in monthly average emissions. The campaign focused half of the dollars spent into ZIP codes with the highest differentials and the other half into the rest of the service areas.

Success was measured by four indicators:

- 1. Landing page form submissions on the energystoragect.com website.
- Performance against industry advertising benchmarks for digital, social, and search ads.
- 3 Web traffic and engagement.
- 4. Awareness study designed to gauge knowledge of solar plus storage technology and the Energy Storage Solutions program.

The study was initially conducted in January 2024 and reconducted in June 2024 to gauge any changes in attitudes and awareness. The survey showed an increase in awareness of the technology as well as the program itself.

The Green Bank also supported the program through webinars, case studies, public relations, and contractor outreach.

In FY 2025, the following paid media tactics were used:

- Podcast ads (January March)
- Paid search (full year, except December)
- Reddit ads (October November, January April)
- LinkedIn ads (April to promote a webinar)
- Streaming television ads on YouTube and Hulu (October November, January April)
- Digital display ads (October November, January June)

Elements of the campaign were in-market all year except December; the campaign paused on November 22 and resumed on January 6.

Marketing Results: Energy Storage Solutions website traffic and engagement between July 1, 2024, and June 3, 2025:

- 96,919 views (decreased 6.2% over previous year)
- 53,039 sessions (decreased 19.5% over previous year)
- 32,463 total users (decreased 14.1% over previous year)
- 25,402 engaged sessions (increased 5.9% over previous year)
- 6,216 file downloads (increase 17.8% over previous year). This includes "contact form" submissions and downloads of PDFs and other files from the site.
 - o Form submissions totaled 487 in FY2025, a decrease of roughly 6.5% from 519 in FY 2024.

While overall traffic and related engagement metrics are lower year-over-year, two key metrics of engagement show growth. Additionally, case studies, webinars, and public relations tactics (i.e., press releases) were used to help grow consumer awareness of the program.

Case 5 – Multifamily Programs (LIME and Pre-Development Loans)

The Green Bank focused on lending to multifamily properties to support comprehensive energy efficiency retrofits and development of on-site clean energy generation. Due to changes in the regulatory environment in Connecticut, the Green Bank has pivoted its focus on renewable energy to relieve energy burden in multifamily housing to the Green Bank Solar Power Purchase Agreement (See Case 2 – CT Green Bank PPA and Commercial Solar Lease for more information). This section is focused on our lending efforts for energy efficiency.

Description

The Green Bank provides a suite of financing options that support property owners in assessing, designing, funding, and monitoring high impact energy efficiency and renewable energy upgrades for multifamily properties, defined as buildings with 5 or more units. The Green Bank contracted with Inclusive Prosperity Capital (IPC), to manage and administer these programs on behalf of CGB.

The Green Bank encourages owners to take a holistic approach to their buildings by implementing energy upgrades that will deliver a high return on investment over the long term through energy and operating cost savings, increased property values, and improvement of resident health, safety and living environment. The organization partners with building owners to finance a project design approach that is both technology and fuel agnostic – whereby owners identify the combination of renewable energy and energy efficiency measures/technology approaches that will deliver the most benefits and highest impact. This holistic approach and focus on deeper efficiency measures is particularly important in Connecticut due to the need for energy efficiency, and health and safety updates for the state's old and aging housing stock. We are catalyzing holistic projects that reap the benefits of significant energy and operating cost savings, which can also be used to finance other capital improvements like full roof replacements and remediation of mold, asbestos, lead, etc. which have additional health and safety benefits.

The Green Bank Multifamily programs primarily target the low to moderate income market in Connecticut, for all ownership types, including private and non-profit owned apartments, condominiums, cooperatives, and state and federally funded affordable housing developments, including senior and assisted living facilities.

Pre-development resources

In a sector that is traditionally difficult to address, multifamily projects present a significant need for pre-development financing, trusted technical support, and streamlined access to funding programs. In 2015, the Green Bank established a pre-development energy loan program called Navigator to support property owners in identifying high-quality technical assistance providers, and fund the work needed to scope and secure financing for deeper, cost-effective energy upgrades. Eligible assessment and design services funded under the pre-development Navigator loan include those for energy and water efficiency, efficient fuel conversion, renewable energy systems, energy storage and EV charging stations, qualified health and safety measures, and performance benchmarking.

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The Green Bank is working to change the model of pre-development and technical assistance for energy efficiency and renewable energy projects from one that is primarily grant-funded in the low to moderate income housing space to one that is loan driven and financially sustainable.

This program is supported by a revolving loan fund which provides loans of 1.99% to 3.99% for up to two-year terms. The affordable multifamily version of this program is administered in partnership with the Housing Development Fund (HDF), a local CDFI, and funded by a portion of a \$5 million program-related investment from the MacArthur Foundation.

 Navigator Pre-Development Energy Loan 106 funds pre-development costs for building owners to assess, scope and design their project.

Term Financing Solutions

The Green Bank offers the following term financing options for project implementation 107.

- Loans Improving Multifamily Energy (LIME) Loan¹⁰⁸ typically funds energy improvement projects for low to moderate income properties (where at least 60% of units serve renters at 80% or lower of Area Median Income) and is geared towards mid-cycle energy improvements for existing buildings. LIME has recently been expanded to serve market rate properties. The LIME Loan program is delivered through a partnership with Capital for Change, a local CDFI. LIME typically provides alternatively secured loans (not secured by mortgages although mortgage security is also possible) that cover 100% of project costs, require no money down, and are repaid from energy cost savings for terms up to 20 years. Projected energy savings are used to cover the debt service of the loan. The Green Bank supports LIME with a \$625,000 loan loss reserve and provided \$3.5 million to capitalize the initial \$5 million loan fund. When it is necessary to lower the overall cost of capital to close a loan, funds from the \$5 million program-related investment from the MacArthur Foundation, housed at HDF, may be used to support the program.
- CT Green Bank Power Purchase Agreements 109 offer solar-only financing that allows owners to go solar and lock in lower long-term electricity rates with no upfront cost and without the risk or hassle of purchasing and maintaining a system. Solar financing is available for multifamily properties through the Green Bank's solar power purchase agreement facilities. See the Case 2 CT Green Bank PPA & Solar Lease for more information.
- Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy¹¹⁰ (C-PACE) funds 100% of project costs with no money down. C-PACE loans are for a term of up to 20 years and are secured by using a benefit assessment on the borrower's property tax bill. The program serves market rate as well as affordable multifamily properties; however, to-date, given difficulties acquiring lender

¹⁰⁶ Navigator Pre-Development Energy Loan: https://www.ctgreenbank.com/programs/multifamily/navigator/

¹⁰⁷ Owners are also encouraged to seek other sources of capital if they can be secured under more favorable terms than those offered by the Green Bank.

¹⁰⁸ Loans Improving Multifamily Energy (LIME) Loan: https://ctgreenbank.com/programs/multifamily/lime/

¹⁰⁹ Solar Power Purchase Agreement: https://ctgreenbank.com/programs/multifamily/solarppa/

¹¹⁰ Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy: http://www.CPACE.com/

consent, multifamily C-PACE financing continues to be limited. See Case 1 – Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy (C-PACE) for more information.

EnergizeCT Health & Safety Revolving Loan Fund 111 funds health and safety improvements necessary to allow subsequent energy improvements in existing properties. The program is funded by \$1.5 million from DEEP and provides low-interest, 2.99% fixed rate loans made available on a rolling application basis.

Key Performance Indicators

The Key Performance Indicators for Multifamily programs closed activity are reflected in Table 152 through Table 154.

These illustrate the volume of projects by year, investment, generation capacity installed, and the amount of energy saved and/or produced. It also breaks down the volume of projects by energy efficiency (EE), renewable energy (RE), or both.

TABLE 152. MULTIFAMILY PROJECT TYPES AND INVESTMENT BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	EE	Other	RE	RE/EE	Total	FY Closed	Amount Financed	Total Investment	CGB Investment	Private Investment	Leverage Ratio
2014	1				1	2014	\$250,000	\$420,000	50	\$420,000	
2015	3		4		7	2015	\$6,991,934	\$6,220,430	\$6,406,391	(\$185,961)	1.0
2016	14	- 1	15	1	31	2016	\$27,964,624	\$33,926,465	\$1,236,053	\$32,690,412	27.4
2017	8	2	8	1	19	2017	\$9,788,439	\$10,904,774	\$2,189,207	\$8,715,566	5.0
2018	6	10	2	1	19	2018	\$8,970,621	\$9,484,647	\$153,496	\$9,331,151	61.8
2019	2	12	7	1	22	2019	\$33,366,954	\$36,402,479	\$604,112	\$35,798,366	60.3
2020	4	2	7	4	17	2020	\$7,008,119	\$7.584,221	\$546,941	\$7,037,280	13,9
2021	2	2	1		5	2021	\$4,104,260	\$4,192,790	\$217,566	\$3,975,225	19.3
2022	1		1	- 1	3	2022	\$2,060,000	\$2,060,000	\$1,959,400	\$100,600	1.1
2023		3			3	2023	\$4,392,500	\$4,392,500	50	\$4,392,500	
Total	41	32	45	9	127	Total	\$104,977,451	\$115,588,306	\$13,313,167	\$102,275,139	8.7

Table 152 shows, that since the inception of the Green Bank's multifamily efforts in 2014, the 127 projects have been supported, which have enabled over \$115 million of investment – including over \$102 million of that investment from private capital.

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¹¹¹ https://ctgreenbank.com/programs/multifamily/energizect-health-safety-loan/

TABLE 153. MULTIFAMILY PROJECT CAPACITY, GENERATION AND SAVINGS BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	kW	Expected Annual Generation (kWh)	Expected Lifetime Generation (MWh)	Annual Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	Lifetime Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	Annual Cost Savings	Lifetime Cost Savings
2014	0.0	17,873	214	61	733	\$69,534	\$834,408
2015	1,030.0	4,144,225	101,876	5,450	130,331	\$243,673	\$5,918,657
2016	1,286.7	2,208,617	45,552	7,100	144,480	\$531,098	\$10,320,114
2017	2,278.8	2,762,376	66,884	11,557	281,478	\$370,090	\$6,926,347
2018	137.1	1,479,306	19,781	5,412	72,259	\$269,666	\$3,389,711
2019	1,032.3	4,894,258	78,892	6,265	111,057	\$345,822	\$4,838,273
2020	1,095.4	4,215,341	53,349	2,966	61,203	\$101,851	\$1,995,668
2021	41.1	399,258	5,399	1,370	18,611	\$25,475	\$354,618
2022	939.6	3,908,256	97,706	19,222	480,550	\$776,316	\$19,407,908
2023	0.0	0	0	0	0	\$0	\$0
Total	7,841.0	24,029,509	469,655	59,402	1,300,702	\$2,733,526	\$53,985,706

Table 153 shows, that since the inception of the Green Bank's multifamily efforts in 2014, the Green Bank has deployed nearly 8 megawatts of clean energy and over 1.3 million MMBtu of energy savings, which will avoid nearly \$54 million in energy costs over the life of the projects.

TABLE 154. MULTIFAMILY PROJECT AVERAGES BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Average Amount Financed	Average Total Investment	Average kW	Average Annual Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	Average Finance Term	Average Finance Rate
2014	\$250,000	\$420,000	0.0	61	9	6.00
2015	\$998,848	\$888,633	147.1	779	28	5.54
2016	\$902,085	\$1,094,402	41.5	229	13	4.24
2017	\$515,181	\$573,935	119.9	608	12	4.16
2018	\$472,138	\$499,192	7.2	285	11	2.64
2019	\$1,516,680	\$1,654,658	46.9	285	14	4.01
2020	\$412,242	\$446,131	64.4	174	17	6.32
2021	\$836,852	\$838,558	8.2	274	18	5.88
2022	\$686,667	\$686,667	313.2	6,407	10	5.00
2023	\$1,464,167	\$1,464,167	0.0	0		
Total	\$826,594	\$910,144	61.7	468	14	4.16

As the Green Bank's Multifamily programs are predominantly income targeted, Table 155 shows a breakdown of projects completed in a year by property type and reflects the number of units impacted.

TABLE 155. MULTIFAMILY PROJECTS BY LOW TO MODERATE INCOME (LMI) OR MARKET RATE PROPERTY BY FY CLOSED

Class	Affordable		Market Rate		Total	
FY Closed	# Projects	# Project Units	# Projects	# Project Units	# Projects	# Project Units
2014	1	120			1	120
2015	5	326	2	82	7	408
2016	30	1,576	1	191	31	1,767
2017	18	1,435	1	100	19	1,535
2018	19	1,792			19	1,792
2019	21	2,301	1	132	22	2,433
2020	15	1,346	2	103	17	1,449
2021	4	227	1	30	5	257
2022	2	102	1	82	3	184
2023	3	207			3	207
Total	118	9,432	9	720	127	10,152

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Vulnerable Communities

Due to the Multifamily focus on properties serving low-income residents, a majority of units served are in vulnerable communities.

TABLE 156. MULTIFAMILY ACTIVITY IN VULNERABLE COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total		100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%		40000
	MM	0.0	1.0	1.3	2.3	0.1	1.0	1.1	0.0	6.0	0.0	10
-		\$420,000 100%	\$6,220,430 100%	33,926,465 100%	\$10,904,774 100%	\$9,484,647 100%	\$36,402,479 100%	\$7,584,221 100%	\$4,192,790 100%	\$2,060,000 100%	\$4,392,500 100%	2001 306 306 3000
Total	Total Investment % of Total	\$420	\$6,22(\$33,92	\$10,90	\$9,48	\$36,40	\$7,58	\$4,19	\$2,06	\$4,39	6445 50
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	40004
	# Project Units	120	408	1,767	1,535	1,792	2,433	1,449	257	184	207	40 453
	% of Total		11%	8%	P				100%			200
	WW	1	0.1	0.1					0.0			0
	% of Total		969	1%	4	L			3%			704
Not Vulnerable	Total Investment		\$380,480	\$311,469					\$113,991			0000000
	% of T			111%				4	12%			200
	# Project Units			191					30			
	% of Total		868	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	960	100%		1000
	WW	0.0	6.0	1.2	2.3	0.1	1.0	1.1	0.0	6.0	0.0	10
	% of Total	10096	94%	%66	100%	100%	100%	100%	94.6	100%	100%	2000
Vulnerable	Total Investment	\$420,000	\$5,839,950	\$33,614,996	\$10,904,774	\$9,484,647	\$36,402,479	\$7,584,221	\$4,078,799	\$2,060,000	\$4,392,500	200 200 1000
	% of Total	100%	100%	868	100%	100%	100%	100%	88%	100%	100%	2000
	# Project Units	120	408	1,576	1,535	1,792	2,433	1,449	7227	184	207	*****
Vintage Vulnerable Community	FY Closed	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	-

Income Band

As a program predominantly focused on properties that serve low to moderate income residents, this table does not reflect the degree to which the goal of serving lower income residents is being met. The program is equally focused on affordable housing properties For a breakdown of Multifamily volume and investment by census tracts categorized by Area Median Income bands - see Table 157. located in more affluent communities and affordable housing properties in lower income census tracts.

TABLE 157. MULTIFAMILY ACTIVITY IN LMI QUALIFIED (100% OR BELOW AMI) INCOME BANDS BY FY CLOSED

Not LMI	6 of # Project % of Total Investment % of MW % of # Project % of Total Investment % of MW % of otal Units Total To		1,193 68% \$11,512,033 34% 0.8 65% 1,767 100% \$33,926,465 100% 1.3	113 7% \$1,313,630 12% 0.4 19% 1,535 100% \$10,904,774 100% 2.3	73 4% \$446,900 5% 0,1 73% 1,792 100% \$9,484,647 100% 0.1	545 22% \$5,262,301 14% 0.4 41% 2,433 100% \$36,402,479 100% 1.0	384 27% \$316,500 4% 0.0 0% 1,449 100% \$7,584,221 100% 1.1	151 59% \$1,513,557 36% 0.0 100% 257	166 90% \$1,999,000 97% 0.9 100% 184 100% \$2,060,000 100% 0.9		120 100% \$420,000 100% 0.0
# Project % of Units Total 408 100% 1,767 100%	1,767	1,767	1 535	1,000	1,792	2,433	1,449	257	184	0.10	
	Tot	1.0 100						0.0 100	0.9 100		
	à	84%	34%	12%	5%6	14%	4%	36%	97%		
		\$5,202,196	\$11,512,033	\$1,313,630	\$446,900	\$5,262,301	\$316,500	\$1,513,557	\$1,999,000		
		58%	9689	795	4%	22%	27%	9665	%06		ľ
	Project	238	1,193	113	73	545	384	151	166		9
	% of # Total	960	35%	81%	27%	9665	100%	960	960		
	MM	0.0	0.4	1.9	0.0	9.0	13	0.0	0.0		0.0
	% of Total	16%	9699	9888	9656	86%	%96	9449	396		100%
	Total Investment	\$1,018,234	\$22,414,433	\$9,591,143	\$9,037,747	\$31,140,178	\$7,267,721	\$2,679,233	\$61,000		\$420,000
	% of Total	42%	32%	93%	9696	78%	73%	41%	1096		100%
	# Project Units	170	574	1,422	1,719	1,888	1,065	106	18		120
	FY Closed	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		2014

CONNECTICUT GREEN BANK 6. PROGRAMS – MULTIFAMILY

TABLE 158. MULTIFAMILY ACTIVITY IN CRA QUALIFIED (80% OR BELOW AMI) INCOME BANDS BY FY CLOSED

Distressed Communities

For a breakdown of Multifamily project volume and investment by census tracts categorized by Distressed Communities – see Table 159. As a program predominantly focused on properties that serve low to moderate income residents, this table does not reflect the degree to which the goal of serving lower income residents is being met. The program is equally focused on affordable housing properties located in more affluent communities and affordable housing properties in lower income census tracts.

TABLE 159. MULTIFAMILY ACTIVITY IN DISTRESSED COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%			100%
	WW	1.0	1.3	2.3	0.1	1.0	1.1	0.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	7.8
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment	\$6,220,430	\$33,926,465	\$10,904,774	\$9,484,647	\$36,402,479	\$7,584,221	\$4,192,790	\$2,060,000	\$420,000	\$4,392,500	\$115,588,306
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	408	1,767	1,535	1,792	2,433	1,449	257	184	120	207	10,152
D	% of Total	13%	74%	37%	73%	31%	21%	100%	4%			34%
	MW	0.1	1.0	8.0	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0		2.7
	% of Total	15%	40%	6196	4896	10%	%6	8%	5%	10096		27%
Not Distressed	Total Investment	\$947,196	\$13,602,130	\$6,642,959	\$4,594,723	\$3,726,311	\$688,525	\$331,557	000'66\$	\$420,000		\$31,052,401
	% of Total	48%	8196	61%	16%	15%	34%	9695	46%	1009%	ľ	40%
	# Project Units	197	1,426	939	285	358	496	144	84	120	>	4,049
	% of Total	87%	26%	63%	27%	9669	79%	960	9696			9699
	WW	6.0	0,3	4.1	0.0	0.7	6.0	0.0	6'0		0.0	5.2
	% of Total	85%	9609	39%	52%	90%	91%	95%	95%		1009%	73%
Distressed	Total Investment	\$5,273,234	\$20,324,336	\$4,261,815	\$4,880,024	\$32,676,168	\$6,895,696	\$3,861,233	\$1,961,000		\$4,392,500	\$84,535,905
	% of Total	52%	19%	39%	8496	85%	9699	44%	54%		1000%	%09
	# Project Units	211	341	965	1,507	2,075	953	113	100		207	6,103
Vintage Distressed	FY Closed	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2014	2023	Total

Environmental Justice Communities

For a breakdown of activity in Environmental Justice Communities – see Table 160.

TABLE 160. MULTIFAMILY ACTIVITY IN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

	MW % of Total	1.0 100%	1.3 100%	2.3 100%	0.1 100%	1.0	1.1 100%	0.0 100%	6.0	0.0	0.0	70001
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	4000
Total	Total Investment	\$6,220,430	\$33,926,465	\$10,904,774	\$9,484,647	\$36,402,479	\$7,584,221	\$4,192,790	\$2,060,000	\$420,000	\$4,392,500	2445 500 300
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	10000
	# Project Units	408	1,767	1,535	1,792	2,433	1,449	257	184	120	207	
	% of Total	13%	74%	32%	44%	31%	21%	10096	4%			2000
3	WW	0.1	1.0	0.7	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	% of Total	15%	38%	25%	47%	10%	7%	8%	5%6	100%		7000
Not EJ Community	Total Investment	\$947,196	\$12,902,733	\$2,759,359	\$4,419,173	\$3,536,561	\$515,025	\$331,557	000'66\$	\$420,000		100 000
	% of Total	48%	75%	3196	11%	10%	2%	9699	46%	96001	A	-
	# Project Units	197	1,324	476	202	254	71	144	84	120	7	-
	% of Total	87%	56%	9689	9699	9669	79%	960	9696			1000
	WW	6.0	0.3	1.6	0.1	0.7	6.0	0.0	6.0		0.0	-
	% of Total	85%	62%	75%	53%	806	93%	95%	95%		100%	-
EJ Community	Total Investment	\$5,273,234	\$21,023,732	\$8,145,415	\$5,065,474	\$32,865,918	\$7,069,196	\$3,861,233	\$1,961,000		\$4,392,500	
	% of Total	52%	25%	%69	%68	%06	9836	44%	54%		100%	-
	# Project Units	211	443	1,059	1,590	2,179	1,378	113	100		207	
Vintage EJ Community	FY Closed	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2014	2023	

Environmental Justice Poverty Areas

For a breakdown of activity in Environmental Justice Block Groups – see Table 161.

TABLE 161. MULTIFAMILY ACTIVITY IN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE POVERTY AREAS BY FY CLOSED

		Yes						No		1				Total			
# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MM	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment % of Total	% of Total	MW	% of Total
						408	100%	\$6,220,430	100%	1.0	100%	408	100%	\$6,220,430 100%	100%	1.0	100%
102	969	\$699,396	5%	0.0	960	1,665	94%	\$33,227,069	9886	1.3	100%	1,767	100%	\$33,926,465 100%	100%	1.3	100%
463	30%	\$3,883,600		0.1	5%	1,072	70%	\$7,021,174	64%	2.2	95%	1,535	100%	\$10,904,774 100%	100%	2.3	100%
83	2%	\$175,550	2%	0.0	29%	1,709	95%	160'608'6\$	%86	0.1	71%	1,792	100%	\$9,484,647	100%	0.1	100%
104	4%	\$189,750		0.0	%0	2,329	%96	\$36,212,729	%66	1.0	100%	2,433	100%	\$36,402,479 100%	100%	1.0	100%
425	29%	\$173,500	5%	0.0	960	1,024	71%	\$7,410,721	%86	11	100%	1,449	100%	\$7,584,221 100%	100%	11	100%
						257	100%	\$4,192,790	100%	0.0	100%	257	100%	\$4,192,790 100%	100%	0.0	100%
						184	100%	\$2,060,000	100%	6.0	100%	184	100%	\$2,060,000 100%	100%	6.0	100%
						120	100%	\$420,000	100%	0.0		120	100%	\$420,000	100%	0.0	
					-	207	100%	\$4,392,500	100%	0.0		207	100%	\$4,392,500 100%	100%	0.0	
1,177	12%	\$5,121,796	4%	2.0	2%	8,975	88%	\$110,466,510	%96	7.7	%86	10,152	100%	\$115,588,306 100%	100%	7.8	100%

Ethnicity

The progress made in reaching diverse communities is displayed in the following table.

TABLE 162. MULTIFAMILY ACTIVITY BY ETHNICITY CATEGORY BY FY CLOSED

Vintage Race Ethnicity Category	# Project Units	% of Total	# Project Units % of Total Total Investment % of Total MW % of Total	% of Total	MW	% of Total
	7	0%0	\$1,182,000	196	0.0	960
Majority Asian	191	2%	\$311,469			
Majority Black	1,248	12%	\$8,091,749		0.3	4%
Majority Hispanic	3,620	36%	\$64,037,267	955%		
Majority White	980'5	20%	\$41,965,821			

100%

36% 5.0 100% 7.8

\$41,965,821 \$115,588,306

20% 100%

10,152

Societal Benefits

Ratepayers in Connecticut continue to receive the societal benefits of the Multifamily Program. The program has supported the creation of job years; generated tax revenue for the State of Connecticut; avoided lifetime emission of tons of carbon dioxide, pounds of nitrous oxide, pounds of sulfur oxide, and pounds of particulate matter; and provided public health savings. See Table 163 through Table 166 for impacts since program inception.

TABLE 163. MULTIFAMILY JOB YEARS SUPPORTED BY FY CLOSED

Lab	Year	- 0		
Job	rear	SL	PA.	100

FY Closed	Direct	Indirect/Induced	Total
2014	5	9	14
2015	39	54	94
2016	364	581	945
2017	41	57	99
2018	52	67	119
2019	199	270	469
2020	17	22	38
2021	22	29	51
2022	12	15	27
2023	12	15	27
Total	764	1,120	1,884

TABLE 164. MULTIFAMILY TAX REVENUES GENERATED BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Individual Income Tax	Corporate Tax	Sales Tax	Property Tax	Total Tax
2014	\$11,377	\$9,016	\$12,110	50	\$32,503
2015	\$172,762	\$197,322	\$245,719	\$110,760	\$726,564
2016	\$821,304	\$671,986	\$756,637	\$0	\$2,249,926
2017	\$196,097	\$182,241	\$62,829	\$0	\$441,166
2018	\$266,900	\$212,875	\$276,553	\$0	\$756,328
2019	\$1,004,547	\$837,672	\$1,164,308	\$95,015	\$3,101,542
2020	\$169,312	\$100,275	\$247,039	\$0	\$516,625
2021	\$119,693	\$95,112	\$125,517	\$0	\$340,321
2022	\$65,328	\$77,053	\$101,131	\$47,785	\$291,297
2023	\$73,935	\$106,197	\$256,803	\$0	\$436,935
Total	\$2,901,253	\$2,489,748	\$3,248,646	\$253,560	\$8,893,207

TABLE 165. MULTIFAMILY AVOIDED EMISSIONS BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Annual CO2 (tons)	Lifetime CO2 (tons)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime CO2 (Tons)	Annual NOX (pounds)	Lifetime NOX (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime NOX (pounds)	Annual SO2 (pounds)	Lifetime SO2 (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime SO2 (pounds)	Annual PM2.5 (pounds)	Lifetime PMZ.5 (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime PM2.5 (pounds)
2014	10	120	\$0.00	4	54	\$0.00	4	47	\$0,00	1	9	\$0.00
2015	2,174	53,317	\$120.16	1,843	45,046	\$142.22	1,703	41,412	\$154.70	13	258	\$24,816.35
2016	1,262	25,915	547.70	965	20,141	561.37	772	15,449	580.01	106	2,222	\$556.40
2017	1,592	38,564	\$56.77	892	21,743	\$100.69	721	17,554	\$124.71	122	2,961	\$739.30
2018	830	11,129	513.79	375	5,087	\$30,18	326	4,364	\$35,17	60	813	\$188.76
2019	306	7,658	\$78.89	127	3,169	\$190.63	70	1,760	\$343.24	18	455	\$1,327.40
2020	658	12,806	\$42.71	2,044	22,998	\$23,78	1,454	16,047	\$34.08	29	733	\$746.52
2021	217	2,939	\$74.03	76	1,065	\$204.20	42	626	\$347.39	13	185	\$1,173.69
2022	2,034	50,852	\$38,53	1,673	41,822	\$46.85	1,516	37,903	\$51.70	2	56	\$34,759.25
Total	9,082	203,300	\$65.49	7,999	161,125	\$82.63	6,608	135,162	\$98.50	365	7,692	\$1,730.75

TABLE 166. MULTIFAMILY ECONOMIC VALUE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACT BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Annual Public Health (Low)	Annual Public Health (High)	Lifetime Public Health (Low)	Lifetime Public Health (High)
2014	\$61	\$138	\$729	\$1,651
2015	\$30,812	\$69,641	\$751,303	\$1,698,052
2016	\$24,976	\$56,457	\$544,552	\$1,230,819
2017	\$34,457	\$77,876	\$847,795	\$1,916,051
2018	\$6,176	\$13,980	\$95,905	\$217,055
2019	\$2,191	\$4,985	\$54,781	\$124,626
2020	\$27,884	\$63,072	\$323,624	\$732,604
2021	\$1,386	\$3,140	\$19,059	\$43,212
2022	\$26,659	\$60,262	\$666,471	\$1,506,541
Total	\$154,602	\$349,550	\$3,304,220	\$7,470,611

Financial Performance

To date there have been no defaults and as of 6/30/2025 there were no delinquencies.

Marketing

The Green Bank's multifamily programs are built on partnerships with key housing organizations in Connecticut that support the Green Bank's multifamily programs with marketing, outreach, demonstration, and education programs to build awareness and demand from property owners. Our approach is to leverage and collaborate with these well-established organizations, building on their initiatives and programs, as we work to scale and "mainstream" holistic clean energy improvements in the multifamily sector. Key partners include CDFI's Capital for Change and the Housing Development Fund, Department of Housing, Connecticut Housing Finance Authority, and the HUD Connecticut Field Office, as well as the utility companies. These organizations partner with us at conferences and in other public outreach and education activities.

In 2017, we established a Multifamily Peer-to-Peer network where advanced practitioners, including owners, developers, architects, professional service providers and funders, gather on a monthly basis to exchange information and discuss their projects – with the goal of building greater professional capacity in the sector and awareness of Green Bank programs. While the COVID-19 pandemic has brought the Peet-to-Peer network into the virtual world for its meetings, the Green Bank continues to sponsor and support the group. We have tapped experts in the network on multiple occasions to ask for their input on policy and definitions that apply to this sector. As of FY 2025, the Multifamily Peer-to-Peer network remains active.

Case 6 – Strategic Investments

Description

The Green Bank's financial resources may be used to contribute to the capital stack for projects that are outside any of the organization's existing programs and are aligned with its mission. Opportunities are evaluated as they arise, and projects are selected based on the opportunity to expand the Green Bank's experience with specific technologies, advance economic development in a specific locale, or drive adoption of clean energy that might not otherwise occur.

Key Performance Indicators

The Key Performance Indicators for the Strategic Program closed activity are reflected in Table 167 through Table 169.

TABLE 167. STRATEGIC PROJECT TYPES AND INVESTMENT BY FY CLOSED

Project Type			/pe		Investment								
FY Closed	EE	RE	Total	FY Closed	Amount Financed	Total Investment	CGB Investment	Private Investment	Leverage Ratio				
2013		1	1	2013	\$5,800.000	\$70,800,000	\$5,800,000	\$65,000,000	12.2				
2015	1	1	2	2015	\$3,227,000	\$56,500,000	\$3,227,000	\$53,273,000	17.5				
2017		1	1	2017	\$3,900,000	\$4,538,212	\$3,900,000	\$638,212	1.2				
2019		1	1	2019	\$6,503,800	\$6.503,800	\$1,200,000	\$5,303,800	5.4				
2020		2	2	2020	\$20,738,702	\$20,738.702	\$6,723,188	\$14,015,514	3.1				
2024		3	3	2024	\$10,221.733	\$106.323.071	\$10,150,483	\$96,172,588	10.5				
2025		1	1	2025	\$128,300.000	\$128,300,000	\$9.900.000	\$118,400,000	13.0				
Total	1	10	11	Total	\$178,691,235	\$393,703,785	\$40,900,671	\$352,803,114	9.6				

TABLE 168. STRATEGIC PROJECT CAPACITY, GENERATION AND SAVINGS BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	kW	Expected Annual Generation (kWh)	Expected Lifetime Generation (MWh)	Annual Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	Lifetime Energy Saved/Produced (MM8tu)
2013	14,800.0	116,683,200	1,166,832	398,123	3,981,230
2015	5.000.0	136,494,900	1,661,591	465,849	5,670,888
2017	193.0	828,433	20.711	2.826	70,650
2019	997.7	4,282,527	107,063	3,876	96,900
2020	7,700.0	60.444,000	614,952	29,919	305,015
2024	17,720.0	139,704,480	1,397,045	1,099,925	10,999,252
2025	9,660.0	76,159,440	761,594	265,642	2,656,420
Total	56,070.7	534,596,980	5,729,788	2,266,160	23,780,355

TABLE 169. STRATEGIC PROJECT AVERAGES BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Average Amount Financed	Average Total Investment	Average kW	Average Annual Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)
2013	\$5,800,000	\$70,800,000	14,800.0	398,123
2015	\$1,613,500	\$28,250,000	2,500.0	232,925
2017	\$3,900,000	\$4,538,212	193.0	2,826
2019	\$6,503,800	\$6,503,800	997.7	3,876
2020	\$10.369,351	\$10,369,351	3.850.0	14,960
2024	\$3,407,244	\$35,441,024	5,906.7	366,642
2025	\$128,300,000	\$128,300,000	9.660.0	265,642
Total	\$16,244,658	\$35,791,253	5,097.3	206,015

Societal Benefits

Ratepayers in Connecticut continue to receive the societal benefits of Strategic Investments. The program has supported the creation of job years; generated tax revenue for the State of Connecticut; avoided lifetime emission of tons of carbon dioxide, pounds of nitrous oxide, pounds of sulfur oxide, and pounds of particulate matter; and provided public health savings. See Table 170 through Table 173 for impacts since program inception.

TABLE 170. STRATEGIC JOB YEARS SUPPORTED BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Direct	Indirect/Induced	Total
2013	340	779	1,119
2015	398	595	993
2017	28	36	64
2019	38	49	87
2020	75	111	187
2024	319	383	702
2025	385	462	847
Total	1,583	2,415	3,998

TABLE 171. STRATEGIC TAX REVENUES GENERATED BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Individual Income Tax	Corporate Tax	Sales Tax	Property Tax	Total Tax
2013	\$1,558,237	\$471,528	\$3,661,634	\$0	\$5,691,400
2015	\$1,582,952	\$953,172	\$2,958,750	\$632,723	\$6,127,597
2017	\$148,127	\$176,704	\$237,072	\$114,136	\$676,039
2019	\$212,284	\$253,238	\$339,752	\$163,571	\$968,845
2020	\$452,443	\$127,944	\$1,150,251	\$0	\$1,730,638
2024	\$2,299,874	\$812,415	\$1,779,104	\$0	\$4,891,393
2025	\$2,775,257	\$980,340	\$2,146,844	\$0	\$5,902,442
Total	\$9,029,175	\$3,775,342	\$12,273,407	\$910,429	\$25,988,353

TABLE 172. STRATEGIC AVOIDED EMISSIONS BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Annual CO2 (tons)	Lifetime CO2 (tons)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime CO2 (Tons)	Annual NOX (pounds)	NOX (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime NOX (pounds)	Annual SO2 (pounds)	Lifetime SO2 (pounds)	Green Bank: Investment (5) / Lifetime SO2 (pounds)	Annual PM2.5 (pounds)	Lifetime PM2,5 (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime PM2.5 (pounds)
2013	8.168	81,678	\$71.01	63,009	630,089	\$9.21	45,506	455,064	\$12.75	0	Ó	
2015	76,516	931,673	\$3.46	37,041	459,154	\$7.03	33,892	423,497	\$7.62	5.460	66,464	\$48.55
2017	431	10,770	\$362.13	356	8,906	5437.92	323	8,077	\$482.84	0	Ò	
2019	2,227	55,673	\$21.55	1,841	46.037	\$26.07	1,670	41,755	\$28.74	0	0	
2020	4,084	40.839	\$164.63	31,504	315,045	\$21.34	22,753	227,532	\$29.55	0	Ů.	
2024	9,779	97,793	\$103.80	75,440	754,404	\$13.45	54.485	544.847	\$18.63	0	0	
2025	5,331	53,312	\$185.70	41,126	411,261	\$24.07	29,702	297,022	\$33.33	0	Ó.	
Total	106,536	1,271,738	\$32.16	250,318	2,624,896	\$15.58	188,332	1,997,795	\$20.47	5,460	66,464	\$615.38

TABLE 173. STRATEGIC ECONOMIC VALUE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACT BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Annual Public Health (Low)	Annual Public Health (High)	Lifetime Public Health (Low)	Lifetime Public Health (High)	Green Bank Investment (S) / Lifetime Public Health Savings (Low)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime Public Health Savings (High)	
2013	\$837,499	\$1,893,061	\$8,374,989	\$18,930,612	\$0.69	\$0.31	
2015	\$561,844	\$1,270,974	\$7,115,833	\$16,093,703	\$0.45	\$0.20	
2017	\$5,678	\$12,835	\$141,954	\$320,869	\$27.47	\$12.15	
2019	\$29,353	\$66,348	\$733,821	\$1,658,711	\$1.64	\$0.72	
2020	5418,749	\$946,531	\$4,187,495	\$9,465,306	\$1.61	\$0.71	
2024	\$1,742,903	\$3,939,614	\$17,429,032	\$39,396,139	\$0.58	\$0.26	
2025	\$546,638	\$1,235,606	\$5,466,378	\$12,356,062	\$1.81	\$0.80	
Total	\$4,142,665	\$9,364,970	\$43,449,501	\$98,221,403	\$0.94	\$0.42	

Case 7 – Small Business Energy Advantage (SBEA)

Description

The Small Business Energy Advantage program was created in partnership by United Illuminating and Eversource under the guidance of the Energy Efficiency Board of the state. The program enables small businesses to reduce energy costs through energy efficiency improvements in their office, shops, restaurants, and factories. Businesses can borrow up to \$100,000 at zero interest and repay their financing on their electric bills. Municipalities can borrow up to \$1,000,000 or up to \$5,000,000, depending on their credit rating. Connecticut State Agencies have no limit on their borrowing. The Green Bank supports the SBEA program by contributing capital for loan acquisitions to reduce the cost of lending for the lending utilities.

On-Bill Loan Purchase \$ (90%) Repayments \$ Customer Amalgamated Bank Loan Payment \$ (Senior Lender) **Eversource** Installation (as Payment Servicer) Ownership of Contractor Loans Installation Loan Payment S Costs \$ Loan Purchase \$ Connecticut Ownership of Green Bank Loans Eversource (Subordinated as agent for Lender) Reimbursement CEEF) for any Loss

FIGURE 8. LEGAL STRUCTURE AND FLOWS OF CAPITAL FOR SBEA

Key Performance Indicators

The Key Performance Indicators for SBEA closed activity are reflected in Table 174 and Table 175. These illustrate the volume of projects by year, investment, and generation capacity installed. They also break down the volume of projects by energy efficiency, renewable generation, or both.

TABLE 174. SBEA PROJECT TYPES AND INVESTMENT BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	EE	Total	FY Closed	Amount Financed	Total Investment	CGB Investment	Private Investment	Leverage Ratio
2019	4,339	4,339	2019	\$47,681,205	\$47,681,205	\$4,486,648	\$43,194,557	10.6
2020	617	617	2020	\$10,912,879	\$10,912,879	\$1,011,807	\$9,901,072	10.8
2021	438	438	2021	\$8,778,001	\$8,778,001	\$839,926	\$7,938,075	10.5
2022	652	652	2022	\$11,892,905	\$11,892,905	\$1,461,453	\$10,431,452	8.1
2023	810	810	2023	\$11,375,929	\$15,383,227	\$2,742,250	\$12,640,977	5.6
2024	598	598	2024	\$15,417,337	\$15,417,337	\$2,680,573	\$12,736,764	5.8
2025	479	479	2025	\$13,105,243	\$13,105,243	\$2,417,166	\$10,688,077	5.4
Total	7,933	7,933	Total	\$119,163,499	\$123,170,797	\$15,639,823	\$107,530,974	7.9

TABLE 175. SBEA PROJECT CAPACITY, GENERATION AND SAVINGS BY FY CLOSED¹¹²

FY Closed	kW	Expected Annual Generation (kWh)	Expected Lifetime Generation (MWh)	Annual Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	Lifetime Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	
2019	0.0	121,741,576	1,460,899	415,504	4,986,048	2
2020	0.0	17,311,456	207,737	59,084	709,008	
2021	0.0	12,289,188	147,470	41,943	503,316	
2022	0.0	18,293,583	219,523	62,436	749,232	
2023	0.0	22,726,926	272,723	77,567	930,804	
2024	0.0	16,778,494	201,342	57,265	687,180	
2025	0.0	13,440,082	161,281	45,871	550,452	
Total	0.0	222,581,307	2,670,976	759,670	9,116,040	

Societal Benefits

Ratepayers in Connecticut continue to receive the societal benefits of the SBEA Program. The program has supported the creation of job years; generated tax revenue for the State of Connecticut; avoided lifetime emission of tons of carbon dioxide, pounds of nitrous oxide, pounds of sulfur oxide, and pounds of particulate matter; and provided public health savings. See Table 176 through Table 179 for impacts since program inception.

TABLE 176. SBEA JOB YEARS SUPPORTED BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Direct	Indirect/Induced	Total
2019	253	324	577
2020	58	74	132
2021	47	60	106
2022	63	81	144
2023	43	51	94
2024	43	51	94
2025	37	43	80
Total	543	684	1,227

-

¹¹² Average energy Savings numbers for SBEA are provided by to the Green Bank by Eversource using their established methodology.

TABLE 177. SBEA AVOIDED EMISSIONS BY FY CLOSED 113

FY Closed	Annual CO2 (tons)	Lifetime CO2 (tons)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime CO2 (Tons)	Annual NOX (pounds)	Lifetime NOX (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime NOX (pounds)	Annual SQ2 (pounds)	Lifetime SO2 (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime SO2 (pounds)	Annual PM2.5 (pounds)	Lifetime PMZ.5 (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime PM2.5 (pounds)
2019	68,175	818,103	\$5.48	30,435	365,225	\$12,28	26,783	321,398	\$13.96	4,870	58,436	\$76.78
2020	9,694	116,333	\$8.70	4,328	51,934	\$19.48	3,809	45,702	\$22.14	692	8,309	5121.77
2021	6,882	82,583	\$10.17	3,072	36,868	\$22.78	2,704	32,443	\$25.89	492	5,899	5142.39
2022	10,244	122,933	\$11.89	4,573	54,881	\$26.63	4,025	48,295	\$30.26	732	8,781	\$166.44
2023	12,727	152,725	\$17.96	5,682	68,181	\$40.22	5,000	59,999	\$45.70	909	10,909	\$251.38
2024	9,396	112,751	\$23.77	4,195	50,335	\$53.25	3,691	44,295	\$60.52	671	8,054	\$332.84
2025	7,526	90,317	\$26.76	3,360	40,320	\$59.95	2,957	35,482	\$58.12	538	6,451	5374.68
Total	124,646	1,495,746	\$10.46	55,645	667,744	\$23.42	48,968	587,615	\$26.62	8,903	106,839	\$146.39

TABLE 178. SBEA TAX REVENUES GENERATED BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Individual Income Tax	Corporate Tax	Sales Tax	Property Tax	Total Tax
2019	\$1,339,222	\$937,508	\$2,779,957	\$0	\$5,056,687
2020	\$306,510	\$214,569	\$636,254	\$0	\$1,157,333
2021	\$246,548	\$172,593	\$511,784	\$0	\$930,925
2022	\$334,036	\$233,838	\$693,392	\$0	\$1,261,266
2023	\$266,130	\$284,021	\$920,486	50	\$1,470,637
2024	\$266,720	\$284,650	\$922,527	\$0	\$1,473,897
2025	\$226,721	\$241,962	\$784,178	\$0	\$1,252,861
Total	\$2,985,886	\$2,369,141	\$7,248,578	\$0	\$12,603,606

TABLE 179, SBEA ECONOMIC VALUE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACT BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Annual Public Health (Low)	Annual Public Health (High)	Lifetime Public Health (Low)	Lifetime Public Health (High)
2019	\$413,921	\$937,410	\$4,967,056	\$11,248,922
2020	\$58,859	\$133,298	\$706,307	\$1,599,579
2021	\$41,783	\$94,627	\$501,399	\$1,135,521
2022	\$62,198	\$140,861	\$746,378	\$1,690,327
2023	\$77,272	\$174,997	\$927,259	\$2,099,968
2024	\$57,047	\$129,194	\$684,563	\$1,550,333
2025	\$45,696	\$103,489	\$548,355	\$1,241,864
Total	\$756,776	\$1,713,876	\$9,081,317	\$20,566,513

Financing Program

SBEA offers participants zero-interest, on-bill financing for up to 4 years. Businesses are eligible for up to \$100,000 per meter, with higher limits for municipalities and the state. The Connecticut Green Bank and Amalgamated Bank have partnered together to supply capital for Eversource's SBEA financing. The loans are originally funded by Eversource. Connecticut Green Bank and Amalgamated Bank purchase these loans on a quarterly basis at a rate discounted to bring their customer-facing rate to 0%. Connecticut Green Bank contributes 20% of the capital for these

¹¹³ These avoided emissions are based on averages provided by Eversource.

purchases and the remaining 80% comes from Amalgamated Bank. Loan losses are backed by the Connecticut Energy Efficiency Fund.

Financial Performance

As of June 30, 2025, there were 1 delinquent SBEA loan with a balance of \$1,160.90 on a \$6,160,228.17 portfolio.

Marketing

SBEA is marketed by the utilities through a network of authorized contractors. They offer a free energy assessment and incentives, in addition to the financing. At present, the Green Bank is not involved with efforts to market SBEA.



Case 8 – Marketplace Assistance Program

Description

The Solar Marketplace Assistance Program Plus (Solar MAP+) provides Connecticut state agencies, municipalities, school boards, and affordable multifamily properties assistance in identifying opportunities for and installing solar and solar and storage projects. Solar MAP+ provides assistance for every step of the process if from feasibility assessments and contractor selection, to project development and financing.

There are multiple financing and development pathways used for Solar MAP+.

Key Performance Indicators

The Key Performance Indicators for MAP closed activity are reflected in Table 180 through Table 182. These illustrate the volume of projects by year, investment, generation capacity installed, and the amount of energy saved and/or produced.

TABLE 180. CT GREEN BANK MAP PROJECT TYPES AND INVESTMENT BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	RE	Total	FY Closed	Amount Financed	Total Investment	CGB Investment	Private Investment	Leverage Ratio
2021	19	19	2021	\$19,908,964	\$19,908,964	\$11,945,378	\$7,963,585	1.7
2022	2	2	2022	\$969,356	\$969,356	\$581,614	\$387,742	1.7
2023	13	13	2023	\$20,769,046	\$20,769,046	\$12,461,428	\$8,307,619	1.7
2024	7	7	2024	\$9,967,808	\$9,967,808	\$5,980,685	\$3,987,123	1.7
2025	13	13	2025	\$9,404,634	\$9,404,634	\$5,642,780	\$3,761,854	1.7
Total	54	54	Total	\$61,019,808	\$61,019,808	\$36,611,885	\$24,407,923	1.7

TABLE 181. CT GREEN BANK MAP PROJECT CAPACITY, GENERATION AND SAVINGS 114 BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	kW	Expected Annual Generation (kWh)	Expected Lifetime Generation (MWh)	Annual Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	Lifetime Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)
2021	11,002.3	12,529,465	313,237	42,751	1,068,763
2022	535.7	610,032	15,251	2,081	52,036
2023	9,063.8	10,321,855	258,046	35,218	880,454
2024	4,931.3	5,615,810	140,395	19,161	479,029
2025	3,573.2	4,069,137	101,728	13,884	347,097
Total	29,106.3	33,146,300	828,657	113,095	2,827,379

¹¹⁴ The Green Bank currently estimates annual savings and is in the process or reviewing and updating this methodology to include actual savings where possible.

TABLE 182. CT GREEN BANK MAP PROJECT AVERAGES BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Average Amount Financed	Average Total Investment	Average kW	Average Annual Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)
2021	\$1,047,840	\$1,047,840	579.1	2,250
2022	\$484,678	\$484,678	267.8	1,041
2023	\$1,597,619	\$1,597,619	697.2	2,709
2024	\$1,423,973	\$1,423,973	704.5	2,737
2025	\$723,433	\$723,433	274.9	1,068
Total	\$1,129,996	\$1,129,996	539.0	2,094

The types of Commercial end-use customers participating in the MAP program are shown in Table 183.

TABLE 183. TYPES OF END-USE CUSTOMERS PARTICIPATING IN CT GREEN MAP

Property Type	# Projects	# Project Units	Total Investment	Installed Capacity (MW)	Expected Annual Generation (MWh)	Annual Saved / Produced (MMBtu)
Education	22	- 22	\$17,514,862	8.6	9,756,191	33,288
Special Purpose	8	8	\$15,841,057	8.5	9,733,529	33,211
Office	6	6	\$14,702,365	6.6	7,540,929	25,730
Multi-family/apartment (> 5 units)	11	620	\$6,757,624	2.3	2,666,728	9,099
Municipal building	3	3	\$2,937,725	1.4	1,594,320	5,440
Nursing Home/Rehab Facility	2	2	\$2,835,886	1.4	1,615,957	5,514
Agricultural	1	1	\$277,200	0.1	139,025	474
	1	1.	\$153,090	0.1	99,622	340
Total	54	663	\$61,019,808	29.1	33,146,300	113,095

CONNECTICUT GREEN BANK 6. PROGRAMS – MAP

Vulnerable Communities

MAP projects have been developed and financed in Vulnerable Communities throughout Connecticut since the products' inception, as reflected in Table 184

TABLE 184. CT GREEN BANK MAP ACTIVITY IN VULNERABLE COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

/intage /ulnerable Community			Vulnerable						Not Vulnerable						Total			
Y Closed	# Project Units	% of Total	# Project % of Total Investment Units Total	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total investment	% of Total	MM	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total
	7	7 37%	\$3,515,418	1896	1.9	18%	12	63%	\$16,393,546	82%	1.6	82%	19	100%	\$19,908,964	100%	11.0	100%
							2	10096	\$969,356	100%	0.5	100%	2	100%	\$969,356	100%	0.5	100%
	00	62%	\$10,364,604	20%	5.1	21%	2	38%	\$10,404,442	20%	3.9	43%	13	100%	\$20,769,046	100%	9.1	100%
	m	43%	\$6,079,707	61%	3.1	64%	4	57%	\$3,888,101	39%	1.8	36%	7	100%	\$9,967,808	100%	4.9	100%
	620	100%	\$6,757,624	72%	2.3	%99	2	960	\$2,647,010	28%	1.2	34%	622	100%	\$9,404,634	100%	3.6	100%
	638	%96	\$26,717,353	44%	12.6	43%	25	4%	\$34,302,456	26%	16.6	21%	663	100%	\$61,019,808	100%	29.1	100%

Income Bands

The MAP program has been used to fund projects in economically diverse locations across the state as reflected by Table 185 and Table 186 for Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) Area Median Income (AMI). It should be noted that MAP is not an income targeted program.

TABLE 185. CT GREEN BANK MAP ACTIVITY IN LMI QUALIFIED (100% OR BELOW AMI) INCOME BANDS BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	MW	11.0	0.5	9.1	4.9	3.6	29.1
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment	\$19,908,964	\$969,356	\$20,769,046	\$9,967,808	\$9,404,634	\$61,019,808
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	19	2	13	7	622	663
	% of Total	82%	1000%	53%	36%	77%	%59
	MW	9.1	0.5	4.8	1,8	2.8	19.0
1	% of Total	82%	100%	58%	39%	%91	%99
Not LMI	Total Investment	\$16,393,546	\$969,356	\$12,041,395	\$3,888,101	\$7,132,916	\$40,425,315
	% of Total	63%	100%	46%	57%	63%	63%
	# Project Units	12	2	9	4	392	416
	% of Total	18%		47%	64%	23%	35%
	MM	1.9 18%		4.3	3.1	0.8	10.1
	% of Total			45%	9619	24%	34%
IWI	Total Investment % of Total	\$3,515,418 18%		\$8,727,651	\$6,079,707	\$2,271,718	\$20,594,493
	% of Total	37%		54%	43%	37%	37%
	# Project Units	7		7	m	230	247
Vintage AMI LMI Qualified	FY Closed	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total

TABLE 186. CT GREEN BANK MAP ACTIVITY IN CRA QUALIFIED (80% OR BELOW AMI) INCOME BANDS BY FY CLOSED

	% of MW % of Total Total	100% 11.0 100%	0.5	9.1	4.9	3.6 100%	201
Total	Total Investment %		7			\$9,404,634	
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	10004
	# Project Units	19	2	13	7	622	299
	% of Total	94%	10096	9659	95%	34%	7007
	MW	10.3	0.5	5.9	4.7	1.2	237
	% of Total	95%	10096	9689	94%	28%	750%
Not CRA	Total Investment	\$18,846,760	\$969,356	\$14,060,995	\$9,336,769	\$2,647,010	645 860 890
U	% of Total	%67	96001	54%	%98	%0	704
7	# Project Units	15	2	1	9	2	33
	% of Total	969	4	35%	965	%99	2000
	WW	0.7		3.2	0.3	2.3	7
	% of Total	2%		32%	%9	72%	250%
CRA	Total Investment	\$1,062,204		\$6,708,051	\$631,039	\$6,757,624	615 159 019
	% of Total	21%		46%	14%	100%	7020
	# Project Units	4		9	-	929	631
Vintage CRA Qualified	FY Closed	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total

Distressed Communities

For a breakdown of MAP project volume and investment by census tracts categorized by Distressed Communities – see Table 187.

TABLE 187. CT GREEN BANK MAP ACTIVITY IN DISTRESSED COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

Total Investment % of MW % of # Project % of Total Investment % of MW % of # Project % of Total Investment % of MW % of # Project % of Total Investment % of MW % of # Project % of Total Investment % of MW % of # Project % of Total				Distressed						Not Distressed		4				Total
46% \$6,448,402 31% 3.5 38% 7 54% \$19,908,964 100% 11.0 100% 19 100% 29% \$6,448,402 31% 3.5 38% 7 54% \$14,320,645 69% 5.6 62% 13 100% 29% \$1,417,210 14% 0.6 12% 5 71% \$8,550,598 86% 4.3 88% 7 100% 8% \$559,930 6% 0.3 9% 572 92% \$8,809,704 94% 3.3 91% 622 100% 9% \$8,460,542 14% 4.3 15% 605 91% \$52,559,267 86% 24.8 85% 663 100%	Proje Units	t	% of Total	Total Investment		MW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MM	% of Total	# Project Units		Total Investment
46% \$6,448,402 31% 3.5 38% 7 54% \$14,320,645 69% 5.6 62% 7 100% 29% \$1,417,210 14% 0.6 12% 5 71% \$8,550,598 86% 4.3 88% 7 100% 8% \$559,50 0.3 9% 572 92% \$8,809,704 94% 3.3 91% 622 100% 9% \$8,460,542 14% 4.3 15% 605 91% \$52,559,267 86% 24.8 85% 663 100%								19	100%	\$19,908,964	100%		100%	19	100%	\$19,908,964
46% \$6,448,402 3.1% 3.5 38% 7 54% \$14,320,645 69% 5.6 62% 13 100% 29% \$1,417,210 14% 0.6 12% 5 71% \$8,550,598 86% 4.3 88% 7 100% 8% \$559,50,798 86% 4.3 88% 7 100% 9% \$8,460,542 14% 4.3 15% 605 91% \$52,559,267 86% 24.8 85% 663 100%								2	100%	\$969,356	100%		100%	2	100%	\$969,356
29% \$1,417,210 14% 0.6 12% 5 71% \$8,550,598 86% 4.3 88% 7 100% 8% \$594,930 6% 0.3 9% 572 92% \$8,809,704 94% 3.3 91% 622 100% 9% \$8,460,542 14% 4.3 15% 605 91% \$52,559,267 86% 24.8 85% 663 100%		9	46%	\$6,448,402	31%	3.5	38%	7	54%	\$14,320,645	%69		62%	13	100%	\$20,769,046
8% \$594,930 6% 0.3 9% 572 92% \$8,809,704 94% 3.3 91% 622 100% 9% \$8,460,542 14% 4.3 15% 605 91% \$52,559,267 86% 24.8 85% 663 100%		N	59%	\$1,417,210	14%	9.0	12%	S	71%	\$8,550,598	86%		88%	7	100%	\$9,967,808
9% \$8,460,542 14% 4.3 15% 605 91% \$52,559,267 86% 24.8 85% 663 100%		20	8%	\$594,930	%9	0.3	%6	572	9536	\$8,809,704	94%		91%	622	100%	\$9,404,634
		28	%6	\$8,460,542	14%	4.3	15%	909	91%	\$52,559,267	86%	24.8	85%	663	100%	\$61,019,808

Environmental Justice Communities

For a breakdown of activity in Environmental Justice Communities – see Table 188.

TABLE 188. CT GREEN BANK MAP ACTIVITY IN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

Vintage EJ			EJ Community			A			Not EJ Community	>					Total			
y Closed	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total
	-	28%	\$522,611	3%8	0.3	3%	18	95%	\$19,386,353	826	10.7	826	19	100%	\$19,908,964	100%	11.0	100%
							2	100%	\$969,356	1009%	0.5	100%	2	100%	\$969,356	100%	9.0	100%
	9	46%	\$6,448,402	3196	3.5	38%	7	54%	\$14,320,645	%69	5.6	62%	13	100%	\$20,769,046	100%	9.1	100%
	2	59%	\$1,417,210	14%	9.0	12%	5	71%	\$8,550,598	86%	4.3	88%	7	100%	\$9,967,808		4.9	100%
	20	8%	\$594,930	%9	0.3	966	572	95%	\$8,809,704	94%	3.3	91%	622	100%	\$9,404,634		3,6	100%
	59	%6	\$8,983,153	15%	4.7	16%	604	91%	\$52,036,656	85%	24.4	84%	663	100%	\$61,019,808		29.1	100%

CONNECTICUT GREEN BANK 6. PROGRAMS – MAP

Environmental Justice Poverty Areas

For a breakdown of activity in Environmental Justice Block Groups – see Table 189.

TABLE 189. CT GREEN MAP ACTIVITY IN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE POVERTY AREAS BY FY CLOSED

	of MW % of al Total	11.0	9.0	9.1	4.9		* 00
	nt % of Total		%001 99	30	100	34 100%	
Total	Total Investment	\$19,908,964	\$969,356	\$20,769,04	\$9,967,808	\$9,404,634	664 040 07
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	10000
	# Project Units	19	2	13	7	622	655
	% of Total	97%	10096	100%	10096	100%	7000
	MM	10.7	9.0	1.6	4.9	3.6	0 00
	% of Total	946	100%	1009%	100%	100%	7000
oN	Total Investment	\$19,386,353	\$969,356	\$20,769,046	\$9,967,808	\$9,404,634	460 407 407
	% of Total	9866	100%	1000%	100%	100%	4000
	# Project Units	18	2	13	7	622	699
	% of Total	3%					4 07
	MW	3% 0.3					40/ 03
							407
Ves	#Project % of Total Investment % of Units Total Total	\$522,611					6533 644
	% of Total	1 5%					200
	# Project Units	1					
Vintage EJ Poverty Level	FY Closed	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total

Ethnicity

The progress made in reaching diverse communities is displayed in the following table.

TABLE 190. CT GREEN BANK MAP ACTIVITY BY ETHNICITY CATEGORY BY FY CLOSED

Vintage Race Ethnicity Category # Project Units % of Total Total Investment % of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	× ×	MW % of Total
Majority Asian	-	%0	\$2,310,586	49%		3%
Majority Black	2			ä		
Majority Hispanic	52		7	۴		
Majority White	809	95%	\$53,828,722	88%	25.9	
Total	663	7.				

Societal Benefits

Ratepayers in Connecticut continue to receive the societal benefits of the MAP program. The program has supported the creation of job years; generated tax revenue for the State of Connecticut; avoided lifetime emission of tons of carbon dioxide, pounds of nitrous oxide, pounds of sulfur oxide, and pounds of particulate matter; and provided public health savings. See Table 191 through Table 194 for impacts since program inception.

TABLE 191. CT GREEN BANK MAP JOB YEARS SUPPORTED BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Direct	Indirect/Induced	Total
2021	62	80	141
2022	3	4	7
2023	39	48	87
2024	19	23	42
2025	18	22	40
Total	141	176	317

TABLE 192. CT GREEN BANK MAP TAX REVENUES GENERATED BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Individual Income Tax	Corporate Tax	Sales Tax	Property Tax	Total Tax
2021	\$311,396	\$336,800	\$0	\$0	\$648,196
2022	\$15,162	\$16,399	\$0	\$0	\$31,560
2023	\$285,554	\$489,942	\$0	\$0	\$775,495
2024	\$137,047	\$235,141	\$0	\$0	\$372,188
2025	\$129,304	\$221,855	\$0	\$0	\$351,160
Total	\$878,463	\$1,300,136	\$0	50	\$2,178,599

TABLE 193. CT GREEN BANK MAP AVOIDED EMISSIONS BY FY CLOSED

					707	CIIIISSIUI	S Avulueu					
FY Closed	Annual CO2 (tons)	Lifetime CO2 (tons)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime CO2 (Tons)	Annual NOX- (pounds)	Lifetime NOX (paunds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime NOX (pounds)	Annual SO2 (pounds)	Lifetime SOZ (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime SO2 (pounds)	Annual PM2.5 (pounds)	Lifetime PM2.5 (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime PM2.5 (pounds)
2021	7,017	175,413	\$68.10	3,258	81,442	\$146.67	2,631	65,780	\$181.60	626	15,662	5762,71
2022	342	8,540	\$68.10	159	3,965	\$146.68	128	3,203	\$181.60	31	763	\$762.73
2023	5,780	144,506	\$86.23	2.684	67,092	\$185.74	2,168	54,190	\$229.96	516	12,902	\$965.83
2024	3,145	78,621	\$76,07	1,460	36,503	\$163.84	1,179	29,483	\$202.85	281	7,020	\$851.98
2025	2,279	56,968	\$99.05	1.058	26,449	\$213.34	855	21,363	\$264.14	203	5,086	\$1,109.38
Total	18,562	464,048	\$78.90	8,618	215,451	\$169.93	6,961	174,018	\$210.39	1,657	41,433	\$883.64

TABLE 194. CT GREEN BANK MAP ECONOMIC VALUE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACT BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Annual Public Health (Low)	Annual Public Health (High)	Lifetime Public Health (Low)	Lifetime Public Health (High)
2021	\$50,118	\$114,018	\$1,252,946	\$2,850,453
2022	\$2,440	\$5,551	\$61,003	\$138,782
2023	\$41,287	\$93,929	\$1,032,186	\$2,348,222
2024	\$22,463	\$51,104	\$561,581	\$1,277,597
2025	\$16,277	\$37,029	\$406,914	\$925,729
Total	\$132,585	\$301,631	\$3,314,630	\$7,540,783

Marketing

Given the specific market segments served by the Solar MAP+, the program is marketed primarily through direct outreach (emails, presentations, attendance at events, etc.,) to municipalities, affordable multifamily housing providers, and others who could benefit from the program.



Case 9 – Anaerobic Digestion and Combined Heat and Power Pilot Programs (Graduated)

Description

These pilot programs were initiated in 2011. Per Public Act 11-80 Section 103, the Green Bank is to develop a three-year pilot program for anaerobic digestion AD and combined heat and power (CHP) by setting aside \$2 million a year for each pilot for three years – for a total of \$12 million. Funds to support the pilot programs could be used as grants, power purchase agreements or loans. There were to be no more than five (5) AD projects, no more than 3 MW in size, and no more than 50 MW of CHP projects each not to exceed 5 MW in size. Both pilot programs supported projects at no more than \$450 per kW on a grant basis; Seven projects were supported over the duration of these pilots (see Table 195 below). Due to the Connecticut General Assembly's reallocation of monies from the Clean Energy Fund to the General Fund in 2017, the Green Bank cancelled existing commitments for these pilots the following year.

Key Performance Indicators

The Key Performance Indicators for the AD and CHP Pilot Programs closed activity are reflected in Table 195 through Table 197. These illustrate the volume of projects by year, investment, generation capacity installed, and the amount of energy saved and/or produced. They also break down the volume of projects by energy efficiency, renewable generation, or both.

TABLE 195. AD AND CHP PILOT PROJECT TYPES AND INVESTMENT BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	RE	Total
2013	2	2
2014	1	1
2015	2	2
2016	1	1
2017	1	1
Total	7	7

FY Closed	Amount Financed	Total Investment	CGB Investment	Private Investment	Leverage Ratio
2013	\$0	\$3,189,000	\$304,500	\$2,884,500	10.5
2014	\$0	\$6,300,000	\$630,000	\$5,670,000	10.0
2015	50	\$642,578	\$60,750	\$581,828	10.6
2016	\$1,997,403	\$10,500,000	\$1,997,403	\$8,502,597	5.3
2017	\$502,860	\$3,401,392	\$502,860	\$2,898,532	6.8
Total	\$2,500,263	\$24,032,970	\$3,495,513	\$20,537,457	6.9

TABLE 196. AD AND CHP PILOT PROJECT CAPACITY, GENERATION AND SAVINGS BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	kW	Expected Annual Generation (kWh)	Expected Lifetime Generation (MWh)	Annual Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	Lifetime Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)
2013	685.0	5,400,540	81,008	32,532	487,980
2014	3,000.0	23,652,000	354,780	142,482	2,137,230
2015	135.0	1,064,340	15,965	4,000	60,000
2016	1,010.0	7,078,080	106,171	44,949	674,235
2017	795.0	6,267,780	94,017	304,445	4,566,675
Total	5,625.0	43,462,740	651,941	528,408	7,926,120

TABLE 197. AD AND CHP PILOT PROJECT AVERAGES BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Average Amount Financed	Average Total Investment	Average kW	Average Annual Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)
2013	\$0	\$1,594,500	342.5	16,266
2014	\$0	\$6,300,000	3,000.0	142,482
2015	\$0	\$321,289	67.5	2,000
2016	\$1,997,403	\$10,500,000	1,010.0	44,949
2017	\$502,860	\$3,401,392	795.0	304,445
Total	\$357,180	\$3,433,281	803.6	75,487

Societal Benefits

Ratepayers in Connecticut continue to receive the societal benefits of the AD and CHP Programs despite their closure. The program has supported the creation of job years and generated tax revenue for the State of Connecticut. See Table 198 and Table 199 for impacts since program inception. We have not included environmental or public health impacts for these pilots as the AVERT and COBRA models are not compatible with the technologies of these pilots.

TABLE 198. AD AND CHP PILOT JOB YEARS SUPPORTED BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Direct	Indirect/Induced	Total
2013	12	20	32
2014	25	39	64
2015	3	4	6
2016	20	32	51
2017	13	.21	34
Total	73	115	188

TABLE 199. AD AND CHP TAX REVENUES GENERATED BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Individual Income Tax	Corporate Tax	Sales Tax	Property Tax	Total Tax
2013	\$64,852	\$79,479	\$163,573	\$74,919	\$382,824
2014	\$128,117	\$157,015	\$323,146	\$148,006	\$756,284
2015	\$13,067	\$16,015	\$32,960	\$15,096	\$77,138
2016	\$106,481	\$0	\$563,073	\$0	\$669,554
2017	\$73,820	\$90,474	\$186,199	\$85,283	\$435,776
Total	\$386,337	\$342,983	\$1,268,951	\$323,304	\$2,321,575

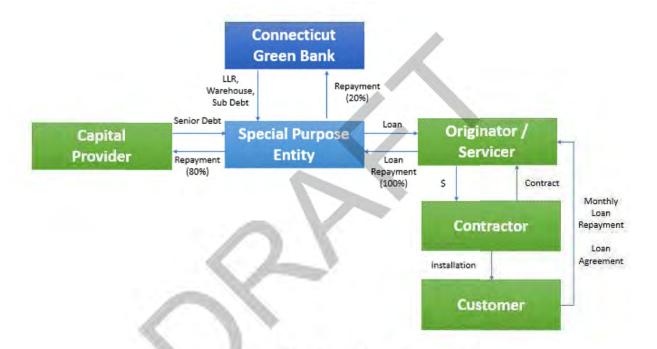


Case 10 – CT Solar Loan (Graduated)

Description

The Connecticut Solar Loan was a \$5 million pilot public-private partnership between the Green Bank and Sungage Financial, which resulted in the first crowd-funded solar loan program in the United States. It was the first of the Green Bank's ventures to be retired and graduated from the Green Bank's funding to a \$100 million pool of capital from the Digital Federal Credit Union. The purpose of the program was to enable citizens to own solar PV systems installed on their homes. The Connecticut Solar Loan ended in FY 2015.

FIGURE 9. LEGAL STRUCTURE AND FLOWS OF CAPITAL FOR THE CT SOLAR LOAN



The CT Solar Loan yields a rate of return to the capital providers that is commensurate with the risks they are taking. The program provided 19 contractors with an important sales tool and gave nearly 300 customers the ability to own solar PV through low-interest and long-term financing along with access to federal tax credits and state incentives (i.e., the RSIP Expected Performance Based Buydown). Of the \$6.0 million invested by the Connecticut Green Bank into the CT Solar Loan, \$1.0 million has been sold to the crowd-funding platform Mosaic, \$2.6 million to a Community Development Financial Institution in The Reinvestment Fund, and the remaining is on the balance sheet of the Connecticut Green Bank.

In structuring the solar loan product, the Green Bank's objective was to enable homeowners of varying financial means to own their own solar PV systems. Prior to the creation of the CT Solar Loan, a homeowner would need to use their own savings or their own home equity (most often though a home equity line of credit) to pay for the system. At that time, a new system often required an investment exceeding \$25,000. The requirement for such a level of personal financial resources dramatically constrained the "ownership" market for solar PV. So, the Green Bank with

its partner Sungage Financial, developed the CT Solar Loan which made 15-year financing available at affordable interest rates without the need to have a lien on the home or limit the purchase to certain manufacturers. In developing the CT Solar Loan, the Green Bank had to overcome the risk of being unable to sell the loans to private investors which would have tied up the capital resources of the Green Bank and limited its ability to deploy investment of additional clean energy. Ultimately, the Green Bank became confident that a sufficient rate of return could be offered to enable the investments to "clear" the market without a discount (or loss) to the Green Bank. The combination of crowdsourced funding and a structured private placement enabled the Green Bank to sell the investments with recourse limited to the underlying consumer loans as the Green Bank also established a limited loan loss reserve using American Recovery and Reinvestment Act funds from the U.S. Department of Energy.

The CT Solar Loan was the Connecticut Green Bank's first residential product graduation. It started off as the first crowd-funded residential solar PV transaction with Sungage Financial through Mosaic. It graduated to a partnership between Sungage Financial and Digital Federal Credit Union – with no resources from the Connecticut Green Bank. The loan offering from Sungage Financial now includes 5-, 10-, and 20-year maturity terms at affordable interest rates and is being offered in in numerous other states.

Key Performance Indicators

The Key Performance Indicators for the CT Solar Loan closed activity are reflected in Table 200 through Table 203. These illustrate the volume of projects by year, investment, generation capacity installed, and the amount of energy saved and/or produced. They also break down the volume of projects by energy efficiency, renewable generation, or both.

TABLE 200. CT SOLAR LOAN PROJECT TYPES AND INVESTMENT BY FY CLOSED

FY Close	d RE	Total	FY Closed	Amount Financed	Total Investment	CGB Investment	Private Investment	Leverage Ratio
2013	3	3	2013	\$58,974	\$91,924	\$5,025	\$86,899	18.3
2014	140	140	2014	\$2,774,655	\$4,461,833	\$232,100	\$4,229,733	19.2
2015	136	136	2015	\$3,120,143	\$4,505,386	\$222,549	\$4,282,838	20.2
Total	279	279	Total	\$5,953,772	\$9,059,143	\$459,674	\$8,599,469	19.7

TABLE 201. CT SOLAR LOAN PROJECT CAPACITY, GENERATION AND SAVINGS BY FY CLOSED

kW	Expected Annual Generation (kWh)	Expected Lifetime Generation (MWh)	Annual Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	Lifetime Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	Annual Cost Savings	Lifetime Cost Savings
17.0	19,407	485	82	2,040	\$3,596	\$89,910
1,107.9	1,261,626	31,541	3,808	95,200	\$167,832	\$4,195,800
1,067.3	1,215,364	30,384	3,699	92,480	\$163,037	\$4,075,920
2,192.2	2,496,398	62,410	7,589	189,720	\$334,465	\$8,361,630
	17.0 1,107.9 1,067.3	Annual Generation (kWh) 17.0 19,407 1,107.9 1,261,626 1,067.3 1,215,364	Annual Lifetime Generation (kWh) Generation (kWh) (MWh) 17.0 19,407 485 1,107.9 1,261,626 31,541 1,067.3 1,215,364 30,384	Annual Lifetime Saved/Produced (MMBtu) 17.0 19,407 485 82 1,107.9 1,261,626 31,541 3,808 1,067.3 1,215,364 30,384 3,699	Annual Generation (kWh) (kWh) (kWh) Generation (kWh) (Annual Generation (kWh) Generation (kWh) Generation (kWh) (MWh) (MMBtu) (MMBtu) Saved/Produced Saved/Produced (MMBtu) (MMBtu) (MMBtu) 17.0 19,407 485 82 2,040 \$3,596 1,107.9 1,261,626 31,541 3,808 95,200 \$167,832 1,067.3 1,215,364 30,384 3,699 92,480 \$163,037

TABLE 202. CT SOLAR LOAN PROJECT AVERAGES BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Average Amount Financed	Average Total Investment	Average kW	Average Annual Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	Average Finance Term	Average FICO Score
2013	\$19,658	\$30,641	5.7	27	180	758
2014	\$19,819	\$31,870	7.9	27	180	771
2015	\$22,942	\$33,128	7.8	27	180	771
Total	\$21,340	\$32,470	7.9	27	180	771

TABLE 203, CT SOLAR LOAN PROJECT APPLICATION YIELD 115 BY FY RECEIVED

Yield Status FY Received		Denied Status	Withdrawn Status	Total Status	Approved Rate	Denied Rate
2013	7	2	5	14	86%	14%
2014	163	67	54	284	76%	24%
2015	109	18	37	164	89%	11%
Total	279	87	96	462	81%	19%

Customer Savings

Financial Savings is often a significant motivator for installing solar. For the Solar Loan, savings is estimated as the difference between a customer's loan payment for a Green Bank supported solar PV system and the hypothetical cost of purchasing the electricity generated by a customer's system from a utility. For Solar Loan customers, many are not realizing savings in real dollar terms as their finance costs are higher than the retail electricity rate cost of the electricity they generate. This is in line with expectations and can be seen comparing the electricity costs vs the levelized cost of electricity (LCOE) which takes into account tax credits and future savings after the loan is paid and spreads that across the life of the system. When that analysis is performed, we see that on the whole, customers are saving money as expected.

TABLE 204. CT SOLAR LOAN ANNUAL SAVINGS 116117

Fiscal Year	Annual Savings	Annual Savings using LCOE ²⁷²	Cumulative # of Meters	Generation kWh ²⁷³	kW Installed
2013	0	0	0	0	0
2014	\$ (2,924)	\$ 2,147	22	118,684	174
2015	\$ (16,704)	\$ 60,832	205	1,406,968	1,590
2016	\$ (55,644)	\$ 49,201	274	2,369,949	2,147
2017	\$ (111,145)	\$ 35,053	274	2,138,174	2,147

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¹¹⁵ Applications received are applications submitted to Sungage Financial (servicer of the CT Solar Loan) for credit approval. Applications approved are applications that have met the credit requirements for the program and can move to loan closing, pending formal technical approval of the solar equipment by the Residential Solar Investment Program. Applications withdrawn are applications that have been cancelled by the submitter due to the project not moving forward. Applications denied are applications that are not approved because the customer does not meet underwriting requirements.

¹¹⁶ All data points required to calculate annual savings for each meter may not be available yet as we wait on data ingestion.

¹¹⁷ Historical data in this table may slightly differ from prior reports due to updated figures or adjustments in reporting methodology.

CONNECTICUT GREEN BANK 6. PROGRAMS – CT SOLAR LOAN

Fiscal Year	Annual Savings	Annual Savings using LCOE ²⁷²	Cumulative # of Meters	Generation kWh ²⁷³	kW Installed
2018	\$ (109,144)	\$ 68,736	274	1,922,075	2,147
2019	\$ (78,872)	\$ 114,828	274	1,809,356	2,147
2020	\$ (72,822)	\$ 113,779	274	1,860,544	2,147
2021	\$ (101,800)	\$ 114,547	274	1,670,315	2,147
2022	\$ (101,785)	\$ 127,070	274	1,590,111	2,147
2023	\$ 13,634	\$ 234,654	274	1,641,758	2,147
2024	\$ (24,465)	\$ 203,201	274	1,592,878	2,147
2025	\$ 28,159	\$ 250,196	274	1,623,206	2,147
Total	\$ (633,513)	\$ 1,374,244	274	19,744,018	2,147



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Vulnerable Communities

A breakdown of CT Solar Loan activity in Vulnerable Communities is displayed in the table below.

TABLE 205. CT SOLAR LOAN ACTIVITY IN VULNERABLE COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	WW	0.0	1.1	1.1	2.2
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment	\$91,924	\$4,461,833	\$4,505,386	\$9,059,143
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units T	9	140	136	279
	% of Total	22%	9608	78%	%62
	MW	0.0	6.0	0.8	1.7
	% of Total	22%	9608	2664	%62
Not Vulnerable	Total Investment	\$19,900	\$3,585,059	\$3,537,794	\$7,142,753
	% of Total	33%	77%	75%	%92
	# Project Units		108	102	211
	% of Total	78%	50%	22%	21%
	MM	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.5
	% of MW Total	78%	500%	21%	21%
Vulnerable	otal Investment	\$72,024	\$876,774	\$967,592	\$1,916,390
	% of T	96.29	23%	25%	24%
	# Project Units	2	32	34	89
Vintage Vulnerable Community	FY Closed	2013	2014	2015	Total

Income Bands

For a breakdown of the CT Solar Loan volume and investment by census tracts categorized by Area Median Income bands - see Table 206. It should be noted that the CT Solar Loan is not an income targeted program.

TABLE 206. CT SOLAR LOAN ACTIVITY IN LMI QUALIFIED (100% OR BELOW AMI) INCOME BANDS BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	WW	0.0	7	7	2.2
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment	\$91,924	\$4,461,833	\$4,505,386	\$9,059,143
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	3	140	136	279
	% of Total	%69	9606	86%	88%
	MW	0.0	1.0	6.0	1.9
	% of Total	63%	9606	9698	88%
Not LMI	Total Investment	\$58,149	\$3,994,600	\$3,891,590	\$7,944,339
	% of Total	82.9	9698	85%	86%
	# Project Units	2	121	116	239
	% of Total	3196	1096	14%	12%
	f MW	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.3
	% of Total	37%	10%	14%	12%
LMI	Total Investment	\$33,775	\$467,233	\$613,796	\$1,114,804
	% of Total	33%	14%	15%	14%
	# Project Units	-	19	20	40
Vintage AMI LMI Qualified	FY Closed	2013	2014	2015	Total

TABLE 207. CT SOLAR LOAN ACTIVITY IN CRA QUALIFIED (80% OR BELOW AMI) INCOME BANDS BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	WW	0.0	1.1	1.1	2.2
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment	\$91,924	\$4,461,833	\$4,505,386	\$9,059,143
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	w	140	136	279
	% of Total	9669	9666	95%	92%
	MW %	0.0	111	1.0	2.1
	% of Total	63%	9886	95%	%56
Not CRA	Total Investment	\$58,149	\$4,389,744	\$4,155,203	\$8,603,097
	% of Total	96.29	9886	91%	94%
	# Project Units	2	137	124	263
	% of Total	31%	1%	8%	2%
	MM		0.0		0.1
	% of Total	37%	5%	8%	2%
CRA	% of Total Investment Total	\$33,775	\$72,088	\$350,183	\$456,046
	% of Total	33%	5%	966	%9
	# Project Units	*	ri	12	16
Vintage CRA Qualified	FY Closed	2013	2014	2015	Total

Distressed Communities

For a breakdown of the CT Solar Loan project volume and investment by census tracts categorized by Distressed Communities - see Table 208. It should be noted that the CT Solar Loan is not an income targeted program.

TABLE 208, CT SOLAR LOAN ACTIVITY IN DISTRESSED COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%			
	WW	0.0	1.1	1.1	2.2
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	% of Total Investment Total	\$91,924	\$4,461,833	\$4,505,386	\$9,059,143
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project %	m	140	136	279
	75 ta	22%	82%	9668	85%
	WW	0.0	6.0	1.0	1.9
7	% of Total	22%	83%	868	86%
Not Distressed	Total Investment	\$ 19,900	\$3,704,523	\$4,022,296	\$7,746,719
-5	% of Total	33%	81%	87%	84%
	# Project Units	-	114	118	233
	% of Total	78%	18%	1196	15%
	WW	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.3
	% of Total	78%	17%	1196	14%
Distressed	f Total Investment	\$72,024	\$757,309	\$483,091	\$1,312,424
	% of Total	96.29	19%	13%	46 16%
	# Project Units	2	56	18	46
Vintage Distressed	FY Closed	2013	2014	2015	Total

Environmental Justice Communities

For a breakdown of activity in Environmental Justice Communities – see Table 209.

TABLE 209. CT SOLAR LOAN ACTIVITY IN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	MW	0.0	2	1.1	2.2
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment	\$91,924	\$4,461,833	\$4,505,386	\$9,059,143
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units 1	3	140	136	279
-	% of Total	22%	82%	87%	84%
	MM	0.0	6.0	60	1.8
	% of Total	22%	82%	87%	84%
Not EJ Community	Total Investment	\$19,900	\$3,663,509	\$3,914,643	\$7,598,052
	% of Total	33%	9608	83%	81%
	# Project Units	-	112	113	226
	% of Total	78%	18%	13%	16%
	MW.	0.0			
	% of MW 9 Total	78%	18%	13%	16%
EJ Community	Total Investment	\$72,024	\$798,324	\$590,743	\$1,461,091
	% of Total	96.19	50%	17%	19%
	# Project Units	2	28	23	53
Vintage EJ Community	FY Closed	2013	2014	2015	Total

Environmental Justice Poverty Areas

For a breakdown of activity in Environmental Justice Block Groups – see Table 210.

TABLE 210. CT SOLAR LOAN ACTIVITY IN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE POVERTY AREAS BY FY CLOSED

Vintage EJ Poverty Level			Ves				9	2	No						Total			
# Project Units		% of To Total	Total Investment	% of Total	WW	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MM	% of Total	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	MW	% of Total
						V	m	1009%	Þ	100%	0.0	1009%	6	100%	\$91,924	100%	0.0	100%
	23	5%	\$63,865	196	0.0	196	137	9886	\$4,397,968	9666	17	9666	140	100%	\$4,461,833	100%	7	100%
	2	4%	\$107,653	5%	0.0	5%	131	9696		9686	1.0	9886	136	100%	\$4,505,386	100%	17	100%
	00	3%	\$171,517	2%	0.0	5%	271	826		%86	2.2	%86	279	100%	\$9,059,143	100%	2.2	100%

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Ethnicity

The progress made in reaching diverse communities is displayed in the following table.

TABLE 211. CT SOLAR LOAN ACTIVITY BY ETHNICITY CATEGORY BY FY CLOSED

Vintage Race Ethnicity Category	# Project Units % of	Total	Total Investment	% of Total	M	MW % of Total	
Majority White	279	100%		100%	2.2	100%	
Total	279	100%	\$9,059,143	100%	2.2	100%	

Societal Benefits

Ratepayers in Connecticut continue to receive the societal benefits of the CT Solar Loan Program despite its closure. The program has supported the creation of job years; generated tax revenue for the State of Connecticut; avoided lifetime emission of tons of carbon dioxide, pounds of nitrous oxide, pounds of sulfur oxide, and pounds of particulate matter; and provided public health savings. See Table 212 through Table 215 for impacts since program inception.

TABLE 212. CT SOLAR LOAN JOB YEARS SUPPORTED BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Direct	Indirect/Induced	Total
2013	1	1	1
2014	25	40	65
2015	25	41	66
Total	51	82	132

TABLE 213. CT SOLAR LOAN TAX REVENUES GENERATED BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Individual Income Tax	Corporate Tax	Sales Tax	Property Tax	Total Tax
2013	\$1,700	\$2,189	\$0	\$0	\$3,889
2014	\$82,746	\$106,560	\$0	\$0	\$189,306
2015	\$83,785	\$107,897	\$0	\$0	\$191,683
Total	\$168,231	\$216,646	\$0	\$0	\$384,878

TABLE 214. CT SOLAR LOAN AVOIDED EMISSIONS BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Annual CO2 (tons)	Lifetime CO2 (tons)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime CO2 (Tons)	Annual NOX (pounds)	Lifetime NOX (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime NOX (pounds)	Annual SO2 (pounds)	Lifetime SO2 (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime SO2 (pounds)	Annual PM2.5 (pounds)	Lifetime PM2.5 (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime PM2.5 (pounds)
2013	10	277	\$18.14	17	417	\$12.05	22	537	\$9.36	0	24	\$209.38
2014	706	17,541	\$13.23	980	24,519	\$9.47	1,163	29,008	\$8.00	51	1,583	\$146.62
2015	686	17,200	\$12.94	879	21,964	\$10.13	939	23,519	\$9.46	44	1,518	\$146.61
Total	1,402	35,018	\$13.13	1,876	46,900	\$9.80	2,124	53,064	\$8.66	95	3,125	\$147.10

TABLE 215. CT SOLAR LOAN ECONOMIC VALUE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACT BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Annual Public Health (Low)	Annual Public Health (High)	Lifetime Public Health (Low)	Lifetime Public Health (High)
2013	\$377	\$850	\$9,413	\$21,251
2014	\$24,476	\$55,259	\$611,889	\$1,381,481
2015	\$23,333	\$52,680	\$583,313	\$1,316,993
Total	\$48,185	\$108,789	\$1,204,615	\$2,719,725

Financing Program

Launched in March of 2013, the CT Solar Loan provided up to \$55,000 per loan, with 15-year maturity terms and affordable 6.49% interest rates (including 0.25% ACH payment benefit) to provide homeowners with the upfront capital they needed to finance residential solar PV projects. The program ended in FY 2015.

The program involved a financing product developed in partnership with Sungage Financial¹¹⁸ that utilized credit enhancements (i.e., \$300,000 loan loss reserve and \$168,000 interest rate buy-downs)¹¹⁹ in combination with a \$5 million warehouse of funds and \$1 million of subordinated debt from the Connecticut Green Bank. Through this product, the Connecticut Green Bank lowered the barriers for Connecticut homeowners seeking to install solar PV. This increased demand while at the same time reducing the market's reliance on subsidies being offered through the RSIP. The CT Solar Loan was the first dedicated residential solar loan product not secured by a lien on the home or tied to a particular PV equipment OEM supplier. As a loan, capital provided to consumers for the CT Solar Loan is returned to the Connecticut Green Bank – it is not a subsidy. In fact, approximately 80% of the loan value was sold to retail investors through a "crowd funding" platform or to institutional investors without recourse to the Connecticut Green Bank. The financial structure of the CT Solar Loan product includes origination, ¹²⁰ servicing, ¹²¹ and financing features in combination with the support of the Connecticut Green Bank.

Financial Performance

To date there has been one default with an original principal balance of \$26,698 or 0.44% of the portfolio. This was resolved and brought current. As of 6/30/2025, there were no delinquencies.

The household customers that accessed the CT Solar Loan since its launch in 2013 had varying credit scores – see Table 216.

TABLE 216. CREDIT SCORE RANGES OF HOUSEHOLD CUSTOMERS USING THE CT SOLAR LOAN BY FY CLOSED

Credit Range	680-6	599	700-7	19	720-7	39	740-7	79	780	+	Total	
FY Closed	# Projects	% of Total										
2013					4 1	33%	1	33%	1	33%	3	100%
2014	5	4%	7	5%	18	1396	47	34%	63	45%	140	100%
2015	6	4%	8	696	15	1196	42	3196	65	48%	136	100%
Total	11	4%	15	5%	34	12%	90	32%	129	46%	279	100%

Marketing

To accelerate the deployment of residential solar PV through the RSIP (See Case 12 – Residential Solar Investment Program (RSIP) (Closed)) and the uptake of the CT Solar Loan financing product, the Connecticut Green Bank implemented Solarize Connecticut. Green Bank Solarize programs are designed to use a combination of group purchasing, time-limited offers, and grassroots outreach, while local clean energy advocates volunteer and coordinate with their towns to help speed the process – see Table 217.

¹¹⁸ Sungage Financial (http://www.sungagefinancial.com/) won a competitive RFP through the Connecticut Green Bank's Financial Innovation RFP to support a residential solar PV loan program.

¹¹⁹ From repurposed American Recovery and Reinvestment Act funds

¹²⁰ Sungage Financial in partnership with local contractors

¹²¹ Concord Servicing Corporation

TABLE 217. NUMBER OF PROJECTS, INVESTMENT, AND INSTALLED CAPACITY THROUGH GREEN BANK SOLARIZE CONNECTICUT FOR THE CT SOLAR LOAN FINANCING PRODUCT

Solarize	# Projects	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	kW	% of Total
Yes	167	60%	\$5,169,450	57%	1,277.8	58%
No	109	39%	\$3,807,974	42%	893,5	41%
	3	196	\$81,719	196	21.0	1%
Total	279	100%	\$9,059,143	100%	2,192.2	100%

The Green Bank Solarize Connecticut program provided a significant marketing channel to catalyze origination for the CT Solar Loan. Nearly 60 percent (60%) of the total projects, investment, and installed capacity came from Solarize Connecticut.



Case 11 – CT Solar Lease (Graduated)

Description

The Green Bank has used third-party ownership structures to deploy distributed solar generation in Connecticut in both the Residential and Commercial sectors. These funds are a unique combination of a tax equity investor and a syndicate of debt providers and the Green Bank to support solar PV installations (i.e., rooftop residential lease financing for solar PV and commercial leases and PPAs for rooftop, carport, and ground mount solar PV). The Residential Solar Lease Program ended in FY 2016.

Residential leases were one of the first products to graduate from Green Bank funding, but the organization still actively pursues new projects in the Commercial, Industrial, and Institutional sector for its funds. The Green Bank also performs asset management functions for the entire portfolio including the Residential portion of the program which is now closed.

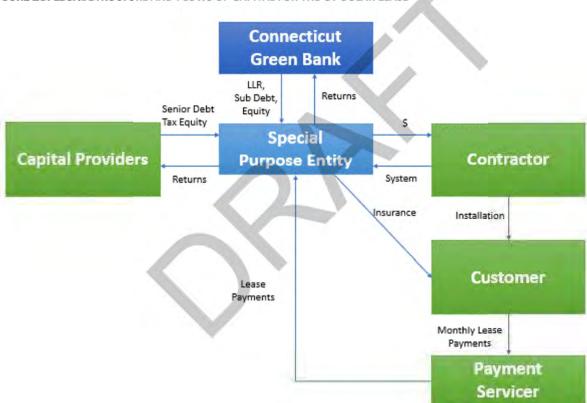


FIGURE 10. LEGAL STRUCTURE AND FLOWS OF CAPITAL FOR THE CT SOLAR LEASE 122

The CT Solar Lease 2 fund was the second "solar PV fund" established using a combination of ratepayer funds and private capital. In developing this fund, which was fully utilized in 2017, the Green Bank sought to innovate both in the types of credits that would be underwritten and via broadening the sources of capital in the fund. Before these innovations by the Green Bank, a fund had not been established that

¹²² It should be noted that the Special Purpose Entity structure includes several entities – CT Solar Lease II, LLC and CEFIA Holdings, LLC that provide different functions.

would underwrite residential solar PV installations as well as installations on a "commercial scale" such as for municipal and school buildings, community oriented not-for-profit structures, as well as for-profit enterprises. These commercial-scale projects are discussed above in the Solar PPA and Commercial Lease section.

Key Performance Indicators

The Key Performance Indicators for Solar Lease closed activity are reflected in Table 218 through Table 221. These illustrate the volume of projects by year, investment, generation capacity installed, and the amount of energy saved and/or produced.

TABLE 218. RESIDENTIAL SOLAR LEASE PROJECT INVESTMENT BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	RE	Total	FY Closed	Amount Financed	Total Investment	CGB Investment	Private Investment	Leverage Ratio
2014	107	107	2014	\$4,085,455	\$4,324,454	\$888,178	\$3,436,276	4.9
2015	610	610	2015	\$22,364,282	\$23,672,593	\$4,861,996	\$18,810,597	4.9
2016	472	472	2016	\$17,312,650	\$18,325,441	\$3,763,771	\$14,561,669	4.9
Total	1,189	1,189	Total	\$43,762,387	\$46,322,488	\$9,513,946	\$36,808,543	4.9

TABLE 219. RESIDENTIAL SOLAR LEASE PROJECT CAPACITY, GENERATION AND SAVINGS 123 BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	kW	Expected Annual Generation (kWh)	Expected Lifetime Generation (MWh)	Annual Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	Lifetime Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	Annual Cost Savings	Lifetime Cost Savings
2014	817.1	930,503	23,263	2,910	72,760	\$128,272	\$3,206,790
2015	4,895.2	5,574,098	139,353	16,592	414,800	\$731,268	\$18,281,700
2016	3,842.2	4,375,207	109,380	12,838	320,960	\$565,834	\$14,145,840
Total	9,554.5	10,879,809	271,995	32,341	808,520	\$1,425,373	\$35,634,330

TABLE 220. RESIDENTIAL SOLAR LEASE PROJECT AVERAGES BY FY CLOSED

Financed	Investment	/	Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	Finance Term	Finance Rate	DTI	FICO Score
\$38,182	\$40,415	7.6	27	240		30	785
\$36,663	\$38,808	8.0	27	240		31	777
\$36,679	\$38,825	8.1	27	240		35	776
\$36,806	\$38,959	8.0	27	240		33	777
	\$38,182 \$36,663 \$36,679	\$38,182 \$40,415 \$36,663 \$38,808 \$36,679 \$38,825	\$38,182 \$40.415 7.6 \$36,663 \$38,808 8.0 \$36,679 \$38,825 8.1	Financed Investment Saved/Produced (MMBtu) \$38,182 \$40,415 7.6 27 \$36,663 \$38,808 8.0 27 \$36,679 \$38,825 8.1 27	Financed Investment Saved/Produced (MMBtu) \$38,182 \$40,415 7.6 27 240 \$36,663 \$38,808 8.0 27 240 \$36,679 \$38,825 8.1 27 240	Financed Investment Saved/Produced (MMBtu) Term Rate \$38,182 \$40,415 7.6 27 240 \$36,663 \$38,808 8.0 27 240 \$36,679 \$38,825 8.1 27 240	Financed Investment Saved/Produced (MMBtu) Term Rate \$38,182 \$40,415 7.6 27 240 30 \$36,663 \$38,808 8.0 27 240 31 \$36,679 \$38,825 8.1 27 240 35

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¹²³ The Green Bank currently estimates annual savings and is in the process or reviewing and updating this methodology to include actual savings where possible.

TABLE 221. RESIDENTIAL SOLAR LEASE PROJECT APPLICATION YIELD 124 BY FY RECEIVED

Yield Status FY Received		Denied Status	Withdrawn Status	Total Status	Approved Rate	Denied Rate
2014	196	217	256	669	68%	32%
2015	847	347	619	1,813	81%	19%
2016	146	51	154	351	85%	15%
Total	1,189	615	1,029	2,833	78%	22%

Customer Savings

Financial Savings is often a significant motivator for going solar. For the Solar Lease, savings is estimated as the difference between a customer's lease payment for a Green Bank supported solar PV system and the hypothetical cost of purchasing the electricity generated that customer's system from a utility. Savings is only positive if the hypothetical avoided utility cost of the solar PV generation is greater than the customer's Solar Lease Payment.

TABLE 222. RESIDENTIAL SOLAR LEASE ANNUAL SAVINGS 125126

Fiscal Year	Annual Savings	Cumulative # of Meters ²⁸⁶	Generation kWh ²⁸⁸	kW Installed
2014	\$1,136.76	29	113,293	218
2015	\$68,477.69	331	1,678,313	2,587
2016	\$383,874.44	1,143	8,142,629	9,178
2017	\$394,857.99	1,164	9,801,935	9,364
2018	\$504,852.52	1,164	9,250,808	9,364
2019	\$724,522.68	1,164	9,025,560	9,364
2020	\$790,459.88	1,164	9,497,198	9,364
2021	\$778,153.91	1,164	9,199,521	9,364
2022	\$714,215.93	1,164	8,603,823	9,364
2023	\$1,374,305.22	1,164	9,263,414	9,364
2024	\$1,184,972.05	1,164	8,991,307	9,364
2025	\$1,813,106.01	1,164	10,313,505	9,364
Total	\$8,732,935.08	1,164	93,881,305	9,364

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¹²⁴ Applications received are applications submitted to Renew Financial (servicer of the CT Solar Lease) for credit approval. Applications approved are applications that have met the credit requirements for the program and can move to lease signing, pending formal technical approval of the solar equipment by the Residential Solar Investment Program. Applications withdrawn are applications that have been cancelled by the submitted that are not approved because the customer does not meet underwriting requirements.

¹²⁵ All data points required to calculate annual savings for each meter may not be available yet as we wait on data ingestion.

¹²⁶ Historical data in this table may slightly differ from prior reports due to updated figures or adjustments in reporting methodology.

Vulnerable Communities

The activity of the Solar Lease in vulnerable communities is displayed in the table below.

TABLE 223. RESIDENTIAL SOLAR LEASE ACTIVITY IN VULNERABLE COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	WW	8.0	4.9	3.8	9.6
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment	\$4,324,454	\$23,672,593	\$18,325,441	\$46,322,488
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	107	610	472	1,189
	% of Total	9662	72%	9669	71%
- 3	MW	9.0	3.5	5.6	8,9
	% of Total	79%	72%	9669	71%
Not Vulnerable	Total Investment	\$3,416,436	\$16,944,905	\$12,603,934	\$32,965,275
	% of Total	78%	20%	9629	%69
	# Project Units	83	424	316	823
	% of Total	21%	58%	31%	%62
	MM	0.2	1.4	1.2	2.8
	% of Total	21%	28%	31%	59%
Vulnerable	Total Investment	\$908,018	\$6,727,688	\$5,721,507	\$13,357,213
	% of Total	22%	30%	33%	31%
	# Project Units	24	186	156	366
Vintage Vulnerable Community	FY Closed	2014	2015	2016	Total

Income Bands

The Solar Lease program has been used to fund projects in economically diverse locations across the state as reflected by Table 224 for Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) Area Median Income (AMI). It should be noted that these Solar Lease funds are not part of an income targeted program.

TABLE 224. RESIDENTIAL SOLAR LEASE ACTIVITY IN LMI QUALIFIED (100% OR BELOW AMI) INCOME BANDS 127 BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	MW	8.0	4.9	3.8	9'6
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment	\$4,324,454	\$23,672,593	\$18,325,441	\$46,322,488
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	107	610	472	1,189
	% of Total	86%	82%	80%	82%
	MW	0.7	4.0	3.1	7.8
	% of Total	86%	82%	80%	82%
Not LMI	Total Investment	\$3,727,794	\$19,351,572	\$14,707,700	\$37,787,065
U	% of Total	85%	80%	78%	80%
2	# Project Units	16	488	368	947
	% of Total	14%	18%	20%	18%
	MW	0.1	6.0	0.8	1.8
	% of Total	14%	18%	50%	18%
LMI	Total Investment	\$596,661	\$4,321,022	\$3,617,741	\$8,535,423
	% of Total	15%	20%	22%	20%
	# Project Units	16	122	104	242
Vintage AMI LMI Qualified	FY Closed	2014	2015	2016	Total

¹²⁷ ACS AMI band data is as of 2016, the last year of the program.

TABLE 225. RESIDENTIAL SOLAR LEASE ACTIVITY IN CRA QUALIFIED (80% OR BELOW AMI) INCOME BANDS BY FY CLOSED

100		1.6
ct % of Total	% of # Project Total Units	MW % of # Proje Total Units
	496 101	4%
9	8% 556	8%
9	9% 456	
		8%

Distressed Communities

For a breakdown of Solar Lease project volume and investment by census tracts categorized by Distressed Communities see Table 226. It should be noted that Solar Lease is not an income targeted program.

TABLE 226. RESIDENTIAL SOLAR LEASE ACTIVITY IN DISTRESSED COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	WW	8.0	4.9	3.8	9.6
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment	\$4,324,454	\$23,672,593	\$18,325,441	\$46,322,488
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	107	610	472	1,189
	% of Total	883%	85%	9608	84%
	MW	0.7	4.2	3.1	8.0
	% of Total	88%	85%	80%	84%
Not Distressed	Total Investment	\$3,791,145	\$20,168,561	\$14,724,343	\$38,684,049
	% of Total	86%	84%	%62	83%
\	# Project Units	95	515	375	982
	% of Total	12%	15%	20%	16%
	MW	0.1	0.7	0.8	1.6
	% of Total	12%	15%	50%	16%
Distressed	% of Total Investment Total	\$533,309	\$3,504,032	\$3,601,098	\$7,638,440
	% of Total	14%	16%	21%	17%
	# Project Units	15	95	16	207
Vintage Distressed	FY Closed	2014	2015	2016	Total

Environmental Justice Communities

For a breakdown of activity in Environmental Justice Communities – see Table 227.

TABLE 227, RESIDENTIAL SOLAR LEASE ACTIVITY IN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE COMMUNITIES BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	WW	8.0	4.9		9.6
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment	\$4,324,454	\$23,672,593	\$18,325,441	\$46,322,488
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	107	610	472	1,189
	% of Total	87%	83%	77%	81%
1	MW	0.7	4.0	3.0	7.7
	% of Total	87%	82%	7798	81%
Not E! Community	Total Investment	\$3,754,097	\$19,508,261	\$14,152,610	\$37,414,968
	% of Total	85%	81%	26%	80%
	# Project Units	16	496	359	946
	% of Total	13%	17%	23%	19%
	MW	0.1	6.0	6.0	1.8
	% of Total	13%	18%	23%	19%
EJ Community	Total Investment	\$570,357	\$4,164,332	\$4,172,831	\$8,907,520
	% of Total	15%	19%	24%	20%
	# Project Units	16	114	113	243
Vintage EJ Community	FY Closed	2014	2015	2016	Total

Environmental Justice Poverty Areas

For a breakdown of activity in Environmental Justice Block Groups - see Table 228.

TABLE 228. RESIDENTIAL SOLAR LEASE ACTIVITY IN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE POVERTY AREAS BY FY CLOSED

	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	MW	8.0	4.9	3.8	9.6
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total	Total Investment	\$4,324,454	\$23,672,593	\$18,325,441	\$46,322,488
	% of Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	# Project Units	107	610	472	1,189
	% of Total	9666	94.6	92.6	%16
	MW	0.8	4.7	3.7	9.3
	% of Total	%66	9626	9626	%16
No	Total Investment	\$4,287,407	\$22,938,129	\$17,693,024	\$44,918,560
℄	% of Total	9666	94.6	9696	%16
1	# Project Units	106	589	454	1,149
	% of Total	196	396	396	3%
	WW	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.3
	% of Total	1%	3%	3%	3%
Yes	Total Investment	\$37,048	\$734,464	\$632,417	\$1,403,928
	% of Total	136	3%	4%	3%
	# Project 9 Units T	1	177	18	40
Vintage EJ Poverty Level	FY Closed	2014	2015	2016	Total

Ethnicity

The progress made in reaching diverse communities is displayed in the following table.

TABLE 229. RESIDENTIAL SOLAR LEASE ACTIVITY BY ETHNICITY CATEGORY BY FY CLOSED

/intage Race Ethnicity Category	# Project Units	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	N N	% of Total MW % of Total
Majority Black	33	3%	\$1,136,570	5%	0.2	2%
Majority Hispanic	14	1%	\$422,183	1%	0.1	1%
Majority White	1,142	%96	\$44,763,736	92.6	9.5	97%
fotal	1.189	100%	\$46.322.488	100%	9.6	100%

Societal Benefits

Ratepayers in Connecticut continue to receive the societal benefits of the CT Solar Lease. The program has supported the creation of job years; generated tax revenue for the State of Connecticut; avoided lifetime emission of tons of carbon dioxide, pounds of nitrous oxide, pounds of sulfur oxide, and pounds of particulate matter; and provided public health savings. See Table 230 through Table 233 for impacts since program inception.

TABLE 230. RESIDENTIAL SOLAR LEASE JOB YEARS SUPPORTED BY FY CLOSED

Job Years Created

FY Closed	Direct	Indirect/Induced	Total
2014	19	31	50
2015	114	184	299
2016	88	141	228
Total	221	356	577

TABLE 231. RESIDENTIAL SOLAR LEASE TAX REVENUES GENERATED BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Individual Income Tax	Corporate Tax	Sales Tax	Property Tax	Total Tax
2014	\$79,924	\$12,914	\$0	50	\$92,838
2015	\$437,513	\$70,693	\$0	\$0	\$508,206
2016	\$338,688	\$54,725	50	\$0	\$393,413
Total	\$856,124	\$138,333	\$0	\$0	\$994,457

TABLE 232. RESIDENTIAL SOLAR LEASE AVOIDED EMISSIONS BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Annual CO2 (tons)	Lifetime CO2 (tons)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime CO2 (Tons)	Annual NOX (pounds)	Lifetime NOX (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime NOX (pounds)	Annual SO2 (pounds)	Lifetime SO2 (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime SO2 (pounds)	Annual PM2.5 (pounds)	Lifetime PMZ.5 (pounds)	Green Bank Investment (\$) / Lifetime PM2.5 (pounds)
2014	518	12,863	\$69.05	728	18,205	\$48.79	876	21,779	\$40.78	38	1,169	\$759.78
2015	3,198	79,765	\$60.95	3,906	97,201	\$50.02	3,931	97,913	\$49.66	255	6,983	\$696.26
2016	2,478	62,272	\$60.44	2,828	70,336	\$53.51	2,508	62,417	\$60.30	203	5,461	\$689.21
Total	6,194	154,900	\$61.42	7,462	185,742	\$51.22	7,315	182,109	\$52,24	496	13,613	\$698.89

TABLE 233. RESIDENTIAL SOLAR LEASE ECONOMIC VALUE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACT BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	Annual Public Health (Low)	Annual Public Health (High)	Lifetime Public Health (Low)	Lifetime Public Health (High)
2014	\$18,052	\$40,756	\$451,294	\$1,018,901
2015	\$108,138	\$244.145	\$2,703,438	\$6,103,637
2016	\$84,879	\$191,634	\$2,121,975	54,790,852
Total	\$211,068	\$476,536	\$5,276,707	\$11,913,390

Financing Program

The CT Solar Lease 2 fund was a financing structure developed in partnership with a tax equity investor (i.e., U.S. Bank) and a syndicate of local lenders (i.e. Key Bank and Webster Bank) that used a credit enhancement (i.e., \$3,500,000 loan loss reserve), 128 in combination with \$2.3 million in subordinated debt and \$11.5 million in sponsor equity from the Connecticut Green Bank as the "member manager" to provide approximately \$80 million in lease financing for residential and commercial solar PV projects. Through the product, the Connecticut Green Bank lowered the barriers to Connecticut residential and commercial customers seeking to install solar PV with no up-front investment, thus increasing demand, while at the same time reducing the market's reliance on subsidies through the RSIP or being more competitive in a reverse auction through the Zero Emission Renewable Energy Credit (ZREC) program. As a lease, capital provided to consumers through the CT Solar Lease is now being returned to the Connecticut Green Bank, the tax equity investor, and the lenders – it is not a subsidy. The financial structure of the CT Solar Lease product includes origination by contractors, servicing of lease and PPA payments, insurance and "one call" system performance and insurance resolution, and financing features in combination with the support of the Connecticut Green Bank.

Financial Performance

To date, there are 5 voluntary lease terminations due to various workmanship issues and squirrel damage with an outstanding principal balance of \$64,992 or 0.0048% of the Residential Solar Lease portfolio and one default valued at \$4,950 due to a property fire. As of June 30, 2025, there are 13 delinquencies totaling \$25,697, or 0.019% of the portfolio.

The household customers that accessed the CT Solar Lease since its launch in 2014 had varying credit scores – see Table 234.

TABLE 234. CREDIT SCORE RANGES OF HOUSEHOLD CUSTOMERS USING THE CT SOLAR LEASE BY FY CLOSED

¹²⁸ From repurposed American Recovery and Reinvestment Act funds

Credit Range	600-6	539	640-6	579	680-6	599	700-7	19	720-7	39	740-7	79	780	+	Unkno	own	Tot	al
FY Closed	# Projects	% of Total																
2014			4	496			5	5%	6	6%	25	23%	67	63%			107	100%
2015			26	496	23	4%	39	5%	38	6%	134	22%	348	57%	2	0%	610	100%
2016	1	0%	15	3%	16	3%	34	7%	41	9%	105	22%	258	55%	2	0%	472	100%
Total	1	0%	45	4%	39	3%	78	7%	85	7%	264	22%	673	57%	4	0%	1,189	100%

Marketing

To accelerate deployment of residential solar PV through the RSIP (See Case 12 – Residential Solar Investment Program (RSIP) (Closed)) and improve the uptake of the CT Residential Solar Lease financing product, the Connecticut Green Bank implemented the Solarize Connecticut program, which included group purchasing, imited offers, grassroots outreach, and support from local clean energy advocates who volunteered and coordinated with their towns to help speed the process – see Table 235.

The Green Bank also implemented channel marketing through residential and commercial solar installers who gained the ability to grow their businesses by providing the CT Residential Solar Lease product to their customers.

TABLE 235. NUMBER OF RESIDENTIAL PROJECTS, INVESTMENT, AND INSTALLED CAPACITY THROUGH GREEN BANK SOLARIZE CONNECTICUT FOR THE CT SOLAR LEASE FINANCING PRODUCT

Solarize	# Projects	% of Total	Total Investment	% of Total	kW	% of Total
Yes	324	27%	\$12,377,971	27%	2,538.9	27%
No	863	73%	\$33,858,707	73%	6,999.9	73%
	2	0%	\$85,810	0%	15.8	0%
Total	1,189	100%	\$46,322,488	100%	9,554.5	100%

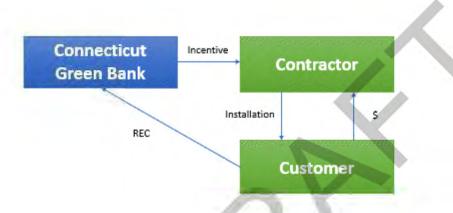
The Green Bank Solarize Connecticut program provided a marketing channel and origination catalyst for the CT Residential Solar Leases comprising 27 percent of the total projects, investment, and installed capacity.

Case 12 – Residential Solar Investment Program (RSIP) (Closed)

Description

The RSIP was a subsidy program that provided incentives to reduce the cost for homeowners to own solar photovoltaic (PV) systems or for third party owners (TPOs) to provide clean electricity from solar PV systems through leases or power purchase agreements (PPAs) with homeowners. Incentives were provided either upfront (i.e., through an expected performance-based buy-down or EPBB) for homeowner-owned systems or were paid out over time 129 based on system production (i.e., through a performance-based incentive or PBI and a low-and-moderate income performance-based incentive or LMI-PBI) for third-party owned projects. With either incentive type, the Connecticut Green Bank retained ownership of the Renewable Energy Credits (RECs) and other environmental attributes.

FIGURE 11. LEGAL STRUCTURE AND FLOWS OF CAPITAL FOR THE RSIP130



The subsidy under the RSIP decreased over time – see Table 236, supporting the goal of reducing market reliance on incentives while moving towards innovative low-cost financing and sustained orderly development.

In September 23, 2020, as RSIP was reaching its statutory target of 350 MW, the Board of Directors approved the RSIP Extension (RSIP-E), consisting of additional 32 MW of capacity over the RSIP statutory target, including up to 10 MW in Step 16 to ensure RSIP could achieve the 350 MW deployment goal of the public policy, and an additional 22 MW in Step 17 to support the residential solar PV industry toward achieving the sustained, orderly development in the context of COVID-19 impacts.

December 31, 2021, marked the official end of RSIP, and the transition to a tariff-based compensation for residential solar PV systems in the state.

On January 1, 2022, a production based (per kWh) tariff compensation became available to all solar PV customers, based on the requirements stipulated by Section 7 in PA 18-50, amended by PA 19-35, and

¹²⁹ The PBI is paid out quarterly over a period of six years.

¹³⁰ The Green Bank incentive is issued to the Contractor on behalf of the Customer. In the case of Third-Party Owned systems, RECs flow from the Contractor to the Connecticut Green Bank.

as developed and determined by PURA and stakeholders through continued docket processes. The program is called Residential Renewable Energy Solutions (RRES) Program and is being administered by the Electric Distribution Company (EDCs).

TABLE 236. RSIP AND RSIP-E SUBSIDY BY STEP AND INCENTIVE TYPE

DelD			EPBB (\$/M/)			PBI		MI Wb)
RSIP			(\$/W)		(\$/	kWh)	(⊅/ K	Wh)
Subsidy			5 to 10	>10 kW, ≤ 20		>10 kW,		>10 kW,
by Step	Start Date	≤5 kW	kW	kW	≤10 kW	≤ 20 kW	≤10 kW	≤ 20 kW
Step 1	3/2/2012	\$2.450	\$1.250	\$0.000	\$0.300	\$0.000	N/A	N/A
Step 2	5/8/2012	\$2.275	\$1.075	\$0.000	\$0.300	\$0.000	N/A	N/A
Step 3	1/4/2013 EPBB, 4/1/2013 PBI	\$1.750	\$0.550	\$0.000	\$0.225	\$0.000	N/A	N/A
Step 4	1/6/2014	\$1.250	\$0.750	\$0.000	\$0.180	\$0.000	N/A	N/A
Step 5	9/1/2014	\$0.8	300	\$0.400	\$0.125	\$0.060	N/A	N/A
Step 6	1/1/2015	\$0.6	675	\$0.400	\$0.080	\$0.060	N/A	N/A
Step 7	4/11/2015	\$0.	540	\$0.400	\$0.064	\$0.060	N/A	N/A
Step 8	8/8/2015	\$0.	540	\$0.400	\$0	0.054	\$0.110	\$0.055
Step 9	2/1/2016	\$0.	513	\$0.400	\$0	0.046	\$0.110	\$0.055
Step 10	9/1/2016	\$0.4	487	\$0.400	\$0	0.039	\$0.110	\$0.055
Step 11	8/1/2017	\$0.4	487	\$0.400	\$0	0.039	\$0.110	\$0.055
Step 12	1/15/2018	\$0.4	463	\$0.400	\$0	0.035	\$0.110	\$0.055
Step 13	6/1/2018	\$0.4	463	\$0.400	\$0	0.035	\$0.090	\$0.045
Step 14	9/24/2018	\$0.4	463	\$0.400	\$0	0.035	\$0.090	\$0.045
Step 15	1/15/2020	\$0.4	426	\$0.328	\$0	0.030	\$0.081	\$0.041
Step 16	10/28/2020	\$0.4	126	\$0.328	\$0	0.030	\$0.081	\$0.041
Step 17	1/30/2021	\$0.;	358	\$0.207	\$0	0.030	\$0.073	\$0.036

Key Performance Indicators

The Key Performance Indicators for RSIP closed activity are reflected in Table 237 through Table 242. These illustrate the volume of projects by year, investment, generation capacity installed, and the amount of energy saved and/or produced. They also present the volume of projects by energy efficiency, renewable generation, or both. It should be noted that as part of the requirements for receiving a RSIP incentive, an energy efficiency assessment must be conducted through the utility-administered Home Energy Solutions (HES) program, the DOE Home Energy Score, or RSIP-approved alternatives such as audits performed by BPI-certified professionals. Consequently, each RSIP project from solar PV (e.g. RE project) also includes Energy Efficiency (EE). The benefits from the EE measures (e.g., investment, savings, etc.) have not been calculated, as approximately 90% of energy efficiency assessments are conducted through the HES program for which benefits are tracked by the Connecticut Energy Efficiency

¹³¹ Non-HES audits were performed by Building Performance Institute (BPI) certified auditors, Home Energy Rating System (HERS) raters, other certified energy managers or were exempt due to being new construction or having a health and safety exemption.

Fund. 132 The Key Performance Indicators for RSIP only include the investment and impact of the renewable energy installation and not those associated with the energy audits.

TABLE 237. RSIP AND RSIP-E PROJECT TYPES AND INVESTMENT BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	RE	Total	FY Closed	Amount Financed	Total Investment	CGB Investment	Private Investment	Leverage Ratio
2012	288	288	2012	\$0	\$9,901,511	\$3,401,642	\$6,499,869	2.9
2013	1,109	1,109	2013	\$0	\$35,426,043	\$11,915,428	\$23,510,615	3.0
2014	2,384	2,384	2014	\$0	\$73,981,341	\$20,069,299	\$53,912,042	3.7
2015	6,378	6,378	2015	\$0	\$213,916,012	\$33,091,396	\$180,824,616	6.5
2016	6,784	6,784	2016	50	\$217,386,009	\$18,766,995	\$198,619,015	11.6
2017	4,444	4,444	2017	50	\$120,189,034	\$11,550,699	\$108,638,334	10,4
2018	5,150	5,150	2018	\$0	\$147,112,238	\$12,557,751	\$134,554,487	11.7
2019	6,466	6,466	2019	\$0	\$195,675,686	\$15,159,371	\$180,516,315	12.9
2020	6,798	6,798	2020	\$0	\$203,751,466	\$14,604,038	\$189,147,427	14.0
2021	5,073	5,073	2021	\$0	\$162,197,421	\$11,901,854	\$150,295,567	13.6
2022	1,467	1,467	2022	\$0	\$53,758,277	\$3,494,592	\$50,263,685	15.4
Total	46,341	46,341	Total	\$0	\$1,433,295,037	\$156,513,065	\$1,276,781,972	9.2

TABLE 238. RSIP AND RSIP-E PROJECT CAPACITY, GENERATION AND SAVINGS BY FY CLOSED

FY Closed	kW	Expected Annual Generation (kWh)	Expected Lifetime Generation (MWh)	Annual Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	Lifetime Energy Saved/Produced (MMBtu)	Annual Cost Savings	Lifetime Cost Savings
2012	1,940.2	2,209,534	55,238	7,539	188,473	\$345,254	\$8,631,360
2013	7,890.4	8,985,553	224,639	30,659	766,468	\$1,329,469	\$33,236,730
2014	17,152.2	19,532,891	488,322	66,646	1,666,156	\$2,857,939	\$71,448,480
2015	48,601,2	55,347,069	1,383,677	188,844	4,721,105	\$7,645,946	\$191,148,660
2016	53,172.8	60,553,196	1,513,830	206,608	5,165,188	\$8,132,659	\$203,316,480
2017	34,624.5	39,430,426	985,761	134,537	3,363,415	\$5,327,467	\$133,186,680
2018	41,786.4	47,586,307	1.189,658	162,364	4,059,112	\$6,173,820	\$154,345,500
2019	54,970.8	62,600,758	1,565,019	213,594	5,339,845	\$7,751,441	\$193,786,020
2020	57,366.3	65,328,742	1,633,219	222,902	5,572,542	\$8,149,442	\$203,736,060
2021	46,038.8	52,429,031	1,310,726	178,888	4,472,196	\$6,081,512	\$152,037,810
2022	14,307.5	16,293,392	407,335	55,593	1,389,826	\$1,758,640	\$43,965,990
Total	377,851.2	430,296,901	10,757,423	1,468,173	36,704,326	\$55,553,591	\$1,388,839,770

TABLE 239, RSIP AND RSIP-E PROJECT AVERAGES BY FY CLOSED

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¹³² RSIP-wide, an estimated 90% of audits performed were either HES audits or DOE Home Energy Scores (HES). In FY20, 95% of audits were either HES or DOE HES.

CONNECTICUT GREEN BANK 6. PROGRAMS – RESIDENTIAL SOLAR INVESTMENT

FY Closed	Average kW	Average Annual MMBTU Produced / Saved	Average Investment	Average Incentive Amount	Incentive / Watt	Cost / Watt	Incentive % of Cost	Average Net Cost to Customer
2012	6.7	26	\$34,380	\$11,811	\$1.75	\$5.10	34%	\$22,569
2013	7.1	28	\$31,944	\$10,744	\$1.51	\$4.49	34%	\$21,200
2014	7.2	28	\$31,032	\$8,418	\$1.17	\$4.31	27%	\$22,614
2015	7.6	30	\$33,540	\$5,188	\$0.68	\$4.40	15%	\$28,351
2016	7.8	30	\$32,044	\$2,766	\$0.35	\$4.09	9%	\$29,278
2017	7.8	30	\$27,045	\$2,599	\$0.33	\$3.47	10%	\$24,446
2018	8.1	32	\$28,565	\$2,438	\$0.30	\$3.52	9%	\$26,127
2019	8.5	33	\$30,262	\$2,344	\$0.28	\$3.56	8%	\$27,918
2020	8.4	33	\$29,972	\$2,148	\$0.25	\$3.55	7%	\$27,824
2021	9.1	35	\$31,973	\$2,346	\$0.26	\$3.52	7%	\$29,627
2022	9.8	38	\$36,645	\$2,382	\$0.24	\$3.76	7%	\$34,263
Total	8.2	32	\$30,929	\$3,377	\$0.41	\$3.79	11%	\$27,552

TABLE 240. RSIP AND RSIP-E PROJECT APPLICATION YIELD 133 BY FY RECEIVED

Yield Status FY Received	Approved Status	Denied Status	Withdrawn Status	Total Status	Approved Rate	Denied Rate
2012	291	39	52	382	90%	10%
2013	1,137	17	125	1,279	99%	1%
2014	2,518	15	256	2,789	99%	1%
2015	6,401	20	1,449	7,870	100%	0%
2016	6,723	30	1,958	8,711	100%	0%
2017	4,404	35	870	5,309	99%	1%
2018	5,076	38	1,498	6,612	99%	1%
2019	6,538	12	2,459	9,009	100%	0%
2020	6,739	4	2,360	9,103	100%	0%
2021	5,096	16	2,732	7,844	100%	0%
2022	1,418	15	632	2,065	99%	1%
Total	46,341	241	14,391	60,973	100%	0%

¹³³ Applications Received are applications for incentives submitted to RSIP for review. Applications in Review are submitted applications yet to be reviewed, approved, or rejected. Applications Withdrawn are those that have been withdrawn by the submitter due to the need for corrections. Applications Denied are those that are not approved for an incentive because the project does not meet RSIP requirements. Applications Cancelled include projects that: (1) were rejected due to need for corrections and not resubmitted and successfully approved, (2) expired before the project was installed, or (3) did not move forward (e.g., customer cancellation) and the contractor cancelled the project. The Approved Rate reflects the number of Applications Approved relative to the number of Applications Received.